

Superior Court of California County of Mendocino



Local Rules Effective January 6, 2022

The following rules of court for the Superior Court of California, County of Mendocino, are adopted pursuant to Government Code 68070 and Code of Civil Procedure §§ 128 and 187 effective January 6, 2022, and replace all rules previously adopted by the Superior Court of California, County of Mendocino.

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Summary of Changes	
Rule:	Changes:
1.7	Wording added.
1.9	Form name and number updated; Wording added. Wording amended.
1.10	New rule.
1.11	New rule.
1.12	New rule.
1.13	Renumbered. Former rule 1.10. Wording added.
1.14	Renumbered. Former rule 1.11.
1.15	Renumbered. Former rule 1.12.
1.16	Renumbered. Former rule 1.13.
1.17	Renumbered. Former rule 1.14.
1.18	Renumbered. Former rule 1.15.
1.19	Renumbered. Former rule 1.16.
1.20	Renumbered. Former rule 1.17.
1.21	Renumbered. Former rule 1.18.
1.22	Renumbered. Former rule 1.19.
1.23	Renumbered. Former rule 1.20.
1.24	Renumbered. Former rule 1.21.
1.25	Renumbered. Former rule 1.22.
1.26	Renumbered. Former rule 1.23.
1.27	Renumbered. Former rule 1.24.
1.28	Renumbered. Former rule 1.25.
1.29	Renumbered. Former rule 1.26.
1.30	Renumbered. Former rule 1.27.
1.31	Renumbered. Former rule 1.28.
1.32	Renumbered. Former rule 1.29.
1.33	Renumbered. Former rule 1.30.
1.34	Renumbered. Former rule 1.31.
1.35	Renumbered. Former rule 1.32.
1.36	Renumbered. Former rule 1.33.
1.37	Renumbered. Former rule 1.34.
1.38	Renumbered. Former rule 1.35.
1.39	Renumbered. Former rule 1.36.
1.40	Renumbered. Former rule 1.37.
2.1	Wording added.
4.2	Wording amended.
4.3	Title updated.

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Summary of Changes	
Rule:	Changes:
4.4	Rule reference updated.
4.5	Wording amended.
4.9	Wording amended.
Chapter 5 Introduction	Wording amended.
5.8	New rule.
5.9	Renumbered. Former rule 5.8.
5.10	Renumbered. Former rule 5.9.
5.11	Renumbered. Former rule 5.10.
5.12	Renumbered. Former rule 5.11.
5.13	Renumbered. Former rule 5.12.
5.14	Renumbered. Former rule 5.13.
5.15	Renumbered. Former rule 5.14.
5.16	Renumbered. Former rule 5.15.
5.17	Renumbered. Former rule 5.16.
5.18	Renumbered. Former rule 5.17.
5.19	Renumbered. Former rule 5.18.
5.20	Renumbered. Former rule 5.19.
5.21	Renumbered. Former rule 5.20.
5.22	Renumbered. Former rule 5.21.
5.23	Renumbered. Former rule 5.22.
6.1	Old rule deleted. Renumbered. Former rule 6.2.
6.2	Old rule deleted. Renumbered. Former rule 6.14.
6.3	Old rule deleted. Renumbered. Former rule 6.15. Wording amended.
6.4	Old rule deleted. Renumbered. Former rule 6.16. Wording amended.
6.5	Old rule deleted. Renumbered. Former rule 6.17. Wording amended.
6.6	Old rule deleted.
6.7	Old rule deleted.
6.8	Old rule deleted.
6.9	Old rule deleted.
6.10	Old rule deleted.
6.11	Old rule deleted.
6.12	Old rule deleted.
6.13	Old rule deleted.
6.14	Renumbered to rule 6.2.
6.15	Renumbered to rule 6.3.

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Summary of Changes	
Rule:	Changes:
6.16	Renumbered to rule 6.4.
6.17	Renumbered to rule 6.5.
Forms:	Changes:
MCR-115	Old form number MMC-320. Wording amended.
MCV-101	Wording amended.
MEX-170	New form.
MEX-175	New form.
MEX-180	New form.
MEX-185	New form.
MFL-250	Wording amended.
MFL-270	Wording amended.
MJV-115	New form.

Chapter 1: General Court Rules

General Rules

1.1 Citation

These rules will be known and cited as the, “Local Rules of the Superior Court of California, County of Mendocino,” and at all times be supplementary to and subject to statutes, the California Rules of Court, and any rules adopted by the Judicial Council of California, and will be construed and applied so they do not conflict with such rules and statutes.

(Effective 1/1/99; amended 7/1/08; renumbered 7/1/19)

1.2 Failure to Comply with Local Rules or Orders of the Court

In the event of any failure to comply with the local rules, the California Rules of Court, or any order of the court related thereto, the court may impose upon the offending party, attorney, or both, sanctions which may include, but are not limited to, requiring the filing of an attorney’s compliance statement, attorney’s case schedule, monetary sanctions, attorney’s fees, expenses, striking pleadings, entering the default of any party, dismissal of the action, and/or contempt, and any other sanctions authorized by Government Code § 68609(d) and any other statute.

(Effective 1/1/99; amended 1/1/03; renumbered & amended 7/1/08; renumbered 1/1/10; renumbered 7/1/19)

1.3 Administration of the Courts

- a. **Location.** Sessions of the court will be held in Ukiah and Fort Bragg, California.
- b. **Sessions of the Court.** Court sessions are established to provide the most efficient operation of the court for the benefit of the public. At the courts discretion, calendared matters or court sessions may change.
- c. **Complaints Regarding: Bias or Sexual Harassment.** Court employees and judicial officers will not engage in any conduct or activity that causes or contributes to bias or sexual harassment in the court system. Any person who observes or believes he or she has been subjected to bias or sexual harassment must immediately report the incident to Court Administration.
- d. **Emergencies and Evacuations.** The Mendocino County Sheriff’s Department will be responsible for the welfare and security of all occupants and visitors in the courthouse facilities. All judicial officers and staff must follow the directions of the Sheriff’s Department in the event of an emergency and/or evacuation.

The Sheriff’s Department will have all the authority to order an evacuation as authorized under Penal Code § 409.5.

(Effective 7/1/19; amended 7/1/21)

1.4 Courtroom Conduct

- a. **Attorney Conduct.** Attorneys who appear in court will be respectful of the court, its judicial officers, and staff. Further, attorneys will behave in a polite and professional manner toward opposing counsel, opposing parties, witnesses, and members of the court staff. Attorneys must be familiar with the rules and guidelines set forth in these local rules as well as other applicable statutes and rules of conduct, ethics, and professionalism. Finally, attorneys will make reasonable efforts to advise clients, witnesses, and others accompanying them of these rules.
- b. **Additional Persons in the Courtroom.** Persons in the courtroom will not talk to court staff when court is in session unless they are asked to do so by a judge or staff member. They will not converse with anyone in a manner that is distracting to the proceedings before the court. They will not eat or drink in the courtroom. They will not visibly or audibly display approval, disapproval, agreement or disagreement with any testimony, ruling or statement of the court, parties or witnesses.
- c. **Attire.** No person will appear in court unless properly attired and will not appear in court barefoot, with a bare midriff or wearing sunglasses, hats, shorts, tank tops or any clothing that displays inappropriate words or pictures. Attorneys will wear business attire.

This rule does not limit the power of any judicial officer to further prescribe appropriate attire in the courtroom.

- d. **Court Telephones and Cellular Phone.** No one other than a judicial officer or court staff will use a courtroom telephone without the express permission of the court.

Cellular phones will not be used to place calls in the courtroom at any time. All ring tones, alerts, and alarms must be silenced when in the courtroom.

(Effective 7/1/19)

1.5 Communications to Court or Jury

- a. Counsel will instruct their staff, clients, witnesses, and other related persons not to have communication with court staff pertaining to the pending litigation unless it is on the record with all parties present.
- b. Counsel will instruct their clients, witnesses, and others associated with the case to have no communication whatsoever with any juror or alternate juror.

(Effective 1/1/99; renumbered 7/1/08; renumbered 1/1/19; renumbered & amended 7/1/19)

1.6 Case Initiation and Assignment

a. Civil Case Initiation

1. The following civil case types may be filed and heard in the Ukiah or the Ten Mile court locations:
 - a. Limited and unlimited civil proceedings;
 - b. Probate proceedings;
 - c. Family law proceedings.
2. The following case types must be filed and heard only in the Ukiah court location:
 - a. Conservatorships under the Lanterman-Petris-Short Act (LPS cases);
 - b. Qui Tam actions under the False Claims Act (Government Code §§ 12650-12656); and
 - c. Proceedings under Public Resources Code § 21000 et.seq. for issues under the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA cases).

b. Case Assignment

1. The court may order the transfer of a case from one branch of the court to the other for a limited purpose (i.e., a particular hearing, for mediation, etc.), or for all purposes.
2. Jury trials set in Ten Mile will not be transferred to Ukiah absent a written motion with appropriate notice and hearing before the court. A stipulation to transfer will not be effective without approval of the presiding judge.

(Effective 1/1/18; renumbered 1/1/19; renumbered & amended 7/1/19; amended 7/1/21)

1.7 Filing of Documents

a. Electronic Filing

1. **Transmission of Electronically Filed Documents through Electronic Filing Service Providers (EFSP):** The court does not authorize any direct electronically filed transmissions to the court of any document. Electronic filing of documents must be done through one of the court's authorized EFSPs. The court's electronic filing procedures and requirements, including identification of its EFSPs, are available on the court's website and at the clerk's office. An EFSP may require payment

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of a convenience fee and/or transaction fee and/or impose other reasonable requirements as conditions for processing the electronic filing of a document. The court may also charge a technology fee, up to \$2.00 per transaction, to defray the cost of technology needed to support the e-filing program.

2. **Exemptions from Mandatory Electronic Filing Requirements.** Pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure § 1010.6(d)(4) and California Rules of Court rule 2.253(b)(1), self-represented litigants are exempt from mandatory electronic filing requirements but are permitted and encouraged to electronically file documents if they choose.

A party that is subject to mandatory electronic filing may seek to be excused from such requirement by submitting a Request for Exemption from Mandatory Electronic Filing and Service, Judicial Council form EFS-007, and obtaining a court order granting the request.

3. **Case Types Subject to Mandatory Electronic Filing.** With the exception of self-represented parties, the court requires electronic filing of court documents in the following case types:

- a. All documents in felony, misdemeanor, and infraction criminal actions for cases heard in criminal court, with the exception of pre-filing criminal documents (e.g. search warrants, affidavits, etc)
- b. All civil limited actions
- c. All unlawful detainer actions
- d. All civil unlimited actions, including class actions, coordinated actions, and cases designated as complex pursuant to CRC 3.400 et seq.
- e. All family law actions
- f. All probate actions
- g. All juvenile delinquency and juvenile dependency actions
- h. All appellate division matters
- i. All mental health actions

Pursuant to California Rules of Court rule 2.252(e), in a proceeding that requires the filing of an original document, an electronic filer may file an electronic copy of a document if the original document is then filed with the court within 10 calendar days.

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The court requires that Judicial Council of California form [EFS-020, Proposed Order \(Cover Sheet\)](#), be attached to all proposed orders submitted in all case types.

4. **Electronic Document Format Requirements.** Electronic documents must be submitted in searchable PDF format with searchable PDF/A as the preferred format. PDF/A is a format which excludes features that give rise to concerns about the ability to archive documents. New scanners allow users to directly create a PDF/A. Filers with older scanners can use a conversion tool (such as Acrobat 9) to convert scanned documents to PDF/A.

5. **Exhibits.** Exhibits must be filed five (5) business days before the hearing and must be served on all parties.

E-filed exhibits must be submitted in the format required in 1.7(a)(4) along with the [Exhibit Cover Sheet \(MEX-170\)](#). Transcripts for audio exhibits must be included with the initial filing of the audio exhibit.

Exhibits filed with the court in other electronic formats (flash drive, CD, etc.) must be in the format required in 1.7(a)(4) and filed with the [Electronic Media Exhibit Cover Sheet \(MEX-175\)](#). They must be clearly labeled with the following: the case name, the case number, and the hearing date, time, and department. Transcripts for audio exhibits must be included with the initial filing of the audio exhibit.

6. **Documents Not Authorized to be Filed Electronically.**

- a. In all actions: *ex parte* applications and all other *ex parte* filings, orders of examination; administrative records; documents responsive to subpoenas duces tecum; bonds and undertakings; out-of-state commissions; out-of-state judgments, subpoenas for out-of-state actions;
- b. In all actions: motions and/or declarations for disqualification of a judge pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure § 170.1 or 170.3 and peremptory challenges pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure § 170.6;
- c. In all actions: documents from health care providers and/or mental health professionals ordered by the court;
- d. In all actions: documents submitted to the court by the California Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation (CDCR), Department of State Hospitals (DSH), State Adoptions and other licensed adoption agencies;
- e. In probate actions: original wills; original codicils; documents lodged pursuant to Probate Code § 2620; letters of administration; letters of testamentary; certified copies of death certificates; letters

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of conservatorship or temporary conservatorship; letters of guardianship or temporary guardianship;

- f. In civil actions: mandatory settlement conference statements;
 - g. In criminal actions: all documents filed before the complaint or original charging document;
 - h. In juvenile actions: request for disclosure of juvenile records.
7. **E-filing Deadline for Cases on Calendar the Next Day in Criminal, Juvenile Delinquency, and Juvenile Dependency Cases.** E-filing parties and their counsel must comply with all filing deadlines in State law, California Rules of Court, and these local rules. In addition, if parties or their counsel are filing criminal, juvenile delinquency or juvenile dependency documents on the day before a matter is on calendar, the documents must be e-filed no later than 3:00 pm.
8. **E-filing Deadline for Cases on Calendar in Civil, Family Law, and Probate Cases.** Documents in civil, family law, and probate cases must be e-filed no later than two (2) full business days prior to the court hearing.
9. **Return of E-filed documents.** Documents that have been e-filed will be processed and returned by the clerk's office within two (2) business days.
10. **Matters Requiring Immediate Judicial Attention:** Matters requiring judicial attention within one (1) business day must be filed in-person at the clerk's office and must not be e-filed.
- b. **Tribal Court Protective Orders.** Tribal Court Protective Orders that are entitled to be registered under Family Code § 6404 may be filed directly with the clerk's office by email at tribal.orders@mendocino.courts.ca.gov pursuant to California Rules of Court rules 2.300 – 2.305, and 5.386.
- c. **Conforming Copies.** The court clerk will conform three (3) copies of any document at the time of filing.
- d. **Drop Box – Ukiah.** Self-represented litigants filing civil, family law, and probate pleadings in Ukiah may place their documents into a drop box in lieu of standing in line at the clerk's window. Matters requiring immediate judicial attention (i.e. requests for temporary orders, requests for restraining orders based on domestic violence or civil harassment, *ex parte* filings, etc.) should not be deposited in the drop box.

Self-represented parties may place their pleadings in the drop box located on the main floor of the Ukiah courthouse throughout the business day. Documents date and time stamped on or before 5:00 p.m. will be filed as of the date received. Documents **not** date and time stamped will be filed the next business day regardless of when the documents were placed in the drop box. The clerk will

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conform three (3) copies of each document and place the conformed copies in either the public pick up basket located in room 107 or return by regular mail if a self-addressed stamped envelope is provided. A self-addressed envelope of sufficient size, with sufficient postage affixed, is required for mailing of file documents to the filing party. Filed documents that do not have return envelopes with sufficient postage will be retained in the clerk's office for 30 days from the date of filing. If unclaimed, the documents will be destroyed.

If a courtesy copy is required for the filing and has not been provided, the clerk will retain one (1) conformed copy as the courtesy copy.

Incomplete documents, documents without the appropriate filing fees (if applicable), or documents submitted in error will be returned to the filing party unprocessed. Filing parties assume the risk for documents deposited in the drop box in lieu of being filed directly with the clerk.

When placing documents in the drop box, filing parties will:

1. Use the electronic time stamp located on top of the drop box to stamp documents with the date and time on the back of the last page.
2. Ensure that documents are in order and securely clipped together or placed in an envelope.
3. Securely affix checks or money orders, with the appropriate fees, to the front of the documents. Do NOT attach cash to documents deposited in the drop box.

e. **“Courtesy Copies” for Specified Court Hearings**

The court encourages litigants or their counsel to email courtesy copies of filed documents to the court and all parties to the matter. The use of a file hosting service such as “Dropbox” will be permitted provided there is no cost to the court or other litigants. Electronic delivery of courtesy copies is encouraged.

Electronic delivery of courtesy copies is not a substitute for filing and service as required by the Code of Civil Procedures, the Penal Code, and the California Rules of Court. All departments will accept electronic delivery of courtesy copies.

Generic email addresses have been established for courtesy copies. The transmitting email and attached copies are to be sent to each department as follows:

DepartmentA@mendocino.courts.ca.gov

DepartmentB@mendocino.courts.ca.gov

DepartmentC@mendocino.courts.ca.gov

DepartmentCS@mendocino.courts.ca.gov (Child Support cases only)

DepartmentE@mendocino.courts.ca.gov

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DepartmentF@mendocino.courts.ca.gov

DepartmentG@mendocino.courts.ca.gov

DepartmentH@mendocino.courts.ca.gov

DepartmentTM@mendocino.courts.ca.gov

Emailed courtesy copies must conform to the following specifications:

1. All courtesy copies must be exact electronic copies of the documents as filed with the court
2. Only documents in PDF format will be accepted
3. The transmitting email and attached courtesy copies must be copied to all parties who have provided an email address
4. Emailed documents must have a file name in the following uniform format:

[case number].[short title of document].[date of hearing].pdf
For example, 1234567.OppositiontoDemurrer.010116.pdf
5. The combined size of the email and all attachments cannot exceed 25 megabytes (MB)
6. The court will not read or consider any text included in the email.

(Effective 7/1/21; amended 1/1/22)

1.8 Application for Waiver of Court Fees

- a. Pursuant to California Rules of Court rule 3.50, parties may submit an application for a fee waiver if they meet the standards of eligibility set forth in Government Code §§ 68632 and 68633.
- b. Applicants for a waiver of court fees must file a completed Judicial Council of California form, [Request to Waive Court Fee \(FW-001\)](#), along with a prepared [Order on Court Fee Waiver \(FW-003\)](#).
- c. Court Clerks are authorized to grant initial fee waiver applications that meet the standards noted in section (a) of this local rule.

(Effective 1/1/20)

1.9 Remote Proceedings

- a. Effective January 1, 2022, pursuant to the newly enacted Code of Civil Procedure § 367.75, remote proceedings requirements differ between criminal and civil proceedings. Civil cases, as defined in California Rules of Court rule 1.6, include all cases except criminal cases and petitions for habeas corpus. For remote proceedings requirements in criminal cases, see local rule 1.10. For remote

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proceedings requirements in civil cases, see local rule 1.11. For remote proceeding requirements in juvenile dependency cases, see local rule 1.12.

- b. Civil and juvenile dependency hearings set on calendar prior to January 1, 2022 with a hearing date on or before February 28, 2022 are not subject to remote proceeding requirements in local rules 1.11 or 1.12. All civil and juvenile dependency hearings set on calendar on or after January 1, 2022 must comply with provisions of this rule and local rules 1.11 and 1.12.
- c. “Remote appearances” means the appearance at a court hearing using remote technology by a party, defendant, attorney, witness, victim, or others (social workers, tribal representatives, CASA, other experts.). Information on remote appearances can be found on the Remote Appearance page of the court’s public website.
- d. “Remote proceeding” means a proceeding conducted in whole or in part using remote technology.
- e. “Remote technology” means technology that provides for the transmission of video and audio signals or audio signals alone, including, but not limited to, a computer, tablet, telephone, cellphone, or other electronic communication device.
- f. **Telephonic Appearance Requirements.** Telephonic appearances require sufficient connectivity and an indoor location with limited background noise and distraction. It is the sole responsibility of the party appearing by telephone to ensure the above criteria are met. The court may continue the hearing and require an in-person appearance if clear communication is not possible by phone or if there is a distraction or disturbance that interferes with the hearing. See the Remote Appearance page on the court’s website for technical requirements and other instructions.
- g. **Video Appearance Requirements.** Video appearances require sufficient internet speed and connectivity to stream video, a device capable of capturing and displaying a clear audio and visual stream, and an indoor location with limited background noise and distraction. It is the sole responsibility of the party appearing by video to ensure the above criteria are met. The court may continue the hearing and require an in-person appearance if clear communication is not possible by video or if there is a distraction or disturbance that interferes with the hearing. See the Remote Appearance page on the court’s website for technical requirements and other instructions.
- h. **Court’s Discretion to Require In-Person Appearances.** Nothing limits the court’s ability to order personal appearance instead of a remote appearance. The court retains full discretion to conclude a remote appearance on its own motion and reschedule the hearing for another date and time due to delay or other concern due to disruption, noise, misconduct, a communication problem, a technical problem, other issue, or in the interest of justice.

If the court determines on a hearing-by-hearing basis that an in-person appearance would materially assist in the determination of the proceeding or in the effective

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management or resolution of the case, the court may order an in-person appearance.

- i. **Appearance in Person after Requesting a Remote Appearance.** In civil and juvenile dependency proceedings, a party that has given notice that it intends to appear remotely may instead choose to appear in person. If the proceeding is an evidentiary hearing or trial, the party must provide reasonable notice of the in-person appearance to the court and the other parties who have appeared in the case.
- j. **General Rules and Requirements.** Participants must:
 1. Ensure that they have sufficient battery power for the entire hearing. Access to charging equipment is recommended. Parties must also ensure that they have access to a sufficiently strong internet connection for the duration of the hearing. If appearing by telephone, a land line is preferred, but if using a cellular phone, the cellular connection must be strong enough to enable the court and other parties to hear the entire duration of the call.
 2. Eliminate ambient or distracting noises and ensure consistent lighting during the hearing.
 3. Connect to the court session at least five (5) minutes before the scheduled court appearance.
 4. Mute their device and not speak until it is clear that it is their turn to speak or their case is called.
 5. Speak directly into the microphone on the device used to connect to the court session. Participants must identify themselves each time they speak, speak slowly, and avoid interrupting others.
 6. Participate with the same degree of courtesy, decorum, use of appropriate language, and courtroom etiquette as required for an in-person appearance. If appearing by video, participants must dress appropriately in the same manner as they would for an in-person court appearance.
 7. Not record or broadcast the remote appearance in compliance with California Rules of Court rule 1.150. Existing rules and procedures regarding the making of the record via court reporter or electronic device, or for obtaining a transcript after the hearing apply to video appearances. A violation of this local rule may result in the imposition of sanctions set forth in California Rules of Court rule 1.150(f).
 8. Offer any exhibits that the parties wish to present via e-filing five (5) business days before the hearing. E-filed exhibits must be served on all parties. Self-represented litigants who are not e-filing their documents must serve their exhibits on the opposing party and file exhibits with the clerk's office two (2) business days before the hearing.

E-filed exhibits must be submitted in standard format required in 1.7(a)(4) with the [Exhibit Cover Sheet \(MEX-170\)](#). Transcripts for audio exhibits must be included with the initial filing of the audio exhibit.

Exhibits filed in other electronic format (flash drive, CD, etc.) must be in standard format required in 1.7(a)(4) and filed with the [Electronic Media Exhibit Cover Sheet \(MEX-175\)](#). They must be clearly labeled with the following: the case name, the case number, and the hearing date, time, and department. Transcripts for audio exhibits must be included with the initial filing of the audio exhibit.

(Effective 7/1/21; amended 1/1/22; amended pursuant to CO-21-05 1/5/22)

1.10 Remote Proceedings in Criminal Matters

- a. **Remote Appearances where Prior Judicial Approval is Required.** Criminal out-of-custody defendants may appear remotely only with prior written authorization from the court. Defendants must file a [Request for Remote Appearance in a Criminal Proceeding \(MCR-115\)](#) with the clerk no later than noon two (2) business days prior to the hearing to request a remote appearance. Such requests must be approved by the judge hearing the matter. Defendants must contact the court by 1:00 pm the day before the hearing to find out whether the request is granted or denied. If the request has been denied or if the court clerk has not received the judge's ruling, the defendant must appear in person.
- b. **Remote Appearances where Prior Judicial Approval is Not Required.** Defense attorneys may appear remotely for pretrial and post-judgment proceedings with their client or on behalf of their client pursuant to Penal Code § 977. Attorneys are required to establish a mechanism to confidentially communicate with their client when their client is appearing remotely.

In-custody defendants will appear remotely from the institution where they are incarcerated unless they have been ordered to appear in person by the court.

The District Attorney's Office, Probation Department, expert witnesses, and law enforcement officers may appear remotely for pretrial and post-judgment proceedings.

- c. **Long Cause Evidentiary Hearings, Preliminary Hearings, Court Trials, and Jury Trials.** Generally, criminal defendants must appear in person for evidentiary hearings and trials. If, at the court's discretion, evidentiary hearings or trials are to be conducted with remote appearance by the defendant, the court must obtain the consent of the defendant as to the waiver of the defendant's appearance, as defined in Judicial Council's Emergency Rule 5(c).

(Effective pursuant to CO-21-05 1/5/22)

1.11 Remote Proceedings in Civil Matters

- a. **Applicability of Rule 1.11.** See Rule 1.9 for general information and requirements for remote proceedings.

Civil hearings set on calendar prior to January 1, 2022, with a hearing date on or before February 28, 2022, are not subject to remote proceeding requirements in this Rule. All civil hearings set on calendar on or after January 1, 2022 must comply with provisions of Rule 1.11.

- b. **Remote Proceedings other than Evidentiary Hearings or Trials.**

1. Required Notice

- a. Time of Notice for a Hearing with at Least Three Days' Notice.

A party choosing to appear remotely in a proceeding set to occur within three business days must provide notice of the party's intent to appear remotely within two business days before the proceeding.

The party choosing remote appearance must file with the court a Judicial Council Form [Notice of Remote Appearance \(RA-010\)](#) and serve notice on all other parties or persons entitled to receive notice. Service must be by any means authorized by law to ensure delivery at least two business days prior to the proceeding, including email service, if parties or their counsel have consented to such service.

If after receiving notice from a party choosing remote appearance, a person who has not given notice also decides to appear remotely may do so by notifying the court and all others who have appeared in the action by no later than noon one business day before the proceeding.

- b. Time of Notice for a Hearing with Less Than Three Days' Notice.

A party choosing to appear remotely in a proceeding occurring in less than three business days must provide notice as follows:

The party choosing remote appearance must notify the court and all persons entitled to receive notice by serving and filing a Judicial Council Form [Notice of Remote Appearance \(RA-010\)](#) along with the application or pleadings for the proceeding.

Any party other than the applicant or moving party that chooses to appear remotely must provide notice of their intent to the court and all other parties that have appeared in the action no later than noon on the business day before the proceeding. If the notice is oral, it must be given in person or by telephone. If notice is in writing, it must be filed with the court on [Notice of Remote Appearance \(RA-](#)

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[010](#)) and served on all other parties or persons entitled to receive notice. Service must be by any means authorized by law to ensure delivery no later than noon on the business day prior to the proceeding. Service by email is authorized if parties or their counsel have consented to such service.

The parties filing the notice shall also provide a courtesy copy of this form to the department hearing the case, pursuant to local rule 1.7(e).

c. Remote proceedings for Evidentiary Hearings or Trials.

1. Court's Notice of Remote Proceeding

Lanterman-Petris-Short conservatorship hearings and trials are typically calendared as remote proceedings:

A party may file Judicial Council Form [Opposition to Remote Proceedings at Evidentiary Hearing or Trial \(RA-015\)](#) to request that the court disallow remote appearance for a such a hearing or trial.

2. Party's Notice of Remote Proceeding.

This rule applies except in juvenile dependency proceedings; hearings and trials in which the court has determined that remote appearances are suitable in (c)(1) above; or if the court has granted special permission to a party upon a finding of good cause, unforeseen circumstances or that the remote appearance would promote access to justice.

a. Time of Notice for Hearing or Trial with At Least 15 Days' Notice.

A party choosing to appear remotely at an evidentiary hearing or trial set to occur at least fifteen business days later must provide notice of the party's intent to appear remotely.

The party choosing remote appearance must file with the court a [Notice of Remote Appearance \(RA-010\)](#) and serve notice on all other parties or persons entitled to receive notice at least ten business days before the hearing or trial. Service must be by any means authorized by law, including email service, if parties or their counsel have consented to such service.

If after receiving notice from a party choosing remote appearance, a person who has not given notice also decides to appear remotely may do so by filing with the court a [Notice of Remote Appearance \(RA-010\)](#) and serving all others who have appeared in the action by no later than five business day before the evidentiary hearing or trial.

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b. Time of Notice for Hearing or Trial Held in Less Than 15 Days.

A party choosing to appear remotely at an evidentiary hearing or trial set to occur in less than fifteen business days, including hearings on restraining orders and protective orders, must provide notice of the party's intent to appear remotely.

- i. If the hearing or trial is set to occur with at least three business days' notice, the party choosing remote appearance must file with the court a [Notice of Remote Appearance \(RA-010\)](#) and serve notice on all other parties or persons entitled to receive notice. Service must be by any means authorized by law to ensure delivery at least two business days prior to the proceeding, including email service, if parties or their counsel have consented to such service.

If after receiving notice from a party choosing remote appearance, a person who has not given notice also decides to appear remotely may do so by notifying the court and all others who have appeared in the action by no later than noon one business day before the proceeding.

- ii. If the hearing or trial is set to occur in less than three business days, the party choosing remote appearance must notify the court and all persons entitled to receive notice by serving and filing a [Notice of Remote Appearance \(RA-010\)](#) along with the application or pleadings for the proceeding; or,

Any party other than the applicant or moving party that chooses to appear remotely must provide notice of their intent to the court and all other parties that have appeared in the action no later than noon on the business day before the proceeding. If the notice is oral, it must be given in person or by telephone. If notice is in writing, it must be filed with the court on [Notice of Remote Appearance \(RA-010\)](#) and served on all other parties or persons entitled to receive notice. Service must be by any means authorized by law to ensure delivery no later than noon on the business day prior to the proceeding. Service by email is authorized if parties or their counsel have consented to such service.

The parties filing the notice must provide a courtesy copy of this form to the department hearing the case, pursuant to local rule 1.7(e).

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3. Opposition to Remote Proceedings.

In response to a notice of a remote proceeding for an evidentiary hearing or trial, a party may make a showing to the court as to why a remote appearance should not be allowed by filing on the court Judicial Council Form [Opposition to Remote Proceedings at Evidentiary Hearing or Trial \(RA-015\)](#) and serving such Opposition on all parties to the action at least five business days before the hearing or trial for which the party receives at least fifteen days' notice; or by noon on the business day before the hearing or trial for which the party receives less than fifteen days' notice.

The parties filing the opposition must provide a courtesy copy of this form to the department hearing the case, pursuant to local rule 1.7(e).

4. Court Determination on Opposition.

In determining whether to conduct an evidentiary hearing or trial in whole or in part through the use of remote technology over opposition, the court shall consider the following factors:

- a. that an in-person appearance would materially assist in the determination of the hearing or trial, or in the effective resolution of case.
- b. the quality of the audibility of the hearing may inhibit a court reporter's ability to accurately prepare a transcript of the hearing;
- c. the quality of the technology or audibility of the hearing prevents an attorney from providing effective representation to the client;
- d. the quality of the technology and audibility of the hearing inhibits a court interpreter's ability to provide language access to a limited English party;
- e. any limited access to technology or transportation asserted by a party.

(Effective pursuant to CO-21-05 1/5/22)

1.12 Remote Proceedings in Juvenile Dependency Matters

- a. **Applicability of Rule 1.12.** See local rule 1.9 for general information and requirements for remote proceedings.

Juvenile dependency hearings set on calendar prior to January 1, 2022, with a hearing date on or before February 28, 2022, are not subject to remote proceeding requirements in this Rule. All juvenile dependency hearings set on calendar on or after January 1, 2022 shall comply with provisions of local rule 1.12.

b. Remote Proceedings with At Least Ten Days' Notice.

A person entitled to be present under California Rules of Court rule 5.530(b) who requests to appear remotely at a proceeding set to occur at least ten business days later must file with the court Judicial Council Form [Request to Appear Remotely – Juvenile Dependency \(RA-025\)](#) and serve a copy of the request on each party and any other person entitled to notice of the proceeding. Service must be by any means authorized by law to ensure delivery at least five business days prior to the proceeding. Service by email is authorized if parties or their counsel have consented to such service.

If, after receiving a copy of the request, a person who has not made a request also wishes to appear remotely, that person must file [Request to Appear Remotely – Juvenile Dependency \(RA-025\)](#) and serve a copy of the request on each party and any other person entitled to notice of the proceeding. Service must be by any means authorized by law to ensure delivery at least three business days prior to the proceeding. Service by email is authorized if parties or their counsel have consented to such service.

The parties filing the notice shall also provide a courtesy copy of this form to the department hearing the case, pursuant to local rule 1.7(e).

c. Remote Proceedings with Less than Ten Days' Notice.

Except for detention hearings, a petitioner who requests to appear remotely at a proceeding set to occur in less than ten business days later must file with the court a [Request to Appear Remotely – Juvenile Dependency \(RA-025\)](#) and serve a copy of the request on each party and any other person entitled to notice of the proceeding. Service must be by any means authorized by law to ensure delivery at least three business days prior to the proceeding. Service by email is authorized if parties or their counsel have consented to such service.

Any other person entitled to be present who wishes to appear remotely must file [Request to Appear Remotely – Juvenile Dependency \(RA-025\)](#) and serve a copy of the request on each party and any other person entitled to notice of the proceeding. Service must be by any means authorized by law to ensure delivery noon two business days prior to the proceeding. Service by email is authorized if parties or their counsel have consented to such service.

The parties filing the notice shall also provide a courtesy copy of this form to the department hearing the case, pursuant to local rule 1.7(e).

d. Detention Hearings.

Any person entitled to be present, other than the petitioner, may submit a request to the court to appear remotely at a detention hearing at any time before the beginning of the calendar on which the matter is set for hearing. If the request is made orally, it may be made in person or by telephone. If the request is in writing, it must be made on [Request to Appear Remotely – Juvenile Dependency \(RA-025\)](#).

e. **Opposition to request to appear remotely.**

Any party may oppose a party's request to appear remotely by filing with the court Judicial Council Form [Request to Compel Physical Presence – Juvenile Dependency \(RA-030\)](#) no later than the close of business two court days before the proceeding. The filing party shall also provide a courtesy copy of this form to the department hearing the case, pursuant to local rule 1.7(e).

The parties filing the opposition shall also provide a courtesy copy of this form to the department hearing the case, pursuant to local rule 1.7(e).

f. **Determination of requests and oppositions.**

The court may grant the request of a witness, including a party who will give oral testimony, to appear remotely only if all parties have given consent to the witness's remote appearance.

The court may deny a request to appear remotely if the court determines that an in-person appearance is necessary because:

1. the court cannot ensure that the remote appearance will have the privacy and security necessary to preserve the confidentiality of the proceeding;
2. a remote appearance is likely to cause undue prejudice to one or more parties.

(Effective pursuant to CO-21-05 1/5/22)

1.13 Ex Parte/Emergency Orders Applications

- a. **Time of Ex Parte/Emergency Orders Review.** Contact the clerk's office to reserve a date for review of an *ex parte*/emergency order application.
- b. **Filing of Ex Parte/Emergency Orders Application.** All applications for *ex parte*/emergency orders must be filed in person in the clerk's office in the branch of the court at which the *ex parte*/emergency order application has been reserved for review no later than 10:00 a.m. on the day of the scheduled review.
- c. **Notice of Ex Parte/Emergency Orders Application and Review**
 1. Notice of intent to file an *ex parte*/emergency orders application must be given to the opposing party or attorney no later than 10:00 a.m. one (1) business day before the application is scheduled to be reviewed by the court.
 2. **Ex Parte Applications and Notice**
 - a. Copies of an *ex parte* application for a request for order, including all declarations, attachments, and other supporting documents must be delivered to opposing parties or counsel by hand, fax, e-mail,

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text message or other social media no later than 10:00 a.m. one (1) business day before the *ex parte* application is scheduled to be reviewed by the court. Documents being served via first class Mail must be mailed at least five (5) business days before the *ex parte* hearing.

- b. Prior to a review of an *ex parte* application for a court order, a [Declaration re: Notice upon Ex Parte Application for Orders \(MMC-121\)](#), must be completed and filed in the clerk's office showing that the opposing party received notification of the request for *ex parte* orders.
- c. Notice regarding restraining orders may be waived if the court finds that:
 - i. Giving notice to the opposing party is impossible;
 - ii. Notice would frustrate the purpose of the order; or,
 - iii. Immediate or irreparable harm could be suffered if notice were given.

The party who requests the *ex parte* application without notice has the burden of presenting evidence which establishes a legal basis for waiver of notice.

d. **Opposition to an *Ex Parte* Application for Orders**

- 1. ***Ex Parte* Applications other than Restraining Orders.** Any opposition to an *ex parte* application must be filed in person with the clerk in the branch of the court where the *ex parte* request has been reserved no later than 10:00 a.m. on the day of the scheduled review.
- 2. **Restraining Order *Ex Parte* Applications.** Any opposition to an *ex parte* application for Restraining Order matter must be e-mailed to the court at exparte@mendocino.courts.ca.gov or filed in-person with the court clerk in the branch of the court at which the *ex parte* application has been reserved no later than 10:00 a.m. on the day of the scheduled review.

e. **Judicial Review.** The court will review requests for *ex parte* orders each day between 10:00 a.m. and 12:30 p.m.

- 1. **Orders Issued without Oral Argument.** If the court determines there is sufficient information to rule on *ex parte*/emergency orders without oral argument, the court's order will be issued no later than 1:30 p.m. and available on the court's website under [Ex Parte Decisions](#).
- 2. **Oral Argument.** The court may request oral argument prior to ruling on the *ex parte*/emergency order. The court clerk will notify the parties via email (preferred) or phone that oral argument will be heard and will advise

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the parties of the time and location for appearance. Parties or attorneys may appear at oral argument in person or remotely pursuant to local rule 1.9.

3. **Return of Orders.** A self-addressed envelope of sufficient size, with sufficient postage affixed, is required for mailing of a file endorsed order to parties. If a return envelope with sufficient postage is not provided, the order will be retained in the clerk's office for 30 days from the date of issuance. If unclaimed, the file endorsed copies will be destroyed.
- f. **Failure to Appear at a Hearing.** Failure of the requesting party to appear at a hearing will result in request for the order being dismissed without prejudice and temporary restraining orders will expire.
- g. **Requests to Set Aside or Modify *Ex Parte*/Emergency Orders:** A request to set aside or modify an *ex parte*/emergency order may be filed prior to the scheduled hearing date only if the standards and procedures set forth in this rule are followed.
- h. ***Ex Parte* Request for Dismissal.** At any time before the expiration of a restraining order, a party may request to have the restraining order dismissed by filing the appropriate Judicial Council form.
- i. **Additional *Ex Parte* Rules Pertaining to Family Law and Guardianships.** See local rule 4.7 for information on family law *ex parte* requests and local rule 6.14 for information on guardianship *ex parte* requests.

(Effective 7/1/21; renumbered 1/5/22)

1.14 Obtaining Certified Copies of Exhibits

At the conclusion of a trial/hearing and before the exhibits and other materials are returned to the offering party, parties may request certified copies of the exhibits. Copies will be provided at the expense of the requesting party.

(Effective 7/1/11; renumbered 1/1/18; renumbered 1/1/19; renumbered & amended 7/1/19; renumbered 1/1/20; renumbered 7/1/21; renumbered 1/5/22)

1.15 Return of Exhibits; Civil, Family Law, and Probate

Unless otherwise ordered, all exhibits and materials offered into evidence or otherwise presented at trials/hearings, including transcripts of depositions and administrative records, will be returned at the conclusion of the matter to the offering party. The custodial party must sign for all exhibits and materials returned by the court clerk and must maintain all exhibits and other materials in the same condition as received until 60 days after a final judgment or dismissal of the entire case is entered.

(Effective 7/1/11; renumbered 1/1/18; renumbered 1/1/19; renumbered & amended 7/1/19; renumbered 1/1/20; renumbered 7/1/21; renumbered 1/5/22)

1.16 Payment in Coin

Pursuant to Government Code § 24353, the court will not accept coins as payment of any bail, fine, or filing fee.

(Effective 7/1/05; amended 7/1/08; renumbered 7/1/11; renumbered & amended 1/1/18; renumbered 1/1/19; renumbered 7/1/19; renumbered 1/1/20; renumbered 7/1/21; renumbered 1/5/22)

Jury Rules

1.17 Prior Jury Service

A prospective juror who has served on a grand jury, trial jury or was summoned and appeared for jury service in any state or federal court during the 12 months preceding the appearance date on the summons, or any longer period as the court determines appropriate, will be excused from service on request.

(Effective 1/1/99; renumbered 1/1/19; renumbered & amended 7/1/19; renumbered 1/1/20; renumbered 7/1/21; renumbered 1/5/22)

1.18 Failure to Appear for Jury Duty when Summoned

Any prospective trial juror who fails to appear or fails to contact the jury commissioner to be excused from attendance when they have been summoned for service may be compelled to appear at an order to show cause hearing to explain to the judge why the juror disregarded the jury summons. Without good cause or a willingness to serve, the court may find the prospective juror in contempt of court, subject to fine, incarceration, or both, as otherwise provided by law.

(Effective 1/1/99; renumbered 1/1/19; renumbered & amended 7/1/19; renumbered 1/1/20; renumbered 7/1/21; renumbered 1/5/22)

Court Reporter Rules

1.19 Provision of Court Reporters

An official court reporter will be provided for the following court proceedings:

- a. Felony criminal proceedings (including preliminary hearings, other pretrial motions, and court or jury trials);
- b. Juvenile proceedings;
- c. Family Law proceedings;
- d. Any court proceeding when ordered by the court; and

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- e. Any other proceeding when a party requests a court reporter in accordance with local rule 1.16.

(Effective 1/1/99; amended 7/1/09; amended 1/1/12; amended 7/1/12; amended 1/1/13; renumbered & amended 1/1/19; amended & renumbered 7/1/19; renumbered & amended 1/1/20; renumbered 7/1/21; renumbered 1/5/22)

1.20 Requests for Court Reporter

- a. If a party in a civil or probate case wants to request the presence of an official court reporter, the party must file a written request not less than 72 hours before a hearing date. The written request for court reporter must be filed with the clerk on [Request for a Court Reporter \(MMC-140\)](#) and must include the \$30 fee covering the first hour of official court reporter services. Should the proceedings last longer than one hour, the requesting party will be responsible for a fee equal to the actual cost of providing that service for each one-half day on the first and each succeeding hearing day those services are provided.
- b. The court will notify the requesting party as soon as possible if an official court reporter is not available on the hearing date. Any party may thereafter arrange for a certified shorthand reporter to serve as an official pro tem reporter, at that party's expense, pursuant to California Rules of Court rule 2.956(c). If an official court reporter or pro tem reporter is not available on the hearing date, the requesting party may request a continuance of the hearing or waive the request for court reporter.
- c. In accordance with Government Code § 68630(a) and California Rules of Court rule 3.55, the court will provide to a fee waiver litigant an official court reporter or a certified shorthand reporter serving as an official pro tem reporter in civil or probate matters if a request is made pursuant to section (a) of this local rule.

(Effective 1/1/99; renumbered 1/1/07; amended 1/1/07; amended 7/1/08; amended 1/1/07; amended 1/1/09; amended 1/1/12; amended 7/1/12; renumbered & amended 1/1/19; renumbered & amended 7/1/19; renumbered 1/1/20; renumbered & amended 7/1/21; renumbered 1/5/22)

1.21 Use of Electronic Recording

Pursuant to Government § Code 69957, electronic recording may be used in the following types of proceedings, when an official reporter is unavailable: infractions, misdemeanors, limited jurisdiction civil matters, and small claims.

(Effective 1/1/13; renumbered 1/1/19; renumbered & amended 7/1/19; renumbered 1/1/20; renumbered 7/1/21; renumbered 1/5/22)

1.22 Electronic Filing of Court Ordered Transcripts

Staff reporters and pro tem court reporters must file transcripts electronically with the court. Electronic transcripts must conform to the following specifications:

1. Electronic transcripts must have a file name in the following uniform format:

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[year, month, day of proceeding; case name; type of proceeding]

Examples: Criminal case: 20170817 People v Smith Prelim

Civil case: 20170817 Smith v Jones Jury Trial

Juvenile or other confidential case: 20170817 In re RK Detention

2. There will be a notification placed in the court file indicating the title of the transcript.
3. Court reporters must initiate email notifications to all parties and the court when transcripts are uploaded to the data repository.
4. The date and time a transcript is uploaded will constitute the filing date of the transcript. If uploaded before 4:00 p.m. on a court business day, that will be the file date. If uploaded after 4:00 p.m., the next court business day will be the file date.

(Effective 1/1/18; renumbered 1/1/19; renumbered & amended 7/1/19; renumbered 1/1/20; renumbered 7/1/21; renumbered 1/5/22)

Interpreter Rules

1.23 List of Approved Interpreters

The Judicial Council of California maintains a list of court approved interpreters and their specific languages for public examination. An interpreter will be approved for inclusion upon the list only after the interpreter's competency has been satisfactorily demonstrated by examination or other means as required by the Judicial Council of California.

(Effective 1/1/99; renumbered 1/1/19; renumbered & amended 7/1/19; renumbered 1/1/20; renumbered 7/1/21; renumbered 1/5/22)

1.24 Requests for Interpreters

- a. Parties who require an interpreter must notify the court at the first court appearance but must also file a [Request for Interpreter \(MMC-110\)](#) with the clerk at least 10 court days before the date of the trial, hearing or other appearance for which the interpreter is required.

For criminal and juvenile matters, the court shall provide certified, registered or provisionally qualified interpreters. The court will diligently attempt to secure a qualified interpreter pursuant to the priorities and provisions set forth in Evidence Code § 756.

- b. **Responsibility for Notice:** The party needing the services of an interpreter is responsible for providing notice to the court.

The court will not grant continuances in proceedings where the court has obtained the services of court interpreters without a showing of good cause. Parties and counsel seeking continuance of proceedings with court interpreters must request

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continuances three (3) business days' prior to the date of the proceeding by submitting to the court the [Request for Court Interpreter \(MMC-110\)](#), advising the court that the interpreter will not be needed. Absent a showing of good cause and proper notice to the court, the judge may order that the cost of the interpreter be paid by the requesting party.

(Effective 1/1/99; renumbered 1/1/19; renumbered & amended 7/1/19; renumbered & amended 1/1/20; amended 1/1/21; renumbered & amended 7/1/21; renumbered 1/5/22)

Attorney Fees

1.25 Court Appointed Attorneys: Standards of Experience, Allowable Fees, and Expenses

The following sets forth the process by which attorneys may submit billings pertaining to court appointments and fees allowable for such appointments.

a. Standard Billing Process

- a. The court will allow attorney's fees and costs for services rendered and expenditures made by counsel properly appointed while such matters are pending before the court. Such appointment orders must be made before an attorney may begin billing for services and other costs pertaining to the appointment.
- b. Application for the payment of such fees and costs in misdemeanor or delinquency proceedings will ordinarily be made at the time of the final court disposition of the proceeding in which court appointed counsel served, but in no event will such application be presented more than 30 days thereafter.
- c. Pretrial interim application for fees may be made in cases involving the death penalty or life without the possibility of parole, or in exceptionally complex or lengthy cases upon request by appointed counsel. No pretrial interim authorization for fees will exceed the sum of \$3,000 per month, plus expenses, for lead counsel and \$1,500 per month, plus expenses, for associate counsel.
- d. If an attorney believes that the case is of such a special or unusual nature that it is not possible to render services in accordance with the maximum fee schedule, he/she must file a declaration explaining why an exception to the maximum fee is sought. Upon review of such written declaration, a reasonable fee in excess of the limits set forth in this schedule may be established by the judge presiding in the case.
- e. Except as set forth in paragraph (f) below, attorneys will not receive extra compensation for normal operating expenses such as mileage, photocopies, and long distance phone calls; extra compensation will be allowed for such expenses as fees for investigators and expert witnesses in accordance with these rules.

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- f. In the event that an appointed attorney must appear in the court of another county on a case transferred from this court, the attorney will be entitled to reasonable travel and lodging expenses necessarily incurred in connection with his/her appearance in the court of the other county. The attorney will be reimbursed for necessary mileage and lodging at the rate allowed by the Judicial Council of California. In no event will the attorney seek payment of fees for travel time.
 - g. Application for fees and costs must be completed on [Claim Form \(MMC-131\)](#) itemizing the legal services rendered, the amount of time for such services, and any expenses incurred. Application for fees and costs must be submitted to the court for subsequent approval by the judge presiding in the case.
 - h. Any requests for reimbursement of travel or lodging must be made by written declaration. All requests for such reimbursement must include itemized expenses with all applicable receipts attached. Travel expenses must be pre-approved by the judge presiding in the case.
- b. **Criminal and Juvenile (Welfare & Institutions § 602) Attorney**
Appointments: Once approved by the judge presiding in the case, indigent defense costs in all criminal and juvenile (W&I § 602) matters are submitted to the County of Mendocino for payment, including all costs pertaining to the Office of the Public Defender and the Office of the Alternate Defender.
- 1. **Criminal and Juvenile Case Classifications**
 - a. **Class 1:** All homicides, whether capital or non-capital, and all offenses having a maximum sentence of life without possibility of parole, or in the discretion of the court, an aggregate state prison sentence of 30 years or more.
 - b. **Class 2:** All crimes for which the upper term of punishment is five (5) years or more, but less than Class 1.
 - c. **Class 3:** All other felonies, misdemeanors, and all juvenile matters.
 - 2. **Minimum Experience Requirements for Attorneys Appointed in Criminal and Juvenile (W&I § 602) Matters**
 - a. **Class 1:** Certified criminal law specialist or equivalent.
 - b. **Class 2:** Five (5) years' experience as an attorney, with a substantial part of such experience in criminal law.
 - c. **Class 3:** An attorney may be eligible for this class by providing oral or written proof of relevant experience and upon authorization of the judge presiding in the case.

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3. **Fee Schedule:** All criminal and juvenile (W&I § 602) attorneys must agree to handle all cases to which they are appointed at the rates established by the court. The court will periodically review and adjust rates as necessary.

- a. **Class 1:** The rate will be \$80.00 per hour, unless otherwise determined on a case by case basis.
- b. **Class 2:** The rate will be \$75.00 per hour.
- c. **Class 3:** The rate will be \$65.00 per hour.

- c. **Civil, Family Law, and Probate Attorney Appointments:** Costs pertaining to appointment of attorneys in civil, family law (typically minor's counsel pursuant to Family Code § 3150), and probate matters are submitted to the court for payment.

An attorney may be eligible for appointment in one of these case types by providing written proof of experience required by California Rules of Court rule 5.242 and upon authorization by the judge presiding in the case. The fee for such appointments will be \$65.00 per hour.

- d. **Guardianship and Conservatorship Proceedings.** Attorneys for guardians or conservators are compensated according to the work actually performed. The size of the estate corpus and the responsibility assumed by the attorney are only two of the factors considered in arriving at the value of the services. Application for the attorney's fees must be accompanied by a complete statement of the facts upon which the application is based, a detailed statement of the amount of time devoted to each component of the services, and the specific amount requested for each service.
- e. **Order for Payment.** Before any order for the payment of fees is made by the court, the attorney must provide proof of service that all parties entitled to notice have been given notice of the fee application.

(Effective 1/1/99; amended 7/1/99; amended 1/1/09; amended 1/1/10; renumbered & amended 1/1/19; renumbered & amended 7/1/19; renumbered & amended 1/1/20; renumbered 1/1/21; renumbered 7/1/21; renumbered 1/5/22)

1.26 Attorney's Fees and Representative's Fees for Extraordinary Services in Probate Proceedings or in any Probate Matter Where a Statutory Fee is not Established

- a. The court will take into consideration the statutory fee and whether it constitutes adequate compensation for all of the services rendered by the attorney or representative.
- b. Notwithstanding the principle stated in paragraph (a), extraordinary compensation will be paid when requested for the following services:

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1. Preparation of fiduciary tax returns and resolution of problems arising from the audit of such returns. Payments made to accountants or to other tax preparers for such services and charged to the estate must be set forth in the request for extraordinary compensation.
2. Sales of property without a broker.
- c. Subject to the principle stated in paragraph (a), compensation for extraordinary services will be considered in the following situations:
 1. Litigation on behalf of the estate;
 2. Operating or selling a business;
 3. Sales of estate property;
 4. Performance of any act resulting in extraordinary benefit to the estate or requiring an extraordinary expenditure of time.
- d. Application for compensation of extraordinary services will not be considered unless the title of the petition and the notice of hearing include a reference to the request. The prayer must set forth the specific amount of the request.
- e. The application for compensation of extraordinary services or any other services for which a fee is requested other than ordinary services must specify:
 1. Date services rendered;
 2. Detailed description of services rendered;
 3. Hours spent on ordinary services;
 4. Hours spent on extraordinary services;
 5. Hourly rate; and
 6. Total amount requested

(Effective 1/1/99; renumbered 1/1/19; renumbered & amended 7/1/19; renumbered 1/1/20; renumbered 1/1/21; renumbered 7/1/21; renumbered 1/5/22)

Guardian and Conservator Fees

1.27 Fees and Commission Fixed by Court Prior to Payment

There is no authority for the payment of any fees or commissions in decedent's estates, guardianships or conservatorships in advance of a court order authorizing the same. Representatives will be surcharged interest to the date of any order authorizing such payment unless in the case of a decedent's estate the written consent of the residuary beneficiaries is filed with the court and the amounts paid are reasonable and proper.

(Effective 1/1/99; renumbered 1/1/19; renumbered & amended 7/1/19; renumbered 1/1/20; renumbered 1/1/21; renumbered 7/1/21; renumbered 1/5/22)

1.28 Guardians and Conservators Fees

Factors to be considered in determining the compensation allowable to guardians and conservators are:

- a. The gross income and assets of the estate;
- b. The success or failure of administration of the guardian or conservator;
- c. Any unusual skill or experience which the guardian or conservator in question may have brought to the work;
- d. The fidelity or disloyalty displayed by the guardian or conservator;
- e. The amount of risk and responsibility assumed by the guardian or conservator in carrying out such duties;
- f. The time expended by the guardian or conservator in carrying out such duties;
- g. The custom in the community as to charges exacted by trust companies and banks;
- h. The character of the work done in the course of administration whether routine or involving skill and judgment;
- i. Any estimate which the guardian or conservator has given of the value of the guardian or conservator's own services (*Estate of Nazro*, (1971) 15 Cal.App.3rd218).

(Effective 1/1/99; renumbered 1/1/19; renumbered & amended 7/1/19; renumbered 1/1/20; renumbered 1/1/21; renumbered 7/1/21; renumbered 1/5/22)

Investigation and Expert Fees

1.29 Investigation Fees and Expenses

- a. **Ancillary Funding Requests.** All Ancillary funding requests for investigation fees and expenses must be made in writing by the assigned counsel and submitted to the court for review and authorization by the presiding judge or his/her designee.
- b. **Order of Appointment.** Orders appointing an investigator must provide a blank space for the judge to insert a dollar limit for the services to be provided.
- c. **Maximum Amount of Fees in Initial Application**
 1. **Cases Other Than Capital or Life Sentence Cases:** The initial application must not exceed the sum of \$3,000. Additional applications may be made upon a showing that further investigation is necessary in an amount not to exceed \$1,500 per application.
 2. **Capital and Life Sentence Cases:** The initial application for capital and life sentence cases must not exceed \$5,000. Additional application may be made upon a showing that further investigation is necessary in an amount not to exceed \$2,500 per application.
 3. **All Cases:** In no event will the court grant fees or expenses not reasonably justified by the nature of the case as supported by written declaration by the assigned counsel. The declaration must specify the nature and purpose of the proposed investigation and must contain an estimate of the fees and expenses involved. The court will consider payment for reasonable time spent in writing reports.
- d. **Further Authorization of Fees.** If the authorization is reached, further judicial authorization must be obtained before additional billings may be submitted. Requests for additional investigative time must be accompanied by a detailed statement of the work performed up to that time. This detailed statement will not be treated as a request for payment unless the court has granted authorization for such billings.
- e. **License.** Upon request, investigators will provide the court with a copy of a valid investigator's license.
- f. **Hourly Rates.** Investigators fee will be paid at \$40.00 per hour.

Travel time will not be compensated unless the travel exceeds 50 miles round trip. In such cases, travel time will be billed at the rate of \$25.00 per hour.

Reimbursement for copies of discovery and motions is not permitted.

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The court will not approve payment for excessive time spent in conference with attorneys, experts or the defendant. The billing must set forth a detailed explanation of the need for such conference time before the court will consider payment.

Typically, the court will not approve payment for time spent in locating a party to a case. If an investigator needs to locate a party, the investigator must explain the reason for this expense before the court will consider payment.

(Effective 7/1/19; renumbered 1/1/20; renumbered 1/1/21; renumbered 7/1/21; renumbered 1/5/22)

1.30 Fees in Guardianship or Conservatorship Investigations

Guardianship and conservatorship investigator fees will be reimbursed as follows, subject to review by the court:

- | | | |
|----|--|-------|
| a. | Conservatorship investigation or review: | \$400 |
| b. | Guardianship investigations: | \$500 |
| c. | Guardianship reviews: | \$200 |

(Effective 7/1/16; renumbered 1/1/19; renumbered & amended 7/1/19; renumbered 1/1/20; renumbered 1/1/21; renumbered 7/1/21; renumbered 1/5/22)

1.31 Non-Psychiatric Expert Fees and Expenses

- a. **Ancillary Funding Requests.** All ancillary funding requests for investigation fees and expenses must be made in writing by the assigned counsel and submitted to the court for review and authorization by the presiding judge or his/her designee.
- b. **Amount of Fees:** In no event will the court grant fees or expenses not reasonably justified by the nature of the case as supported by the written declaration. The written declaration must specify:
 1. The nature, purpose, and materiality of the proposed expert services;
 2. The name of the expert to be retained;
 3. A brief statement of the experts qualifications;
 4. The proposed expert's hourly fees for court work and courtroom testimony;
 5. An estimate of the fees and expenses involved; and
 6. A detailed explanation of any unusual or extraordinary requests.

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- c. **Order for Fees and Expenses:** The order for expert fees and expenses must be on a form approved by this court.
- d. **Maximum Rates for Expert Services and Testimony:** Claims for expert services authorized pursuant to this rule will not exceed the amounts approved by the court.

(Effective 1/1/99; renumbered 1/1/19; renumbered & amended 7/1/19; renumbered 1/1/20; renumbered 1/1/21; renumbered 7/1/21; renumbered 1/5/22)

Claim for Payment

1.32 Claim for Payment

- a. **Submission of Claim for Payment.** Claimants, including attorneys, investigators, experts, expert witnesses, and others must submit billings when work on the case has been concluded, unless the time worked spans more than one (1) fiscal year. In such instances, claimants must submit billings for the work performed in the first fiscal year no later than July 15th. In all other instances, billings must be presented within 30 days of the conclusion of the case. In cases involving many hours of work, the court may authorize, in advance, interim billings. When interim billings are authorized, each bill must identify the period of time that it covers and be identified by a progress payment number (e.g. “Interim Billing No. 3”).
- b. **Request for Payment.** The request for claimant fees and expenses must be in the form approved by this court. All claims for payment must include in the caption a cumulative total of all payments to date (if any). Subsequent claims must not include any expenses incurred prior to the date the last claim was submitted.

Claims for fees and expenses must be made on [Claim Form \(MMC-131\)](#) and must include a copy of the court order appointing the claimant and awarding fees and a detailed accounting of all claimed fees and expenses. Claim forms and attachments must be submitted to the Accounting Division, which will submit the claim to a judge to review and authorize the claim. Once approved, the claim will be processed by the court or the County of Mendocino.

- c. **Claims Requirements.** All claims must contain a detailed statement of services actually rendered. Time must be billed in increments of 1/10 hour. Each claim must clearly identify the work performed and the name of the person who performed it.

The following types of services must be separately identified:

- Travel time;
- Time spent interviewing witnesses, defendants or parties;
- Time spent in conference with attorneys, other experts or defendants;
- Time spent reviewing reports or other documents;

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- Time spent in measuring, diagramming or photographing scenes, locations, persons, and objects;
- Time spent researching public records or in obtaining documents or other information.

Travel time will not be compensated unless the travel exceeds 50 miles round trip. Mileage reimbursement will be based on the current mileage rate used by the Judicial Council of California. Mileage claims must be supported by MapQuest or other similar mapping program documentation.

- d. **Requests for Extraordinary Costs.** In no event will the court grant extraordinary fees or expenses not reasonably justified by the nature of the case, as supported by written declaration. The declaration must specify the nature and purpose of the proposed services and contain an estimate of the fees and expenses involved. Unusual or extraordinary requests must be justified in detail.

The court will NOT authorize payment without specific prior approval for:

- Clerical work
- Courtroom observation
- Travel costs (e.g. meals, lodging, airfare, travel time)
- Copies of discovery or motions
- Other unusual services

- e. **Claims Confidentiality.** Claimant billings will be treated as confidential in all criminal and juvenile cases.
- f. **Disclosure of Other Compensation for Services on Court Appointed Cases.** A claimant must disclose fully, in writing, any payment or other compensation received from any source other than the court for services rendered in connection with any case in which the claimant has been appointed.

(Effective 7/1/19; renumbered & amended 1/1/20; renumbered 1/1/21; renumbered 7/1/21; renumbered 1/5/22)

Media

1.33 Media Coverage

No filming, photography or electronic recording is permitted in the courthouses unless expressly authorized by the court or consistent with California Rules of Court rule 1.150, and these local rules.

(Effective 1/1/19; renumbered & amended 7/1/19; renumbered 1/1/20; renumbered 1/1/21; renumbered 7/1/21; renumbered 1/5/22)

1.34 Requests for Photography, Videotaping or Audio Recording

Requests for any type of video, still photography or audio coverage, including pool cameras, in a courtroom for a specific court proceeding must be made in compliance with California Rules of Court rule 1.150(e)(1). Requests must be submitted on Judicial Council form, [Media Request to Photograph, Record, or Broadcast \(MC-500\)](#), accompanied by the [Order on Media Request to Permit Coverage \(MC-510\)](#), to Court Administration in Room 303 at the Ukiah courthouse or via email to court.administration@mendocino.courts.ca.gov.

(Effective 1/1/19; renumbered & amended 7/1/19; renumbered 1/1/20; renumbered 1/1/21; renumbered & amended 7/1/21; renumbered 1/5/22)

1.35 Use of Handheld Electronic Devices, Photography, Videotaping and Audio Recording Devices

The following limitations apply to the use of handheld electronic devices, photography, videotaping or audio recording, unless an exception is expressly permitted by written judicial order or as permitted by local rule 1.34:

- a. Videotaping, photographing or electronic recording by the media and/or the general public is not permitted in any part of the courthouse, including but not limited to, lobby areas, halls, stairs, elevators, clerks' windows or meeting rooms.
- b. Video equipment, photography equipment, and electronic recording devices must be turned off while transporting them in any area of the court.
- c. All audible electronic devices must be turned off when they are in the courtrooms.
- d. Any photography of the interior of a courtroom through the glass door windows or from the doorway of a courtroom is prohibited, even if an exception is granted for courthouse areas outside the courtroom.
- e. When audio and/or video recording is not permitted by a judicial officer, electronic recording devices may be taken into the courtroom only if they are turned off and remain inside an enclosed case.
- f. Attorneys, parties, experts and witnesses involved in a proceeding may use their electronic devices to perform court related functions (e.g. legal research) while in the courtroom.

(Effective 1/1/19; renumbered & amended 7/1/19; renumbered & amended 1/1/20; renumbered 1/1/21; renumbered & amended 7/1/21; renumbered 1/5/22)

1.36 Prohibited Coverage

In accordance with California Rule of Court rule 1.150(e)(6) and these local rules, the media and general public are prohibited from audio or video recording and photography of any of the following:

- a. A proceeding closed to the public (i.e. juvenile cases);

- b. Jurors or spectators;
- c. Jury selection;
- d. Conferences between an attorney and client/witness, interpreter and party/witness;
- e. Conferences between attorneys;
- f. Conferences between counsel and a judicial officer at the bench (“sidebars”); or
- g. Proceedings held in chambers.

(Effective 1/1/19; renumbered & amended 7/1/19; renumbered 1/1/20; renumbered 1/1/21; renumbered 7/1/21; renumbered 1/5/22)

1.37 Areas in Court Facilities Where Media Activities are Authorized

Photos, news conferences, and on-camera statements to members of the media or the general public are allowed only in areas specified for that purpose. Requests for media photos and interviews must be made to the presiding judge.

The media must not impede access to the courthouse for court staff, visitors, and other members of the public.

(Effective 1/1/19; renumbered & amended 7/1/19; renumbered 1/1/20; renumbered 1/1/21; renumbered 7/1/21; renumbered 1/5/22)

1.38 Ceremonial Events

Unless the court orders otherwise, these rules do not prohibit photography or recording of ceremonial events held by the court, a governmental agency or bar association; mock trial competitions; weddings; adoptions; or other events held in a courtroom when court is not in session.

(Effective 1/1/19; renumbered & amended 7/1/19; renumbered 1/1/20; renumbered 1/1/21; renumbered 7/1/21; renumbered 1/5/22)

1.39 Body Worn Cameras

Law enforcement officers with body worn cameras will not activate the recording functions of the camera in the courthouse unless they are involved in a law enforcement incident that may result in an arrest.

(Effective 1/1/19; renumbered & amended 7/1/19; renumbered 1/1/20; renumbered 1/1/21; renumbered 7/1/21; renumbered 1/5/22)

Court Security

1.40 Court Security

- a. The courthouses in Ukiah and Fort Bragg require perimeter screening before entering either facility. Upon entering these facilities, all members of the public, attorneys, court and county staff, and off-duty peace officers will be subject to search using a walk through metal detector, x-ray screening of all non-food items, and visual inspection of food containers. At the direction of court security personnel, persons entering the facility may be required to submit to additional metal detection scanning with a handheld device.
- b. Court employee work areas are, at all times, restricted to court personnel and judicial officers. County employees who may be delivering mail or performing other services, and vendors performing services authorized by the court will be permitted into these restricted areas.

Court or county employees whose duty stations are located in the courthouse facility must adhere to these court security rules and may not possess weapons or dangerous items or materials in any court facility except as specified below.

- c. On duty peace officers, including probation officers, either in uniform or, if not in uniform, presenting picture identification to security staff, who are attending law enforcement business at the courthouse facility, may be admitted without being searched. Security personnel may verify the identity of any officer by requesting proper identification. If the identity of an officer cannot be verified through identification carried by the officer or through reasonable efforts by security personnel, this exemption will not apply.
Area tribal police officers may enter the courthouse carrying their duty weapons if they are in uniform, on duty, and are able to present a valid police department identification card.

Peace officers, including probation officers and tribal police officers, appearing on personal matters may not bring weapons into any court facility pursuant to Penal Code § 171(b)(2)(B).

- d. Weapons or dangerous items or materials may not be brought into a courthouse facility, unless in the possession of an on duty peace officer as described in (c) above. In addition, weapons or dangerous materials will be authorized to enter the courthouse when they are to be used as evidence in court, are properly secured to prevent accidental discharge or release, and are being delivered to court by someone authorized by state law to do so.

Weapons, dangerous items or materials include:

- 1. items prohibited by Penal Code § 171b, including firearms, knives, tear gas weapons, laser or stun guns, instruments that expel metallic projectiles, spot markers, and paint guns;

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2. items prohibited by Penal Code § 1202, including undetectable and disguised firearms, metal knuckles, hand grenades, clubs, and blackjacks;
3. any explosive or incendiary device, or any toxic, radioactive or flammable material;
4. any item that could be used to stab, cut or to commit mayhem, such as pointed scissors, letter openers, pocket knives, glass bottles, screwdrivers, awls, saw blades, and stakes;
5. any item which could be used as a club, such as a hammer.

The following items are excluded from the definition of weapons or dangerous items or materials;

1. food, beverages, and non-sharp utensils carried into a court facility by court or county employees assigned to work within the courthouse facility, or by jurors displaying valid juror identification;
 2. tools and flammable materials required for authorized facility maintenance or construction that are in approved containers and are being transported by someone authorized to do so within the facility.
- e. It will be a violation of this local rule, punishable through contempt proceedings, to tamper with security equipment or otherwise attempt to bypass the security screening.

(Effective 1/1/20; renumbered 1/1/21; renumbered 7/1/21; renumbered 1/5/22)

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Chapter 2: Civil Court Rules

2.1 Case Management Conferences

Case Management Conferences will be conducted for Unlimited Civil matters in accordance with California Rules of Court rule 3.722 – 3.730. The court does not conduct Case Management Conferences for Limited Civil matters until the complaint has been answered.

All new complaints or other initial pleadings filed in an Unlimited Civil matter and submitted pursuant to local rule 1.7 must include a blank [Notice of Case Management Conference \(local form MCV-101\)](#) which will be issued and returned to the e-filer by the clerk. For new filings submitted by any non-e-filing means, the clerk will prepare and deliver the [Notice of Case Management Conference \(local form MCV-101\)](#) to the filing party at the time that the complaint or other initial pleading is filed. The party filing the initial pleading must serve a copy of the completed Notice of Case Management Conference on all parties named in the pleading, together with the summons, complaint, or other initial pleading.

The clerk will serve notice of a scheduled Case Management Conference for a Limited Civil matter on all parties when the complaint or other initial pleading has been answered.

(Effective 1/1/13; renumbered 1/1/19; amended 1/1/21; amended 1/1/22)

2.2 Continuances

- a. Parties may continue a civil hearing or trial date to a date approved by the clerk one (1) time only by stipulation and payment of applicable fees.
- b. Additional continuances may be obtained by written stipulation of the parties with approval of the court. Parties must submit a fully executed stipulation and proposed order demonstrating good cause for the continuance before the scheduled hearing/trial date.
- c. A party who announces in open court that a law and motion hearing has been continued by stipulation must file and serve written notice on all parties of the continued hearing date.
- d. A party seeking a continuance of any motion or trial without a stipulation of the parties must do so by noticed motion, *ex parte* application, or oral motion in open court showing good cause for the continuance.
- e. For proceedings in which any party has requested a court interpreter, the party seeking the continuance shall give five (5) business days' notice prior to the date of the proceeding and serve such notice on the Court and opposing party. Upon receipt of such notice and within three (3) business days prior to the date of the proceeding, the party requesting the interpreter must comply with the interpreter cancellation notification process specified in local rule 1.20(b).

(Effective 1/1/99; amended 1/1/03; amended 7/1/08; amended 7/1/12; renumbered & amended 1/1/13; renumbered 1/1/19; amended 1/1/21)

2.3 The Pretrial Conference

- a. A pretrial conference may be held in any long cause matter on the civil active list whether scheduled for jury trial or court trial. The pretrial conference must be attended by counsel who will try the case and all unrepresented parties.
- b. **Pretrial Statement Required**
 1. Pursuant to the order setting the action for pretrial conference, counsel must file a Joint Pretrial Statement or separate Pretrial Statement no less than five (5) business days before the scheduled pretrial conference. Pretrial statements will not exceed 10 pages.
 2. Counsel and unrepresented parties must meet in good faith to prepare the pretrial statement(s) to narrow down the legal and factual issues which the court will have to try, arrive at stipulations, and attempt settlement of the action at least 15 days prior to the pretrial conference.
 3. **Form and Contents of Pretrial Statement.** The pretrial statement must include the name of the parties submitting the statement, set forth the nature of the action, and include the following items in the following order:
 - a. **Jurisdiction and Venue:** List of jurisdiction or venue disputes including the supporting legal and factual issues.
 - b. **Substance of the Action:** Description of the claims, defenses, and issues to be decided in impartial and non-argumentative language suitable for reading to the jury at trial.
 - c. **Undisputed Facts:** Statement of the agreed upon undisputed facts to be incorporated into the trial record without supporting testimony and exhibits.
 - d. **Disputed Facts:** Statement of all disputed factual issues.
 - e. **Disputed Evidence:** Summary of anticipated disputes concerning admissibility of evidence.
 - f. **Relief Sought:** Statement of the relief claimed, including an itemization of monetary damages sought.
 - g. **Abandoned Issues:** Statement of abandoned issues raised in the original pleadings (i.e. causes of action, affirmative defenses).
 - h. **Previous Motions:** List of all filed motions in the proceeding and the disposition of each.

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- i. **Witnesses:** List of all witnesses likely to be called at trial, in person or by deposition, with a description of the substance of the testimony to be given after each name. Impeachment or rebuttal witnesses are excluded from this list.
- j. **Exhibits, Schedules, and Summaries:** List of all documents and items to be offered as exhibits at trial including a description of its substance, purpose, and identity of the sponsoring witness after each exhibit. Only listed exhibits will be permitted at trial except as otherwise provided in the pretrial order. Impeachment or rebuttal exhibits are excluded from this list.
- k. **Discovery Documents:** List of all answers to interrogatories and responses to requests for admission that are to be offered at trial.
- l. **Discovery or Motions:** Requests for additional discovery or pretrial motions.
- m. **Stipulations:** List of stipulations requested or offered for pretrial or trial purposes.
- n. **Amendments and Dismissals:** List of amended pleadings, dismissals, additions or substitutions of parties, or dispositions as to defaulting parties.
- o. **Settlement:** A statement summarizing the status of settlement negotiations indicating whether further negotiations or settlement conferences might be productive.
- p. **Agreed Statement:** Indication if an agreed upon statement of facts, in whole or in part, is feasible and desired.
- q. **Bifurcation, Separate Trial of Issues:** Statement of whether bifurcation or a separate trial of specific issues is feasible and desired.
- r. **Appointment and Limitation of Experts:** Indication if an impartial expert witness appointed by the court is required and whether limitation of expert witnesses is feasible and desired.
- s. **Estimate of Trial Time:** Estimate of the number of court days expected for the presentation of each party's case. Counsel are expected to reduce the time required for trial by all feasible means, including stipulation, agreed statement of facts, expedited means of presenting testimony and exhibits, and avoidance of cumulative proof.
- t. **Attorney's Fees:** List of attorney's fees requested, the legal and factual basis for the request, and the time and manner for the fees to be ascertained.

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- u. **Miscellaneous:** Any other comments, suggestions, or information that might aid in the determination of the action.
- c. **Additional Requirements for Pretrial Conference.** Unless otherwise ordered, parties must file with the court and serve on opposing parties' copies of the following:
 - 1. **Trial Briefs.** On or before the date of the pretrial conference. No later than the Friday before trial in the event that no pretrial conference is scheduled.
 - 2. **Motions in Limine Pursuant to Local Rule 2.4(a).** No less than five (5) business days before the pretrial conference.
 - 3. **Jury Voir Dire Questions Pursuant to California Rules of Court rule 3.1549.** No less than five (5) business days before the pretrial conference.
 - 4. **Proposed Jury Instructions Pursuant to California Rules of Court rules 2.1055 and 2.1058.** No less than five (5) business days before the pretrial conference.
 - 5. **Proposed General or Special Verdict Forms.** No less than five (5) business days before the pretrial conference.
 - 6. **List of Exhibits Pursuant to Local Rule 2.5.** On or before the date of the pretrial conference

(Effective 1/1/13; renumbered 1/1/19; amended 1/2/21)

2.4 Motions

- a. **Motions in Limine:** Unless otherwise ordered, each party must file and serve all motions in limine on significant disputed issues of law and foreseeable procedural or evidentiary issues no less than five (5) business days before the date of the pretrial conference. Written opposition to a motion in limine, if any, must be filed and served at least one (1) business day prior to the pretrial conference. Counsel and self-represented litigants must be prepared to argue motions in limine at the pretrial conference.
- b. **Meet and Confer prior to Filing Motion.** Prior to filing any motion, the moving party must make a reasonable, good faith attempt to resolve the matter. A declaration of facts supporting the party's attempt to meet and confer or explaining why such an attempt would not be reasonable must be filed with the motion. If resolution is not possible, the moving party must attempt to coordinate a hearing date with the opposing party or parties.
- c. **Motions to Compel Entry of Judgment.** Motions to compel entry of judgment pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure § 664.6 will be heard in the department of the judge before whom the parties stipulated.

- d. **Reporting of Law & Motion Matters.** This court does not regularly provide for reporting of hearings in civil or probate matters. Any party who wishes to obtain an official verbatim transcript of a law and motion hearing must follow the procedure set forth in local rule 1.16.

(Effective 1/1/21)

2.5 Exhibits

- a. **Meet and Confer re Trial Exhibits:** Before the Pretrial Conference, parties must meet and discuss documentary evidence, including any deposition excerpts, discovery responses, summaries, charts or other physical evidence each party may offer at trial. The parties must attempt to resolve any objections that may arise. Any unresolved evidentiary issues must be brought to the court's attention at the pretrial conference.
- b. **Pre-Marking Exhibits for use at Trial:** Parties are encouraged to pre-mark exhibits for use at trial. The court clerk will be available to pre-mark exhibits at the pretrial conference and before court starts on each day of trial. Please do not ask the clerk to pre-mark exhibits while court is in session.
- c. **Exhibit List:** Each party will provide the clerk with a list of exhibits, including a brief description of each item that the party expects to offer at trial.
- d. **Copies of Exhibits:** Parties must bring extra copies of documentary exhibits for opposing counsel and the court. To assist in keeping track of trial exhibits, parties may stipulate to show witnesses copies instead of marked trial exhibits.
- e. **Trial Binders:** Trial binders containing multiple exhibits will not be marked with evidence tags. Each exhibit must be separately marked for identification.
- f. **Post-Trial Return of Exhibits:** Unless otherwise ordered, all exhibits will be returned to the custody of the offering party at the conclusion of trial. Prior to exhibits being returned, parties may request that the clerk provide a certified copy of any exhibits at the requesting party's expense.

(Effective 1/1/13; renumbered 1/1/19; renumbered 1/1/20; renumbered & amended 1/1/21)

2.6 Tentative Rulings

- a. Tentative rulings are issued at the court's discretion.
- b. **Tentative Rulings available on the Court's Website.** Civil and Probate tentative rulings for matters set on the law and motion calendar are issued no later than 3:00 p.m. the court day before the scheduled hearing. Tentative rulings are available on the court's website.

c. Oral Argument

1. The court may request oral argument in its tentative ruling and may specify the issues on which the court wants to hear argument.
 2. If not requested by the court, oral argument will be permitted only if a party notifies the court and all other parties by 4:00 p.m. the court day before the hearing of the party's intent to appear. Notification to the court should be sent via email to tr@mendocino.courts.ca.gov.
 3. Oral argument will be heard each Friday at 9:30 a.m. on the law and motion calendar.
- d. The tentative ruling will become the ruling of the court if the court has not requested oral argument and notice of intent to appear has not been given. The prevailing party must prepare and submit a proposed order unless a proposed order consistent with the tentative decision has previously been lodged with the court.

(Effective 7/1/12; renumbered 1/1/13; amended 1/1/13; renumbered 1/1/19; renumbered & amended 1/1/21; renumbered & amended 7/1/21)

2.7 Mandatory Settlement Conference

- a. **Settlement Conference Statement.** A detailed Settlement Conference Statement must be submitted pursuant to California Rules of Court rule 3.3180 (c).
- b. Parties claiming damages in a personal injury action must bring all reports and records of any and all examining doctors to the settlement conference. A list of all special damages claimed, with supporting evidence, must be available for examination by the settlement conference judge. The special damages for each plaintiff should be up to date, listed separately, totaled and categorized as health care (including medical, hospital, ambulance and drugs) and loss of earnings, if any. Opposing parties must bring copies of all reports and records of all examining doctors who examined the plaintiff, employed by them or their insurance carrier if any, for consideration by the settlement conference judge.
- c. All parties will organize, in advance, and bring to the conference such medical reports and records, and any depositions (with relevant pages and lines pre-marked) photographs, books, records, diagrams, maps, bills, contracts, memoranda, and all other documents pertinent to settlement of the case for examination by the settlement conference judge.
- d. All parties will set forth the date, the amount, and terms of the highest offer and the lowest demand by each party, as well as the insurance coverage limits available to each party defendant or plaintiff.
- e. All parties must ascertain whether there are claims or liens which may affect a settlement. A written request to attend the settlement conference must be sent to

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such claimants, lienholders or their representatives and a copy of the request must be brought to the settlement conference.

- f. **Duties of Party at Conference.** All parties attending a mandatory settlement conference have the duty to be thoroughly familiar with the relevant evidence available to him/her pertaining to all issues and be prepared to discuss all aspects of the case. Additionally, the attorney for each party requesting a jury trial in a case where the right is not guaranteed by law or in a case in which special verdicts or findings of the jury will be required, must present any special verdict form or interrogatories which will be required for the resolution of the case by the jury.
- g. **Appearance at Mandatory Settlement Conference.** All persons whose consent is required to settle a case, including but not limited to named parties, corporate officer(s) or insurance representatives, must personally attend the mandatory settlement conference unless excused by the court.
 - 1. **Remote Appearance.** Any party who wishes to appear via video or telephone must follow the procedures set forth in local rule 1.9.
 - 2. The court, in its discretion, may require the personal attendance of a party at the mandatory settlement conference even if travel in excess of 150 miles is required.

(Effective 1/1/21; renumbered & amended 7/1/21)

2.8 Attorney as Witness in Jury Trial

An attorney testifying on the merits of the case as a witness on behalf of his client will not argue the case to the jury unless by permission of the court.

(Effective 1/1/13; renumbered 1/1/19; renumbered 1/1/20; renumbered 1/1/21; renumbered 7/1/21)

Chapter 3: Criminal Court Rules

3.1 Request to Calendar

Parties wanting to place a matter on calendar must provide at least five (5) court days written notice to the court and opposing counsel by filing a [Request to Calendar Case \(MCR-103\)](#) and supporting documents with the court clerk's office. A request to place a matter on calendar for emergency matters which need to be heard before the five (5) day notice requirement must be accompanied by a Declaration in Support of Order Shortening Time and an Order Shortening Time.

Exceptions to the five (5) day rule include:

- a. Motion to Continue (Penal Code § 1050)
- b. Conflict of Interest Papers
- c. OR/Bail Motion
- d. Motion for Consolidation

(Effective 1/1/10; renumbered 1/1/19; renumbered 7/1/19; renumbered & amended 1/1/20)

3.2 Motions

- a. **Motions to Suppress Evidence.** Motions pursuant to Penal Code § 1538.5 will be calendared no less than five (5) business days before trial.
- b. **995 Motions.** Motions pursuant to Penal Code § 995 to dismiss one or more charges in a felony case after the preliminary hearing will be calendared no less than five (5) business days before trial.
- c. **Discovery.** Discovery motions must be focused upon disputed items after presentation of informal requests. Boilerplate discovery motions are disfavored. Counsel must meet and confer before filing a motion to compel discovery or other discovery related matter in a good faith effort to resolve or narrow the disputed issues.
- d. **Pretrial Motions.** Unless otherwise ordered, all pretrial motions must be noticed in writing with a date obtained from the court clerk. A description of, and a reliable time estimate for, any motions must be provided to the court clerk. All papers pertaining to motions must be served and filed in compliance with California Rule of Court rule 4.111.
- e. **Motions in Limine.** Motions in limine will be set by the court a week before trial. The defendant(s) and counsel responsible for trying the case must be present. Pursuant to California Rules of Court rule 4.112, this will constitute a further trial readiness conference and counsel should be prepared to discuss any witness problems or scheduling issues. Absent any other order by the trial judge,

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any and all motions in limine must be in writing, filed with the court, and served on all parties at the earliest opportunity, but no later than the day before the commencement of the hearing.

(Effective 1/1/20)

3.3 Conferences

- a. **Early Settlement Conferences.** For all misdemeanor charges, an early settlement conference date will be set. At the conference, all counsel who will participate in the trial must be present. Counsel are expected to have discussed the case among themselves and exchanged offers with a view toward resolving the matter prior to trial. If the case does not settle at the early settlement conference, counsel must inform the court of any special needs, interpreters, appointment of counsel for witnesses, and the estimated time for the hearing.
- b. **Pre-Preliminary Hearing Conference.** For all felony charges, a pre-preliminary hearing conference date will be set. At the conference, all counsel who will participate in the preliminary hearing must be present. Counsel are expected to have discussed the case among themselves and exchanged offers with a view toward resolving the matter prior to preliminary hearing.

If the case does not settle at the pre-preliminary hearing conference, counsel must provide the court with the name of the attorneys who will conduct the preliminary hearing on behalf of the people and the defendant.

- c. **Pretrial Conference.** At the time the defendant's not guilty plea is entered, the case will be set for pretrial conference at the discretion of the court, generally two (2) to four (4) weeks before the trial date. If not settled on that date, a further pretrial and readiness conference will be set one (1) week before trial. Counsel must confer among themselves, their clients, law enforcement personnel, and any alleged victims before the pretrial conference in a good faith effort to achieve resolution of the case without trial.

The conference must be attended by the lawyers who will try the case and counsel will be expected to advise the court either that (a) the defendant desires to change his/her plea to one that is acceptable to the People, or that (b) there is no possibility that the case can be disposed of without trial. If the case does not settle, counsel must inform the court of the time estimate for trial and any special requirements, including the need for interpreters that could affect the conduct of the trial.

(Effective 1/1/20)

3.4 Preliminary Hearing as VOP Hearing

At the discretion of the court, and as permitted by law, the preliminary hearing will also constitute a violation of probation hearing for any trailing probation matter.

(Effective 1/1/99; renumbered 7/1/08; amended 1/1/10; renumbered 1/1/19; renumbered 7/1/19; renumbered 1/1/20)

3.5 Verdict Forms, Special Interrogatories, and Jury Instructions

- a. Unless otherwise ordered by any pretrial conference order in the case or other order from the trial judge, verdict forms and special interrogatories must be submitted no later than 9:00 a.m. on the first day of trial.
- b. All requested and proposed jury instructions must be filed the day before the final trial readiness conference and/or motions in limine conference that is held during the week before the trial. Supplementary instructions can be submitted and received by the court at such time and condition as may be just.

(Effective 7/1/19; renumbered 1/1/20)

3.6 Sentencing

At sentencing, defense counsel must announce whether (a) defendant has received the probation report in a timely fashion; (b) defendant waives arraignment for sentence; and (c) there is any legal reason why judgment should not be pronounced.

Absent a showing of good cause, the court will not consider letters or other written submission which are not served on opposing counsel and lodged with the court by 2:30 p.m. on the day before the hearing.

A defendant should expect to be remanded to custody at the time set for sentencing if (a) the defendant failed to make or keep an appointment to be interviewed by the probation officer; or (b) the court imposes a prison sentence.

(Effective 1/1/99; renumbered 7/1/04; renumbered 7/1/08; renumbered 1/1/19; renumbered & amended 1/1/20)

3.7 Postponement of Surrender Date

Following sentencing in a criminal case, if a defendant wants to postpone the date that he or she is ordered to surrender to the jail to serve court ordered incarceration, the defendant must file a declaration with the court no less than five (5) calendar days prior to the date of surrender, requesting such postponement and providing good cause for approving such request. The declaration must be submitted to the court on [Declaration to Request Postponement of Jail Surrender Date \(MCR-220\)](#).

(Effective 7/1/19; renumbered 1/1/20)

3.8 Fee for Petition to Dismiss or Reduce Charges

After review of actual costs involved in processing a petition pursuant to Penal Code §§ 1203.4/1203.4a, regardless of whether or not the petition is granted, the court finds that the actual costs of processing a petition is equal to or exceeds the fees set forth below.

- a. For a defendant who was ordered to serve a term of probation, the fee for a Petition for Dismissal pursuant to Penal Code § 1203.4(d) is \$150.00. A petition may not be filed with the court until the defendant has met all of the conditions specified in Penal Code § 1203.4(a)(1).
- b. For a defendant convicted of a misdemeanor charge(s) and not granted probation, or for a defendant convicted of an infraction, the fee for a Petition for Dismissal pursuant to Penal Code § 1203.4a(e) is \$60.00. A petition may not be filed with the court until the defendant has met all of the conditions specified in Penal Code § 1203.4a(a).

The ability of a petitioner to pay any fee will be determined by the court using the standard set forth in Penal Code § 987.8(g)(2) and will not be a prerequisite to a person's eligibility to file a petition.

(Effective 1/1/18; renumbered 1/1/19; renumbered 7/1/19; renumbered & amended 1/1/20; amended 1/1/21)

3.9 Community Service/Conversion of Fees and Fines

If authorized by the court and pursuant to Penal Code § 1202.4(n), 1205.3, or other applicable statute, court fees and fines may be converted to community service hours at a rate of \$24.00 per hour until December 31, 2019. The community service rate will increase to \$26.00 per hour for calendar year 2020, \$28.00 per hour for calendar year 2021, and \$30.00 per hour for calendar year 2022. Thereafter, the community service rate will be automatically adjusted to be two times the California minimum wage each time it increases in the future.

(Effective 1/1/19; renumbered & amended 7/1/19; renumbered 1/1/20)

3.10 Termination of Criminal Protective Orders Issued

The following procedures have been adopted to address criminal protective orders following plea, trial, dismissal, and the termination, revocation, or expiration of probation:

- a. **Criminal Protective Orders issued pursuant to Penal Code § 136.2:**
 1. The judge will direct the District Attorney or counsel for the defendant to prepare and submit for signature Judicial Council of California form, [Notice of Termination of Protective Order in Criminal Proceeding \(CR-165\)](#) within thirty (30) days of the court no longer having jurisdiction over the case, including imposition of a state prison commitment.
 2. If the Criminal Protective Order is not addressed in court at the time of plea, at judgment and sentencing after court or jury trial, or at the time the

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charges are dismissed, the clerk of the court will, within thirty (30) days of resolution of the case, prepare a Notice of Termination and submit to the hearing judge for signature or to the presiding judge in their absence.

b. **Criminal Protective Orders issued pursuant to Penal Code § 1203.097:**

1. If probation is ordered revoked and terminated, the judge will direct the District Attorney or counsel for the defendant to prepare and submit for signature Judicial Council of California form, [Notice of Termination of Protective Order in Criminal Proceeding \(CR-165\)](#).
2. Upon granting of a motion pursuant to Penal Code § 1203.2, the judge will direct the District Attorney or counsel for the defendant to prepare and submit for signature Judicial Council of California form, [Notice of Termination of Protective Order in Criminal Proceeding \(CR-165\)](#) within thirty (30) days.
3. If the Criminal Protective Order is not addressed in court at the time of termination of probation pursuant to Penal Code § 1203.2, the clerk of the court will, within thirty (30) days of resolution of the case, prepare a Notice of Termination and submit to the hearing judge for signature or to the presiding judge in their absence.

c. **Criminal Protective Orders issued pursuant to Penal Code § 273.5(j)**

1. These orders may be issued for up to ten (10) years and will remain in effect whether there is probation or not unless specifically addressed otherwise.

(Effective 7/1/19; renumbered 1/1/20)

3.11 Search Warrant

At the time the district attorney files a criminal complaint or information in a case in which a search warrant was previously executed by the district attorney or law enforcement, the district attorney must identify the search warrant number date signed and notify the court to place the search warrant in the criminal file. If the search warrant is sealed by order of the court, it will be placed in an envelope marked 'sealed'. If the search warrant is not sealed, it will be made available for public inspection in the case file.

(Effective 1/1/20)

Chapter 4: Family Court Rules

4.1 Scope

Family law matters include all matters related to the Family Law Act, Uniform Parentage Act, the Domestic Violence Prevention Act, the Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction Act, and the Domestic Partnership Act.

Guardianship proceedings under the Probate Code will be treated as Family Law matters subject to the rules set forth in this chapter.

Title IV-D actions heard by the Child Support Commissioner will be treated as Family Law matters subject to the rules set forth in this chapter.

(Effective 1/1/17; renumbered 1/1/19)

4.2 Assistance for Self-Represented Litigants

It is the policy of the court to refer self-represented litigants to the following resources for assistance with family law matters:

- a. **Family Law Facilitator:** The Family Law Facilitator will perform all duties prescribed or permitted by the Family Law Facilitator Act, Family Code § 10000 *et seq.* The Facilitator must be available during office hours and during Case Management Conferences to offer assistance to self-represented litigants. Please see the court website for the Facilitator's office hours: [Family Law Facilitator | Superior Court of California | County of Mendocino](#)
- b. **Self Help Center:** Staff in the Self-Help Center are also available to assist self-represented litigants with family law matters. Please see the court's website for the SHLA office hours: [Self-Help | Superior Court of California | County of Mendocino](#)

(Effective 1/1/17 renumbered 1/1/19; amended 1/1/22)

4.3 Family Law Facilitator Complaint Procedure

Members of the public who are dissatisfied with services provided by the Family Law Facilitator may submit a complaint to the Court Executive Officer. All complaints must be in writing ([Client Complaint Form MFL-270](#)) and submitted to the Court Executive Officer at 100 North State Street, Room 303, Ukiah, CA 95482. Complaints may be hand delivered, mailed or emailed to court.administration@mendocino.courts.ca.gov. The Court Executive Officer or designee will investigate such complaints and respond in writing to the complainant.

(Effective 7/1/19; amended 7/1/21; amended 1/1/22)

4.4 Family Law Facilitator Disqualification Procedure

As required by California Rules of Court rule 5.430(f), if the family law facilitator deems that he or she is biased against one (1) or more parties in a family law matter, the family law facilitator must disqualify himself or herself from assisting those parties. Should the parties' need the assistance of a family law facilitator, the court will reach out to neighboring courts for such assistance on behalf of the parties.

(Effective 7/1/19; amended 1/1/22)

4.5 Family Law Case Management

The court will actively manage dissolution, legal separation, nullity, and parentage cases in order to reduce unnecessary delay and expense, encourage reasonable preparation, and facilitate early settlement.

- a. **Scheduling of Family Law Case Management Conferences:** An initial Family Law Case Management Conference will be scheduled by the clerk within 180 days of the filing of a new petition for dissolution, legal separation, nullity, parentage, or custody and support. All new filings submitted pursuant to local rule 1.7 must include a blank [Notice of Family Law Case Management Conference \(MFL-250\)](#) which will be issued and returned to the filer by the clerk. For new filings submitted by any non-e-filing means, the clerk will prepare and deliver the [Notice of Family Law Case Management Conference \(MFL-250\)](#) to the filing party when the petition is filed.
- b. **Petitioner Must Promptly Serve Notice of Family Law Case Management Conference:** A copy of the Notice of Family Law Case Management Conference must be served on the responding party, together with the summons and petition, and proof of service thereof must be filed promptly with the court. The summons, petition, and notice of case management conference should be served within 60 days of case initiation (California Rules of Court rule 5.83(c)(4)(A)).
- c. **Family Law Case Status Reports:** Each party must file and serve a [Family Law Case Status Report \(MFL-251\)](#) at least five (5) days prior to the Family Law Case Management Conference.
- d. **Appearance at Family Law Case Management Conference:** Either the party or, if represented, the party's attorney, should appear at the Family Law Case Management Conference. At each conference, the court will review the status of the case, discovery issues, settlement options, alternative dispute resolution, and unresolved issues. The court may make any orders at the Family Law Case Management Conference which it deems necessary, consistent with Family Code §§ 2450-2451 or 2032(d).

(Effective 1/1/17; renumbered 1/1/19; renumbered & amended 7/1/19; amended 7/1/21; amended 1/1/22)

4.6 Requests for Orders

- a. **Calendaring Request for Orders for Hearing:** Request for Orders regarding custody and visitation of children, child support, spousal support, property control, and other issues will initially be calendared for hearing on the family law law and motion calendar. Matters heard on the 9:30 a.m. law and motion calendar will be limited to a maximum of 30 minutes. If the parties or counsel believe that the matter will exceed 30 minutes, the matter may be continued by stipulation for an evidentiary hearing or may remain on the law and motion calendar for the purpose of setting and/or requesting temporary orders prior to the evidentiary hearing.
- b. **Meet and Confer Requirement:** Prior to the hearing on any Request for Order, the parties and, if represented, the parties' counsel, must meet and confer in a good faith effort to resolve all issues. All relevant documents must be exchanged prior to or at the meet and confer session in the absence of good cause to the contrary. A failure to meet and confer may result in the matter being dropped from the calendar or continued in order to allow the parties to meet and confer. Failure to meet and confer in good faith will be considered by the court in connection with any request for award of attorney's fees or sanctions pursuant to Family Code § 271.
- c. **Unserved Request for Order:** If a Request for Order has not been timely served, the moving party must submit a completed Judicial Council of California form, [Request to Continue Hearing \(and Extend Temporary Emergency \(Ex Parte\) Orders\) \(FL-306\)](#). The court will not hear a Request for Order unless 1) a proof of service demonstrating timely service has been filed by the moving party; or 2) the opposing party personally appears and waives any defect in service on the record in open court. Even when the opposing party appears, however, the court will not hear a Request for Order unless a valid proof of service of summons and petition has been filed.
- d. **Evidence Required for Hearings Involving Financial Issues**
 1. **Income and Expense Declaration:** A current Judicial Council of California [Income and Expense Declaration \(FL-150\)](#) must be filed with both the moving and responsive papers for any hearing involving financial issues, including support and attorney fees and costs. An Income and Expense Declaration is current if it has been completed within three months of the hearing and providing no facts have changed. Supplemental, updated, or responsive Income and Expense Declarations must be served at least five (5) court days before the hearing. All portions of the form must be completed. Insertion of the word "unknown" does not constitute compliance with this rule. The gross income of all persons living with the party must be provided on the Income and Expense Declaration. All cash, funds on deposit, stocks, bonds, and other easily sold assets must be fully disclosed.

To verify current income, parties must serve copies of the following documents with their Income and Expense Declaration if they are not

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otherwise required to be attached to the Income and Expense Declaration. Documents that are required by this rule to be served with the Income and Expense Declaration may be lodged with the court at the time of the hearing.

- a. **For salaried employees:** The prior calendar year W-2 and all pay stubs for the last two (2) months showing all forms of year-to-date earned income.
 - b. **For self-employed individuals, including independent contractors:** A schedule reflecting all compensation received year-to-date and the last two (2) filed IRS 1040 Schedule C or C-EZ; profit-and-loss statements and balance sheets for the two (2) prior calendar years and the current year-to-date.
 - c. **For employees who are shareholders in a closely held corporation:** The prior calendar year W-2; all pay stubs for the last two (2) months showing all forms of year-to-date income; all IRS K-1s for two (2) prior years; the last filed IRS Schedule E (Part II); profit and loss statements and balance sheets for the two (2) prior calendar years and the current year-to-date.
 - d. **For partnership income:** A schedule reflecting all compensation received year-to-date, all IRS K-1s for the two (2) prior years; the last filed IRS Schedule E (Part II); profit and loss statements and the balance sheets for the two (2) prior calendar years and the current year-to-date.
 - e. **For rental income:** The last filed IRS Schedule E (Part I); summaries of all rental receipts, deposits, disbursements, and expenses for the prior calendar year and for all periods year-to-date.
 - f. **For dividend income, interest income, trust income, or other earned income:** The prior calendar year IRS 1099s; the last filed IRS Schedule B; an itemized summary of all funds on deposit, shares of stock, bonds, or other income-producing assets owned, and the rate of return currently being paid thereon; and any income derived there from during the prior calendar year, and year-to-date.
2. **Disclosure of Income Tax Returns:** Parties must bring a copy of their most recent federal tax return to the hearing. In addition, when child, family, or spousal support is requested, a party may require the opposing party to provide copies of both state and federal income tax returns pursuant to Family Code § 3552. A request for tax returns must be made no later than 10:00 a.m. five (5) court days before the hearing. Copies of the tax returns including all schedules, W-2s, 1099s, and K-1s must be provided to the requesting party or counsel the earlier of five (5) court days after the request or 10:00 a.m. two (2) court days before the hearing.

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Tax returns served pursuant to this rule must not be filed with the court except as provided in Family Code § 3552.

3. **Child and Temporary Spousal Support Guidelines:** The court uses the DissoMaster™ computer program to calculate guideline child support (except in Department of Child Support Services enforcement actions) and temporary spousal support. In calculating temporary spousal support, the court uses the “Santa Clara” formula as contained with the DissoMaster™ computer program.
4. **Deviations from Guideline Child Support or Temporary Spousal Support:** Unless otherwise allowed by the court, if a party contends that the amount of support as calculated under the guideline formula is inappropriate, that party must file a declaration stating the amount of support alleged to be proper and the factual and legal bases justifying a deviation from guideline support. In its discretion, for good cause shown, the court may deviate from the amount of guideline support resulting from the computer calculation.
5. **Request for Attorney Fees**
 - a. **Attorney Declaration:** Any request for attorney fees or costs in excess of \$2,000 must be accompanied by a factual declaration completed by the attorney. The declaration must state the attorney’s hourly rate, the amount of fees due and payable, how fees requested were or will be spent, and identification of a source for payment of the fees. The declaration must also state such facts as may be relevant to the court’s determination of the reasonableness of the fees.
 - b. **Bifurcation Re: Fees and Costs:** Where counsel requests fees pursuant to Family Code § 271, the court will defer any decision until all other issues have been determined and will not receive an attorney’s declaration relating thereto until commencing consideration of the attorney fee issue.
6. **Request for Expert Fees:** Any request for expert fees must be accompanied by a factual declaration completed by the expert. The declaration must state the expert’s hourly rate, the scope of the expert’s task, and an estimate of the number of hours required to complete the task.
7. **Request for Modification of Prior Support Orders:** The supporting declaration submitted in support of any request for modification of a prior child or spousal support order must include specific facts demonstrating a change of circumstances.

e. **Continuances**

1. **Stipulated Continuances:** After the Request for Order has been served, three (3) continuances (not counting continuances necessitated by the

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court due to overbookings for mediation or the lack of an interpreter) may be obtained by stipulation upon payment of the continuance fee.

2. **Continuances for Good Cause:** Other than as allowed in paragraph (e)(1), continuances must be obtained by appearance and order of the court upon good cause shown. Continuances of “special set” matters are discouraged. If the matter has settled, the parties must either appear in court and announce the settlement on the record or provide the court with a written settlement agreement or stipulation at, or prior to, the hearing. In the absence of a settlement or good cause shown, a “special set” matter generally will not be continued but will be dropped from calendar without prejudice.

f. **Hearings on Request for Orders**

1. **Personal or Remote Appearance Required:** A party, or his or her attorney, must appear personally or remotely at the hearing on a Request for Order. Any party who wishes to appear remotely must follow the procedures set forth in local rule 1.9.
2. **Late Appearance:** If for any reason an attorney or party is unable to be present at the time the matter is called for hearing, he or she must immediately notify the clerk and the opposing party, by telephone, of the reasons for and the extent of the delay.
3. **Failure to Appear:** Failure of the moving party, or his or her attorney, to appear without notice to the responding party will in most cases result in the matter being dropped from the calendar. However, if a party who has filed a response to a Request for Order re custody and visitation appears and asks to go forward, the court may either continue the matter and award attorney’s fees to the responding party or may enter an order on the pleading and testimony of the responding party. If the responding party fails to appear without notice to the moving party, the court will either continue the matter and award attorney’s fees or may enter an order on the pleadings and testimony of the moving party.

(Effective 1/1/17; amended 7/1/18; renumbered & amended 1/1/19; renumbered & amended 7/1/19; amended 1/1/20; amended 7/1/21)

4.7 **Ex Parte/Emergency Family Law Orders**

- a. Information concerning general procedures for filing *ex parte*/Emergency Order applications can be found in local rule 1.10.
- b. **Ex Parte/Emergency Orders Disfavored Except Upon Strong Showing of Potential Harm.** It is the policy of this court not to grant *ex parte*/emergency orders on the following subjects without a very strong factual showing of grave danger, emergency, or severe detriment to a party or a child prior to the time the issues can be properly set for a noticed hearing with the parties present and afforded an opportunity to be heard:

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1. Establishing or modifying child custody and visitation orders;
2. Temporary use or possession of personal property;
3. Temporary financial orders, including but not limited to temporary spousal support or child support;
4. Removal of one party from the family home.

c. Declarations in Support of *Ex Parte*/Emergency Orders

1. All declarations must be based upon personal knowledge of the declarant. The court, in its discretion, may decide not to consider the merits of an unsubstantiated declaration which is based on hearsay, and which is not subject to any recognized hearsay exception in deciding whether or not to grant *ex parte*/emergency relief.
2. All declarations in support of *ex parte*/emergency relief must specifically describe the dates of incidents, provide a detailed factual description of what happened, and identify the specific harm which has been threatened or actually caused. Conclusions, feelings, wishes, or fears will not support a request for *ex parte*/emergency relief.
3. The court must have accurate, complete information before deciding whether to issue an *ex parte*/emergency order. Accordingly, parties and attorneys must fully disclose relevant facts in preparing declarations in support of *ex parte*/emergency orders. **YOU MUST DISCLOSE WHETHER THE REQUESTED *EX PARTE*/EMERGENCY ORDER WILL RESULT IN A CHANGE OF THE STATUS QUO.**

d. Notice to Opposing Party

1. Prior to review of an *ex parte* application for a court order, a declaration regarding notice must be completed and filed with the court clerk showing that the opposing party received notification of the request for *ex parte* orders as follows:
 - a. For an *ex parte* request for Domestic Violence Restraining Order, the [Declaration re: Notice upon Ex Parte Application for Orders \(MMC-121\)](#), must be filed.
 - b. For a request for temporary emergency court orders (TECO), Judicial Council form [FL-303 Declaration regarding Notice and Service of Request for Temporary Emergency \(Ex Parte\) Orders](#) must be filed.

(Effective 7/1/21)

4.8 Supervised Visitation

If necessary to ensure the physical or emotional security of a child, the court may order that visitation between a parent and a child be supervised. Supervised visits may be conducted in person or remotely via telephone or video.

The court may also order a parent to use the services of a professional supervisor who charges a fee for their services. The court will allocate the cost of supervision between the parents at the time of referral for paid supervised visitation.

(Effective 7/1/21)

4.9 Child Custody and Visitation

a. Mediation

1. **Participation in Mediation Generally Required:** In all proceedings involving a contested issue regarding custody or visitation of a child, the parties must attend mediation prior to a hearing or trial. Mediation sessions occur in a variety of ways: in-person, by telephone or video. Failure to attend a scheduled mediation without good cause may result in sanctions against the party who fails to attend. Sanctions may include, but are not limited to, monetary sanctions, denial of relief sought, dismissal of Request for Order, entry of substantive orders, or contempt.
2. **Appearance for Mediation.**
 - a. Complete and return the [Family Mediation Intake Form \(MFL-230\)](#) by fax, email, or days prior to the mediation session;
 - b. Follow the procedures set forth in local rule 1.9.
3. **Non-Recommendation Confidential Mediation:** Mediation sessions are confidential. The mediator conducting a confidential mediation will not make a report or recommendation regarding the child except as follows:
 - a. **Child at Risk:** As a mandated reporter, the mediator will make a report to Child Welfare Services if the mediator believes that a child is at risk of abuse or neglect.
 - b. **Threats of Death or Bodily Injury:** The mediator is required to report threats of death or great bodily harm made to a party, any other person, or to the mediator.
 - c. **Minor's Attorney:** The mediator may request that the court consider appointing counsel to represent the child(ren).
 - d. **Child Custody Evaluator:** The mediator may request a child custody evaluator.

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4. **Children May Not Participate in Mediation Without Prior Authorization:** A child who is of sufficient age to express a meaningful preference may participate in mediation with the consent of all parties and the prior authorization of the mediator. Parties must not bring a child to court with the expectation that the child will be allowed to participate in mediation prior to obtaining the consent of the other party and the mediator.
 5. **Mediator May Not be a Witness:** The mediator may not be called as a witness at any court hearing regarding any matter discussed during confidential mediation.
 6. **Parties Do Not Reach Agreement:** If the parties do not reach agreement on some or all of the issues presented, the mediator will schedule a court hearing date and notify the parties and their attorneys.
 7. **Ex Parte Communication:** Except as provided in Family Code § 216, there must be no *ex parte* communication between the attorney for any party (including minor's counsel) and the mediator, except to schedule appointments. No attorney or party will provide the mediator with documents relevant to the case without first giving copies to the other parties or attorneys.
 8. **Interpreters:** The court will attempt to obtain the services of a certified interpreter for mediation if such is required by one or more of the parties. If a certified interpreter is not available, a neutral person fluent in English and the party's native language may interpret for the party in mediation after signing a confidentiality agreement. In no case may a child of the parties serve as an interpreter.
 9. **Mediation Complaints:** A party or attorney who wishes to lodge a complaint about a mediator must complete a [Client Complaint Form \(MFL-270\)](#), and deliver to the Court Executive Officer at the earliest opportunity. The Court Executive Officer or designee will investigate the complaint which will include consultation with the mediator. Within 30 days of receiving the complaint, the complainant will be informed in writing of the court's findings and decision, which will be final.
- b. **Co-Parenting Workshop:** In an action for dissolution of marriage or legal separation involving children, and in any action to determine parentage or for modification of custody and visitation, each parent is required to attend a Co-parenting Workshop.

A list of approved classes is available on the court website and from the mediator.

Parties should complete their Co-parenting Workshop as soon as practicable. If in-person classes are offered, parties will not participate in the same class.

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Parties must submit a certificate of completion from the Co-parenting Workshop to the court. The completion or failure to complete the workshop will be considered by the court in any custody/visitation hearings.

c. **Appointment of Counsel for the Child**

1. **Generally:** Pursuant to Family Code § 3151, the court may appoint counsel to represent the best interests of the child.
2. **Compensation:** When the court appoints counsel to represent a child, counsel will receive a reasonable sum for compensation and expenses. Compensation and expenses will be determined by the court and paid by the parents in such proportion as the court deems just, or by the court pursuant to Family Code § 3153. Counsel must utilize the billing procedures set forth in local rule 1.29.
3. **Complaints:** A parent's complaint about court appointed counsel for a child must be made in writing to the family law judge. A copy of the complaint must be provided to all parties. The court will determine what action, if any, to take, including whether the complaint should be referred to the appropriate professional licensing board. The court will explain its decision in a written ruling or on the record in open court. If a child complains about his or her court-appointed attorney, the court may follow the procedures set forth above or hold a confidential hearing provided that a confidential verbatim transcript of said hearing is prepared.

d. **Child's Participation in Custody Proceedings**

1. **Court to Determine Nature of Child's Participation Prior to Custody Proceeding:** Pursuant to Family Code § 3042 and California Rules of Court rule 5.250, the court will determine whether participation in a custody proceeding is in a child's best interest and how the child's input will be received. Accordingly:
 - a. No party or attorney, including court-appointed counsel for a child, will bring a child to court with the expectation that the child will participate in a custody proceeding *unless* the court has previously entered an oral or written order authorizing the child's participation.
 - b. Parties, counsel, or a mediator who have information that a child wishes to address the court must inform the court and all other parties at the earliest opportunity.
3. **Procedure for Obtaining Court Order Re Child's Participation in Custody Proceeding**
 - a. Parties or counsel may request a court order regarding a child's participation in a custody proceeding by any of the following methods:

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- i. If the child is at least 14 years of age:
 - a. The child or child's attorney may ask the judge orally in open court or in writing for an opportunity to address the court regarding custody and visitation issues. If the request is in writing and has not been served on all parties, the court must ensure that the written request is served on the parties or their attorney[s], and that the parties have an opportunity to respond before ruling on the child's request.
 - b. The parties may submit a stipulation signed by all parties or their attorney[s], including the child or child's counsel, setting forth the method by which the child will participate in the custody proceeding and requesting that the court adopt the stipulation as the court order. The court may set a hearing to determine if the stipulation is in the child's best interest.
- ii. If the child is under 14 years of age:
 - a. The parties may submit a stipulation signed by all parties or their attorney[s], including the child's counsel, setting forth the method by which a child will participate in the custody proceeding and requesting that the court adopt the stipulation as the court order. The court may set a hearing to determine if the stipulation is in the child's best interest.
 - b. Parties or their counsel may file a noticed Request for Order or an *ex parte* application for a court order determining whether a child may participate in a custody proceeding and the method of such participation.
 - c. At the time a custody matter is set for a trial or an evidentiary hearing, parties or their counsel may make an oral motion requesting a child participate in the trial or evidentiary hearing. The court may take any of the following actions in response to the oral motion:
 - 1. After considering argument by all parties, issue an oral ruling on the motion,
 - 2. Continue the matter for hearing,
 - 3. Appoint counsel for the child and continue the matter for hearing, or

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4. Take such other steps as the court deems proper.
- b. A mediator who has information that a child wishes to address the court must promptly inform the court and all parties or their attorney[s] using any method reasonably calculated to provide such notice. Upon receiving such information from the mediator, the court may:
 - i. set the matter for hearing,
 - ii. appoint counsel for the child, or
 - iii. take such other steps as the court deems proper.

4. Evidentiary Issues

- a. If the court decides that a child may be called as a witness in a custody proceeding, the court must rule upon the issues set forth in California Rules of Court rule 2.50(d)(3)-(6).
- b. If the parties stipulate or the court orders that a child's input may be received by way of a child interview (California Rules of Court rule 2.50(d)(1)(E)), the stipulation and order will provide that the court may receive in evidence a written summary of the child interview or hear the testimony of the professional who conducted the child interview, including statements made by the child during the interview. All other objections to the written summary or testimony are preserved.

(Effective 1/1/17; renumbered & amended 1/1/19; renumbered & amended 7/1/19; amended 1/1/20; amended 7/1/21; amended 1/1/22)

4.10 Default or Uncontested Judgments

- a. **By Affidavit or Declaration:** To obtain a Judgment of Dissolution or Legal Separation by Declaration (non-appearance) pursuant to Family Code § 2336, the following completed forms must be submitted to the clerk:
 1. Declaration for Default or Uncontested Dissolution, signed by one of the parties. In the absence of an agreement between the parties, the relief sought in the declaration must agree with relief sought in the petition. If either party is receiving public assistance, that fact must be stated.
 2. Current Income and Expense Declaration if (1) support is to be ordered, (2) there are minor children and child support is not reserved, or (3) the marriage has existed for 10 years or more, unless parties have otherwise agreed in a Marital Settlement Agreement or stipulation.
 3. Request to Enter Default or Appearance, Stipulation and Waiver, whichever applies.

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4. Original and two (2) copies of Judgment.
 5. Original and two (2) copies of Notice of Entry of Judgment.
 6. Two (2) pre-addressed, stamped envelopes with proper postage for the parties, with the return address of Superior Court of California, County of Mendocino.
- b. **Acknowledgment of Receipt of Proof of Service:** No default will be entered without filing a Proof of Service of Summons with the clerk. Unless the court orders otherwise, a default will not be entered based on a Notice and Acknowledgment of Receipt signed by a person other than the party to whom it is directed.
- c. **Child Support, Spousal Support, or Attorney Fees Awards:** No award of child support, spousal support, or attorney fees will be granted unless there is either an attached written agreement between the parties settling those issues, or there is sufficient information on which the court may base an order, including a fully completed and executed Income and Expense Declaration (with information on both parties where available and a support calculation, if applicable. If either party is receiving public assistance, the signature of an attorney in the Department of Child Support Services consenting to the child support provision must be affixed to the judgment. The judgment must contain a provision for medical support pursuant to Family Code § 3750-3753.
- d. **Community and/or Separate Property and Debts:** No division of community property (assets or debts) or confirmation of separate property will be ordered unless there is either an attached written agreement between the parties settling those issues, or there is a completed Property Declaration attached to and served with the Request to Enter Default.
- e. **Custody and Visitation:** Where the judgment is taken by default and either supervised visitation or denial of visitation is requested, unless a written agreement of the parties concerning custody and visitation is submitted with the judgment, a factual declaration under penalty of perjury must be submitted with the judgment. The declaration must be mailed to the defaulting party with the Request to Enter Default, and proof of mailing must be filed with the court. The declaration must include the following:
1. **Where a party is seeking to deny visitation between the child and the defaulting party:** The specific reasons visitation should be denied; the date upon the last visitation between the child and the defaulting party occurred; and a statement that the whereabouts of the defaulting party is unknown, or, if known, the defaulting party's address.
 2. **Where a party is seeking supervised visitation between a child and the defaulting party:** The reasons such visitation should be supervised; when and where supervised visitation should occur; the name and address of the person or agency who/which will perform the supervision; and the method by which the supervisor is to be compensated.

3. **Other information:** The date upon which the parties separated, the identity of the primary caretaker of the child during the last six (6) months, and the extent of contact between the child and the non-caretaker parent during that time.
- f. If the court, in its discretion, requires additional information in order to enter a default or uncontested judgment, the party or parties will be noticed of date and time to appear.

(Effective 1/1/17; renumbered 1/1/19; renumbered 7/1/19)

4.11 Family Law Trials

- a. **Trial Setting:** At any time after a response to the petition has been filed, either party may request that a trial date be set by filing a [Request for Trial – Family Law \(MFL-143\)](#), or by orally requesting a trial date at any Family Law Case Management Conference.
- b. **Mandatory Settlement Conference:** All family law trials estimated to take more than one day will be set for a mandatory settlement conference with either a judicial officer or a family law attorney serving as a settlement conference official. Any other family law matter may be set for a mandatory settlement conference at the request of the parties or in the discretion of the court. Mandatory settlement conferences must be conducted in compliance with local rule 4.12.
- c. **Parties to Exchange Information and Trial Briefs Prior to Trial:** The parties must exchange evidentiary documents, motions in limine, trial briefs and other documents expected to be used at trial in accordance with the rules governing civil trials set forth in local rules 2.1 through 2.6.
- d. **Continuances:** Continuances of Family Law trials are governed by local rule 4.6(e).
- e. **Return of Exhibits:** All exhibits and other materials offered in evidence or otherwise presented at trials/hearings, including transcripts of depositions and administrative records, will be returned at the conclusion of the matter to the custody of the offering party, unless otherwise ordered.

The custodial party must sign for all exhibits and other materials from the court clerk and must maintain all exhibits and other materials in the same condition as received from the clerk until 60 days after a final judgment or dismissal of the entire case is entered.

(Effective 1/1/17; amended 7/1/18; renumbered & amended 1/1/19; renumbered & amended 7/1/19; amended 1/1/20; amended 7/1/21)

4.12 Mandatory Settlement Conferences

- a. **Discovery:** Discovery must be completed no later than five (5) court days prior to the settlement conference, except upon order of the court for good cause shown.

- b. **Settlement Conference Statements**

- 1. **Time for Lodging and Service.** At least five (5) calendar days before the settlement conference, each party must prepare, lodge with the court, and service on the other party, a Settlement Conference Statement as set forth below. If service is by mail, an additional five (5) calendar days' notice is required.

- 2. **Contents**

- a. **Income and Expenses:** In all cases where support or attorney fees is in issue, a current Judicial Council Income and Expense Declaration must be prepared, signed, and dated. In addition, all income and other financial information as required by local rule 4.6(d) must be attached.

- b. **Assets and Liabilities:** In all cases where property issues (characterization, division, and/or valuation) are unresolved, each party must prepare a comprehensive inventory of all assets (real and personal) and liabilities claimed by the community property and/or community debt. This inventory can either be typed on applicable Judicial Council forms or may be prepared in any form which contains substantially the same information as set forth on the Judicial Council forms.

The parties must attach to their Settlement Conference Statements copies of the completed inventory assets and liabilities forms indicating their claim to values and proposal for division of property.

In all cases where the characterization of real or personal property of the parties (whether community or separate) or reimbursement for contributions to the community from a separate property source is in issue, the parties must set forth all of the facts upon which their claims are based and cite appropriate legal authorities for each of those claims.

- c. **Contentions about Child and Spousal Support:** Both parties must specify their contentions as to the amount of child support and amount and duration of spousal support. Include calculations showing guideline child support. If any child is a recipient of public assistance, and the Department of Child Support Services is the assignee of the support, the statement must show that the Department of Child Support Services has been notified of the time and date of the Settlement Conference and has been provided

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copies of all pertinent, current financial documents (*i.e.* Income and Expense Declarations, support calculations, etc.).

- d. **Contentions about Attorney Fees, Accountant Fees, Expert Fees, and Costs:** Both parties must include in their statement their position regarding requests for attorney and accountant fees, other expert fees, and court costs. Where appropriate, such requests must be supported by adequate documentation.

(Effective 1/1/17; renumbered & amended 1/1/19; renumbered & amended 7/1/19)

4.13 Transportation of Prisoners to Family Law Hearings

- a. Except as provided for by law, when the parental or marital rights of any inmate of the Mendocino County Jail are subject to adjudication, the inmate may request to be transported to court by submitting a [Request to be Transported Pursuant to Penal Code § 2625 \(MMC-122\)](#).
- b. Persons incarcerated in State Prison, CRC, or the Division of Juvenile Justice, whose parental rights are subject to adjudication, may request to be transported to court by submitting a completed Judicial Council of California form [Order for Prisoner's Appearance at Hearing Affecting Prisoner's Parental Rights \(JV-450\)](#).

(Effective 7/1/09; amended 1/1/10; amended 1/1/17; renumbered & amended 1/1/19; renumbered 7/1/19)

Chapter 5: Juvenile Court Rules

These local rules are intended to supplement State statutes which are principally found in the Welfare & Institutions Code. In addition, they supplement the California Rules of Court relating to juvenile court matters (see California Rules of Court rules 5.501-5.830) (*Effective 1/1/99; amended 7/1/05; renumbered & amended 1/1/07*).

To the extent that any of these rules conflict with either State statute or California Rules of Court, the local rule is of no legal effect.

These rules cover juvenile court law, but not juvenile traffic hearings or traffic hearing appeals. (*Amended 1/1/22*)

5.1 Judicial Administration

There will be one presiding judge of the juvenile court. The presiding judge will be selected by the presiding judge of the court.

(*Effective 1/1/99; renumbered 1/1/19*)

5.2 Noticed Motions and Requests to Place Matter on Calendar

No noticed motion will be accepted by the clerk for filing unless it is accompanied by a proof of service.

No request to place a matter on calendar, except a request to set a detention hearing, will be accepted by the clerk or placed on calendar, unless the request is submitted in writing not less than 48 hours prior to the requested hearing date. Any request submitted less than 48 hours prior to the requested hearing date, other than a request for a detention hearing, must be accompanied by an order shortening time.

(*Effective 1/1/99; amended 7/1/04; renumbered 1/1/19*)

5.3 Pre-hearing Discovery

- a. **Timely Disclosure of Informal Discovery:** Pre-hearing discovery will be conducted informally. Except as protected by privilege, all relevant material must be disclosed in a timely fashion to all parties to the litigation, *In re Jose Z.* (1970) 3 Cal.3d 797, California Rules of Court rule 3.850.
- b. Pre-hearing discovery in delinquency matters will be conducted in accordance with Penal Code § 1054 et seq. and California Rules of Court rule 5.546.
- c. **Discovery Motions:** Only after all informal means have been exhausted may a party petition the court for discovery. Any noticed motion must state the relevancy and materiality of the information sought and the reasons why informal discovery was not adequate to secure that information. The motion must be served on all parties at least five (5) judicial days before the hearing date. The date for the hearing will be obtained from the clerk of the department hearing

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juvenile matters. Any responsive papers must be filed and served two (2) judicial days prior to the hearing.

- d. **Civil Discovery:** There will be no depositions, interrogatories, subpoenas of juvenile records or other similar types of civil discovery without approval of a judge of the juvenile court upon noticed motion.
- e. **Requests for Transcripts:** Requests for transcripts in any juvenile case must be submitted on [Request for Special Transcript and Order \(MJV-300\)](#) and in accordance with local rule 5.21.

(Effective 1/1/99; amended 7/1/04; renumbered 1/1/07; amended 1/1/07; renumbered 1/1/10; amended 1/1/17; amended 1/1/18; renumbered & amended 1/1/19)

5.4 Ex Parte Orders

- a. **Application for *Ex Parte* Order; Declaration:** An *ex parte* order will be issued only if the application is accompanied by a declaration adequate to support its issuance. Ordinarily, an *ex parte* order will not be issued unless one of the following conditions exist:
 - 1. Notice was given to all counsel, social workers, probation officers, child advocates, and parents who are not represented by counsel so that party might oppose the application;
 - 2. It clearly appears in the declaration that giving notice would frustrate the purpose of the proposed order;
 - 3. The applicant or the child would suffer an irreparable injury before the other parties could be heard in opposition; or,
 - 4. It appears by declaration that no significant burden or inconvenience will result to the adverse parties.
- b. The party requesting the *ex parte* order may apply to the clerk in the juvenile department where the matter would normally be heard for a time to submit the request.
- c. The party requesting the *ex parte* orders must inform the judge that notice has been given by submitting a [Declaration Re Notice of Ex Parte Application for Orders \(MMC-121\)](#). The Declaration must state the names of the persons to whom notice was given, the manner of giving notice, that the persons were given a copy of the application or notice of its content, and the time that the matter would be submitted to the court, and if notice was not given to any person entitled thereto, the reason that such notice was not given. The original declaration and accompanying Application for Order must be submitted to the court clerk in the juvenile department where the matter would normally be heard.

(Effective 1/1/99; amended 7/1/07; renumbered 1/1/19)

5.5 Attendance at Hearings (California Rules of Court rule 1610)

- a. Unless excused by the court, each party and attorney must attend each scheduled juvenile court hearing.
- b. All children are entitled to attend court hearings. Every child four (4) years or older must be told of his or her right to attend court hearings by his or her attorney and his or her probation officer/social worker. If the child is present, the judicial officer hearing the case may view and speak with the child.

(Effective 1/1/99; amended 7/1/05; renumbered 1/1/19)

5.6 Pretrial Conference (No Statute) (No Court Rule)

Pretrial Conferences must be held prior to every contested hearing, unless expressly deemed unnecessary by the judicial officer setting the contested hearing. Settlement of the case will be discussed at the pretrial conference.

(Effective 1/1/199; amended 7/1/04; renumbered 1/1/19)

5.7 Access to Courtroom by Non-Parties (W&I §§ 345, 346, 676)

Unless specifically permitted by statute, juvenile court proceedings are confidential and will not be open to the general public.

The court encourages interested persons to attend juvenile proceedings in order to better understand the workings of the juvenile court. The court retains the discretion to determine in each case whether any such interested party may remain in the courtroom.

The court or its agent will remind each such nonparty that the name(s) of parties or identifying information from any case are confidential and should not be repeated to anyone outside of the court.

(Effective 1/1/99; amended 7/1/04; renumbered 1/1/19)

5.8 Remote Appearance Policy for Juvenile Dependency Proceedings

- a. **Evidentiary Hearings.** For any type of evidentiary hearing, parties and witnesses must appear in person or have permission from the court to appear remotely. The court may make exceptions to this policy in the following instances:
 - 1. If County Counsel is not advised prior to a hearing that a social worker on the coast will be required, the social worker may appear remotely.
 - 2. Qualified expert witnesses may appear for testimony remotely.
 - 3. Litigants that travel a long distance may appear remotely with advance authorization from the court.

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- b. **Pre-trial Conference, Review Hearings, and Other Hearings.** Remote appearances are authorized for pre-trial conferences, review hearings, and other hearings.
1. Parties must appear in person for any hearing that could require testimony or submittal of documents/exhibits.
 2. Parties must advise the court if the jurisdictional hearing will be contested. If contested, in person appearances are required unless permission for remote appearance is given in advance by the judge.

c. **Remote Appearance Procedures**

1. Parties wishing to appear remotely must file a [Request for Remote Appearance in a Juvenile Proceeding \(MJV-115\)](#) with the clerk no later than noon two business days prior to the hearing. Such requests must be approved by the judge hearing the matter. Parties must contact the court by 1:00 p.m. the day before the hearing to find out whether the request is granted or denied. If the party fails to contact the court by 1:00 p.m. the day prior to the hearing or the court has not received the judge's ruling, the party must appear in person.
2. When appearing remotely, parties and witnesses must sign in with their first and last names so they can be easily identified while in the waiting room. Parties who sign in with phone numbers, email addresses, etc. will not be allowed into the hearing.
3. All parties and witnesses will remain in the waiting room until the clerk allows them "in" to participate in the proceedings.
4. Please review local rule 1.9(c) and (g) for additional requirements in remote appearances.
5. **Exhibits.** Exhibits must be filed five business days before the hearing and must be served on all parties.

E-filed exhibits must be submitted in the format required in 1.7(a)(5) along with the [Exhibit Cover Sheet \(MEX-180\)](#). Transcripts for audio exhibits must be included with the initial filing of the audio exhibit.

Exhibits filed with the court in other electronic formats (flash drive, CD, etc.) must be in the format required in 1.7(a)(4) and filed with the [Electronic Media Exhibit Cover Sheet \(MEX-185\)](#). They must be clearly labeled with the following: the case name, the case number, the hearing date, time, and department. Transcripts for audio exhibits must be included with the initial filing of the audio exhibit.

(Effective 1/1/22)

5.9 Informal Exchange of Juvenile Records

- a. For the purpose of this rule, “juvenile records” include those records described in California Rules of Court rule 5.552, and all records maintained by the juvenile division of the Mendocino County Probation Department (“Probation”) and the Family & Children’s Services Division of the Mendocino County Health & Human Services Agency, even if the Departments’ contacts with a child or the child’s family are informal and juvenile court proceedings are not instituted. (*T.N.G. vs. Superior Court* (1971) 4C.3d 767, 780-781)
- b. Except as provided in subsection (c) all requests for inspection and disclosure of juvenile records will be governed by the procedures set forth in W&I § 827, California Rules of Court rule 5.552, and local rule 5.8.
- c. Notwithstanding the policy that juvenile records should remain confidential, the law recognizes that it is in the best interest of children that exceptions to confidentiality be made so that persons investigating or working with children and their families may obtain complete, prompt and accurate information concerning the child and the family (*See, e.g.,* W&I § 827(a)(1)(J), (K))

The court hereby finds that a limited and informal disclosure of juvenile records by Probation and Family & Children’s Services to the agencies, individuals and organizations listed below on a “need to know” basis will benefit children and their families by avoiding duplication of investigative efforts, and by allowing the agencies, individuals and organizations who work with, treat, or make recommendations regarding children and their families to promptly access relevant information. This process will benefit the court by ensuring that agencies, individuals, and organizations who work with children and families have prompt access to all information which may be relevant in determining what is in a child’s best interest. The public interest in achieving these goals outweighs the confidentiality interests reflected in W&I §§ 827 and 10850, *et. seq.*, and establishes good cause for this rule.

1. Family & Children’s Services and Probation may provide verbal information regarding, allow inspection of, or provide copies of, relevant juvenile records to the following agencies, persons and organizations on an “as needed” basis:
 - a. Probation;
 - b. Family & Children’s Services;
 - c. Facilitators of Family & Children’s Services parenting programs, including but not limited to, the Intake Support Group and the Family Empowerment Group;
 - d. Mendocino County Behavioral Health & Recovery Services, or any private psychologist, psychiatrist, or mental health professional ordered by the Juvenile Court to examine or treat any child who falls within the jurisdiction of the juvenile court, and his or her parent or guardian;

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- e. Foster Family Agencies;
 - f. Any hospital where a child is an inpatient for psychiatric reasons, for the purpose of treatment or discharge planning;
 - g. Redwood Coast Regional Center;
 - h. Any sexual abuse treatment program or victims' group to which a child or his or her parent or guardian is referred for treatment by the Juvenile Court;
 - i. Any substance abuse treatment provider, including but not limited to the Mendocino County Alcohol and Other Drugs Program (AODP), to which a child or his or her parent or guardian is referred to for treatment by the Juvenile Court;
 - j. Victim/Witness coordinators for the State of California Victims of Crime Programs;
 - k. Any domestic violence and/or anger management treatment program to which a child or his or her parent or guardian is referred to for treatment by the Juvenile Court;
 - l. The designated trial representative or the Indian Child Welfare Worker for any federally recognized Native American Indian tribes located in Mendocino County;
 - m. A judge or commissioner assigned to a family law case with issues concerning custody or visitation;
 - n. The family court mediator or court-appointed evaluator conducting an assessment or evaluation of child custody, visitation or guardianship for the family or Juvenile Court;
 - o. The Mendocino County Victim Offender Reconciliation Program (VORP).
2. Any disclosure or exchange of information authorized by subsection (c) of this rule will be subject to the following conditions:
- a. A request for information exchange of juvenile records must be submitted on [Declaration: Information Exchange of Juvenile Records \(MJV-102\)](#) pursuant to (W&I § 827; California Rules of Court rule 5.552).
 - b. Probation and Family & Children's Services must first establish to the agency's satisfaction that the party requesting the juvenile records is in fact a member of an agency or organization, described in subsection (c) of this rule, or is an individual authorized to receive the information;

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- c. Information identifying the reporting party or source of referral must be redacted prior to disclosure of juvenile records, and must remain confidential as required by law (Penal Code §§ 11167, 11167.5);
 - d. If an agency, person or organization which has received juvenile records pursuant to this rule desires to disclose the information to a third party, it must make a written application to the juvenile court for permission to disclose such information pursuant to W&I § 827 and California Rules of Court rule 5.552;
 - e. Juvenile records obtained pursuant to this rule will be used exclusively in the investigation and/or treatment conducted the agency, organization or person described in subsection (c), and in any juvenile or family court proceedings following the investigation or treatment;
 - f. Nothing in this rule is intended to limit any disclosure of information by an agency which is otherwise required or permitted by law.
3. If Probation or Family & Children's Services receives a request for disclosure of juvenile records which it deems to fall outside the scope of informal disclosure authorized by this rule, the agency must deny the request and refer the requesting party to the provisions of W&I § 827, California Rules of Court rule 5.552, and local rule 5.8.

(Effective 1/1/99; renamed & amended 7/1/05; amended 1/1/07; renumbered 1/1/10; amended 7/1/18; renumbered & amended 1/1/19; renumbered 1/1/22)

5.10 Release of Juvenile Records by Family & Children's Services/Mendocino County Health & Human Services Agency

W&I § 827 limits the inspection and copying of any documents or records contained in the child welfare agency case file to certain authorized individuals unless otherwise ordered by the court. W&I § 830 permits members of a multidisciplinary personnel team engaged in the prevention, identification, management, or treatment of child abuse or neglect to disclose and exchange information and writings to an with one another relating to any incidents of child abuse that may also be part of a juvenile court record or otherwise designated as confidential under state law if the member of the team having that information or writing reasonable believes it is generally relevant to the prevention, identification, management, or treatment of child abuse, or the provision of child welfare services.

Family & Children's Services is contracted with providers listed below in subsection (a) who are engaged in the prevention, identification, management, and treatment of child abuse or neglect and who participate in a multidisciplinary teams which discuss and receive referrals. Family & Children's Services has also contracted with a professional agency for the purpose of providing feedback, coaching, education, and further training to Family & Children's Services in order to enhance the quality of social worker child forensic interviews which requires the review of the

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records listed in subsection (c) to facilitate the coaching and training of social workers in forensic interviewing.

The court finds good cause exists for providing copies of child welfare agency records to individuals and agencies who are not specifically authorized by the W&I sections cited above and that the disclosure of child welfare agency records in these circumstances is not detrimental to the safety, protection, physical, or emotional well-being of children who are subject of the child welfare agency records.

- a. Family & Children's Services are authorized to provide copies of relevant juvenile records to the following agencies:
 1. Differential Response
 2. Center for Innovation and Resources, Inc.
- b. Records which may be produced include, but are not limited to, the following:
 1. Structured Decision-Making Safety Assessment form(s)
 2. Safety Plans
 3. Structured Decision-Making Family Strengths & Needs Assessment(s)
 4. Family & Children's Services Family Team Mapping Notes
 5. Family & Children's Services Case Plan(s)
- c. Any disclosure or exchange of information authorized by subsection (b) of this rule will be subject to the following conditions:
 1. Receiving agencies may not disseminate any documents or information relating to the context of the child welfare agency records to any persons or agencies other than those persons or agencies listed in subsection (a) of this rule.
 2. Written authorization to release information has been obtained from the parent or legal guardian of the child(ren) for whom the child welfare services records will be released
 3. The following language must be placed on each page of the released records: **CONFIDENTIAL: UNLAWFUL RELEASE OR POSSESSION OF THIS INFORMATION IS A MISDEMEANOR**".

(Effective 7/1/18; renumbered 1/1/19; renumbered 1/1/22)

5.11 Medical Issues

a. Order Permitting Health Assessments, and Treatment of Temporarily

Detained Minors: (*Subdivision (a) as amended eff. 7/1/05.*)

In order that children detained by the Probation and Health & Human Services Agency, Family & Children's Services temporary holding facilities (i.e., Children's Shelter, Juvenile Hall, Juvenile Rehabilitation Facilities, Emergency Foster Homes, and alternative shelter programs) receive necessary care of their physical and mental health, and do not endanger the health and welfare of other persons in these facilities, the Mendocino County Community Clinic, and/or the Mendocino County Department of Behavioral Health & Recovery Services, Mental Health Facility are hereby authorized to provide the following services to all such juveniles, which services follow the "Statement of Committee on Adolescence of the American Academy of Pediatrics, Health Care for Children and Adolescence in Detention Centers, Jails, Lock-ups, and other Court Sponsored Residential Facilities":

1. A comprehensive health assessment and physical examination.
2. Any clinical laboratory tests the physician determines are necessary for the evaluation of the child's health status.
3. Upon consent of the adolescent, sexually active adolescents may be screened for venereal disease. Contraceptive devices may be furnished to any juvenile upon the minor's request.
4. Any immunization necessary to bring a child's immunization up to date, if immunization records are unavailable, any immunizations recommended by the American Academy of Pediatrics for that child's age.
5. Any routine medical care required based on the results of the comprehensive health assessment, and any routine medical care required for the care of illness and injury, including the use of standard x-rays. Routine medical care as referred to above includes: (*Subdivision 5(a), (b) and (c) repealed 7/1/05*)
6. A mental health status evaluation and necessary mental health services except no placement in an inpatient psychiatric facility will occur without compliance with W&I §§ 319.1, 635.1 and 5150 et seq.
7. A dental assessment, including x-rays when appropriate, and any routine dental treatment required based on the results of the dental assessment.

- b. At the time of admission to the temporary holding facility all reasonable efforts should be made to obtain the consent of the parent or legal guardian for non-routine medical care while the child is temporarily detained or placed out-of-home. In the event said consent cannot be obtained (e.g. parent or guardian is not available to given consent), the social worker or probation officer must request a court order for any non-routine health care. (*Subdivision (b) effective 7/1/04*)

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- c. **Authorization for Use of Psychotropic Medication (W&I § 369.5):** All requests for authorization for use of psychotropic medication for children who are wards or dependents of the juvenile court must be on Judicial Council of California form, [Application for Psychotropic Medication \(JV-220\)](#), and comply in all respects with W&I § 369.5.

(Effective 1/1/99; amended 7/1/05; renumbered 1/1/10; amended 7/1/18; renumbered 1/1/19; renumbered 1/1/22)

5.12 Inspection of Law Enforcement Holding Facilities

Pursuant to W&I § 209 the juvenile court judge or the Juvenile Justice Commission must conduct an annual inspection of the Juvenile Hall and all law enforcement facilities in Mendocino County, which contain a lockup for adults which, in the preceding year, was used for the secure detention of a minor.

(Effective 1/1/99; renamed & amended 7/1/04; renumbered 1/1/10; renumbered 1/1/18; renumbered 1/1/19; renumbered 1/1/22)

5.13 Motion to Challenge Legal Sufficiency of Dependency Petition

In any dependency proceeding, the court may entertain a legal challenge to the petition's sufficiency by a motion akin to a demurrer. Such a motion may be made in writing or orally but must be made as early in the proceedings as possible.

The court may rule on the motion at the hearing at which it is made or may continue the hearing on the motion to another date in order to receive points and authorities from counsel.

If the court sustains the motion, the court may grant leave to amend the pleadings in the petition upon any terms as may be just and will fix the time within which the amendment or amended petition must be filed within the statutory time for the hearing on jurisdiction. *In re Fred J* (1979) 89 Cal.App.3d 168; Code of Civil Procedure § 472(a).

(Effective 1/1/99; renamed & amended 7/1/04; renumbered 1/1/10; renumbered 1/1/18; renumbered 1/1/19; renumbered 1/1/22)

5.14 Paternity Findings (California Rules of Court Rule 3.822)

- a. **Determination of Issue (W&I § 726.5):** The issue of the paternity of a child may be determined in the context of a juvenile court proceeding. *(Subdivision (a) amended 7/1/04)*
- b. **Necessary Court Measures:** If a person claims to be the natural/biological father of a child who is the subject of juvenile court proceedings, the court may take such measures as are necessary to make a paternity finding.
- c. **Right to Counsel/Legal Responsibilities:** In any paternity proceeding arising under this rule the court must inform the mother and the person claiming to be father of their right to be separately represented by counsel on the issue of paternity. The court must advise the person claiming to be father of his legal

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responsibilities should he be found to be the natural father of the minor, including the obligation to pay child support and the possibility he may be incarcerated if he willfully fails to pay child support after being legally ordered to do so.

- d. **Evidence or Testimony:** The court will permit such evidence to be taken as necessary to determine the paternity of the child. Testimony from the mother and the person claiming to be the natural father may be sufficient to make a paternity finding. If the mother or the person claiming to be father is absent from the court proceeding, evidence in addition to testimony from those in attendance will normally be necessary to enable the court to make a paternity finding.
- e. **Scientific Testing:** The court may order blood or other scientific tests if it believes such tests will assist in making a paternity finding. The court will determine which party or parties must pay for any such test.
- f. **Release of Findings/Need to Know:** Any paternity finding must be noted in the clerk's minutes and will be available to any person or agency having a need to know upon request.

(Effective 1/1/99; renumbered & amended 1/1/07; amended 1/1/09; renumbered 1/1/10; renumbered 1/1/18; renumbered 1/1/19; renumbered 1/1/22)

5.15 Representation of Parties (W&I § 317-318, California Rules of Court rules 5.660 and 5.663)

- a. **General Competency Requirement:** All court-appointed attorneys appearing in juvenile court must meet the minimum standards of competence set forth in W&I § 634.3 and California Rules of Court rule 5.664. Each attorney who wishes to accept appointments in juvenile court must submit a summary of his or her qualifications to practice in juvenile court on Judicial Council of California form [Declaration of Eligibility for Appointment to Represent Youth in Delinquency Court \(JV-700\)](#). The presiding judge of the juvenile court will review the competency form prior to appointing an attorney to represent a party in juvenile court. *(Subdivision (a) effective 7/1/05; amended 7/1/17)*
- b. **Continuing Education:** Each court-appointed attorney who practices before the juvenile dependency court must, pursuant to California Rules of Court rule 5.664, complete within every three (3) year period at least 12 hours of continuing education related to dependency proceedings. A minimum of four (4) hours of training in each three (3) year period must be devoted to issues of domestic violence, sexual abuse of children, and/or substance abuse. *(Subdivision (b) effective 7/1/05; amended 7/1/17)*
- c. **Standards of Representation**
 - 1. Attorneys are expected to meet regularly with clients, including clients who are children, regardless of the age of the child or the child's ability to communicate verbally, to contact social workers, probation officers and other professionals associated with the client's case, to work with other counsel and the court to resolve disputed aspects of a case without

contested hearing, and to adhere to the mandated timelines. The attorney for the child must have sufficient contact with the child to establish and maintain an adequate and professional attorney-client relationship. The attorney for the child is not required to assume the responsibilities of a social worker or probation officer and is not expected to perform services for the child that are unrelated to the child's legal representation.

2. Complaints about Court-Appointed Attorneys

- a. Any Party to a juvenile proceeding may lodge a written complaint with the court concerning the performance of his/her appointed attorney as follows:
 - i. Complaints or questions will initially be referred to that attorney's supervisor within the agency, association or law firm appointed to represent the client.
 - ii. If the issue remains unresolved or if there is no designated agency, association or law firm, the party may submit a written complaint to the court in which the matter is pending on [Complaint about Performance of Court Appointed Attorney \(MJV-101\)](#). The court will conduct a prompt review of the complaint or question. That review may include a hearing in-chambers. The court may take any appropriate action required, including relieving counsel and appointing new counsel and/or holding a formal hearing on the matter.
- b. In the case of a complaint concerning the performance of an attorney appointed to represent a minor, the complaint may be lodged by the child or on the child's behalf by the social worker, a caretaker, a relative, a foster parent, or a child advocate.
- c. **Special duties of Children's Attorneys**
 - i. Unless otherwise specified by the judicial officer hearing a juvenile matter, an attorney appointed to represent a child will serve as the Child Abuse Prevention and Treatment Act ("CAPTA") guardian ad litem for the child as set forth in W&I § 326.5.
 - ii. Independent Investigation. An attorney for a child in a dependency proceeding will make an independent investigation pursuant to W&I § 317(e). If the minor is four (4) years or older, the independent investigation must include an interview with the minor. If the results of said investigation vary from the information in the Social Worker's report the attorney must file a report or declaration prior to the scheduled court hearing summarizing the result of his or her investigation.

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- iii. Access to Children in W&I § 300, Proceedings
 - a. No party or attorney in a dependency proceeding will interview the child about the events relating to the allegations in the petition(s) on file without permission of the child's attorney or court order.
 - b. No party or attorney in a dependency proceeding will cause the minor to undergo a physical, medical or mental health examination or evaluation without court approval. Each party will have the right to notice and to be heard on the person to be selected to perform medical or mental health evaluations other than medical examinations per W&I § 324.5. *(Subdivision (b)(2) amended, merged with subdivision (b)(3) effective 7/1/04.)*
 - c. This rule does not apply to the investigating probation officer or investigating social worker. *(Subdivision (3) renumbered 7/1/05)*
 - d. **Caseloads for Children's Attorneys:** Court appointed attorneys for children must notify the presiding judge of the juvenile court when their caseload exceeds 140 cases (sibling groups will constitute 1 "case" for the purpose of this rule). Upon receiving such notification, the presiding judge of the juvenile court will take steps to assure that the attorney is able to meet minimum standards of attorney performance.

(Effective 1/1/99; renamed 7/1/04; amended 1/1/07; amended eff. 1/1/09; renumbered 1/1/10; renumbered 1/1/18; renumbered 1/1/19; renumbered 1/1/22)

5.16 Modifications of Orders (W&I §§ 386-388, 775-779)

- a. **Previous Order:** Any request order to change, modify or set aside a previous order of the juvenile court must comply with W&I §§ 386-388, 775-779). *(Effective subdivision (c) 1/1/99; renumbered & amended 7/1/04)*
- b. **Decrease in Visitation by Parent/Party:** Any significant decrease from the court-ordered level of a parent's/party's level of visitation must be presented to the affected parent/party for comment before being submitted to the court. The court may set a hearing on the issue after hearing the parent's/party's comment on the proposed reduction. *(Effective subdivision (d) 1/1/99; renumbered & amended 7/1/04)*
- c. **Vacations Out of Mendocino County:** Permission for a dependent or ward's custodian to take the child out of Mendocino County for a vacation may be

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submitted directly to the court for approval. Any attempts to notify the parents must be indicated in the application. *(Effective subdivision (e) 1/1/99; renumbered & amended 7/1/04)*

- d. **New Service Plan Requirements:** Any significant changes or additions to the court ordered Family Reunification or Family Maintenance service plan for parents/guardians must be submitted to the parents and/or their attorney for approval before implementation. A parent who disagrees with the new requirements may request a hearing with the court on the matter. *(Effective subdivision (f) 1/1/99; renumbered & amended 7/1/04)*

(Effective 1/1/99; subdivisions (a) & (b) repealed 7/1/04; renamed 7/1/04; amended 1/1/09; renumbered 1/10/10; renumbered 1/1/18; renumbered 1/1/19; renumbered 1/1/22)

5.17 Creation of a Family Court Order in Juvenile Court

- a. **Petition for Dismissal:** Whenever any interested party believes that juvenile court intervention on behalf of the child is no longer necessary, application may be made to the juvenile court pursuant to W&I § 388 or at any regularly scheduled hearing to have the case dismissed. Thereafter, any future litigation relating to the custody, visitation, and control of the child will be heard in the family court or other appropriate court department.
- b. **Juvenile Court Custodial Order:** If the juvenile court determines that jurisdiction of the juvenile court is no longer necessary for the protection of the child, the court may create a custodial order on Judicial Council form, [Custody Order – Juvenile – Final Judgment \(JV-200\)](#), consistent with the needs of the child and thereafter dismiss the juvenile petition and case (W&I §§ 361.2, 362.4). Any party may object to the proposed dismissal and be heard on the issues. *(Amended 7/1/04; amended 1/1/09)*
- c. **Maintenance of Orders in Court Files**
 - 1. **Juvenile Court:** The original court order must be filed in the family court or civil file and endorsed copies must be filed in the juvenile court file. A copy of the endorsed-filed order must be mailed to the attorneys and parties.
 - 2. **Superior Court:** If no court order exists in the family court or other court division or in any other jurisdiction, the court clerk will create a file under the names of the child's parents. The file will contain a copy of the juvenile court order. There will be no filing fee. W&I § 362.4.

(Effective 1/1/99; renumbered 1/1/10; renumbered 1/1/18; renumbered 1/1/19; renumbered 1/1/22)

5.18 Guardians Ad Litem

- a. **For Children:** All children who are the subject of juvenile court proceedings will have a guardian ad litem appointed to represent them. Unless otherwise stated by

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the court, the child's attorney will serve as the guardian ad litem. (W&I § 326.5).
(Renumbered 7/1/04)

- b. **For Parents:** The court may appoint a guardian ad litem to represent an incompetent parent or guardian whose child is before the juvenile court pursuant to a dependency petition (W&I § 300, et seq.). The parent or guardian will be entitled to a hearing on the issue of whether a guardian ad litem will be appointed.
(Renumbered & amended 7/1/04)
- c. **Notice to Guardian ad Litem, Access to Records, and Rights to Appear:** In all proceedings the guardian ad litem will be given the same notice as any party. The guardian ad litem will have the same access to all records relating to the case as would any party. The guardian ad litem will have the right to appear at all hearings.

(Effective 1/1/99; subdivisions (a)(2) & (3) repealed 7/1/04; subdivisions (c)(2) & (3) combined & renumbered 7/1/04; renumbered & amended 1/1/10; renumbered 1/1/18, renumbered 1/1/19; renumbered 1/1/22)

5.19 Restitution Determination Procedures (W&I §§ 730.6, 742)

- a. In any juvenile delinquency disposition where the Probation Department does not have sufficient information at the time of disposition to make a specific recommendation as to the amount of restitution to the victim that may be ordered pursuant to W&I § 730.6(a)(2)(B), the following procedure will apply:
 - 1. The disposition report prepared by Probation should request that a date be set in approximately 60 days for a restitution hearing.
 - 2. The Probation Department will investigate the matter and prepare a restitution recommendation report that addresses:
 - a. The value of stolen or damaged property;
 - b. Medical expenses;
 - c. Lost wages or profits due to injury;
 - d. Lost wage or profits due to time spent as a witness or assisting the police or District Attorney; and
 - e. The names of any co-responsible persons.
 - 3. The restitution report must be submitted to the court and both counsel at least five (5) days prior to the scheduled hearing. The documentation upon which the Probation Officer relies in making the restitution recommendation must be forwarded with the report to the District Attorney and minor's counsel, but not to the court.

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- b. On the date set for the restitution hearing, the matter will be called on the record in the presence of counsel for both parties. If either the minor or the minor's parent/guardian are not present, counsel for the minor must inform the court whether those persons indicated that they did or did not wish to be present for the hearing.
- c. If the matter is set for an evidentiary hearing after the Probation Department has made a recommendation for a specific amount of restitution, the burden to produce witnesses and the burden of proof by a preponderance of the evidence that the recommended amount is excessive will be on the minor.
- d. After a restitution order is issued by the court, the Probation Officer will notify the victim within 60 days of the following:
 - 1. The name and address of the minor.
 - 2. The amount and terms of restitution ordered.
 - 3. The offenses that were sustained.
 - 4. The name and address of the parent/guardian of the minor.
 - 5. The applicability of Civil Code §§ 1714.1 and 1714.3 regarding joint and several liability of the parent/guardian.
 - 6. Whether the minor's parents received proper notice of the proceedings and potential liability.
 - 7. The victim's right to a certified copy of the order reflecting items (1-6) above.
 - 8. The victim's right to enforce the restitution order as a civil judgment pursuant to W&I § 730.6(r) and Penal Code § 1214.
- e. Thereafter, prior to hearing any motion to modify the restitution order, all parties and the victim must be notified at least 10 days prior to the hearing date, as required by W&I § 730.6(h).

(Effective 7/1/05; renumbered 1/1/10; renumbered 1/1/18; renumbered 1/1/19; renumbered 1/1/22)

5.20 Interviewing Minors Who Are Alleged Victims of Child Abuse

All investigators, agencies, law enforcement personnel, attorneys, and child advocates must attempt to minimize the number of interviews of a child relating to the events surrounding the alleged child abuse. To this end, anyone wishing to learn facts about the alleged incident must first review the comprehensive interview taken by the investigating officer.

(Effective 7/1/05; renumbered 1/1/10; renumbered 1/1/18; renumbered 1/1/19; renumbered 1/1/22)

5.21 Court Appointed Special Advocate Program (CASA)

a. Adoption of CASA Program

1. The court hereby adopts the guidelines for the Court Appointed Special Advocate Program (CASA) as more particularly set forth in W&I §§ 100 through 109, inclusive, and California Rules of Court rule 5.655.
2. The CASA Program must report regularly to the presiding judge of the juvenile court with evidence that it is operating under the guidelines established by the National Court Appointed Special Advocate Association and the California State Guidelines for child advocates.

b. Release of Information to CASA

1. To accomplish the appointment of a CASA, the judge, commissioner or referee making the appointment must sign an order granting the CASA the authority to review specific relevant documents and interview parties involved in the case, as well as other persons having significant information relating to the child, to the same extent as any other officer appointed to investigate proceedings on behalf of the court.
2. The CASA will have the same legal right to records relating to the child he/she is appointed to represent as any case manager (social worker or probation officer) regarding records pertaining to the child held by any agency, school, organization, division or department of the State, physician, surgeon, nurse, other health care provider, psychologist, psychiatrist, mental health provider or law enforcement agency. The CASA must present a copy of his/her appointment order together with his/her identification to provider to gain access to the requested information. No consent from the parent or guardian is necessary for the CASA to have access to any records relating to the child.

c. Right to Timely Notice and Right to Appear

1. Whenever any motion is made, or a supplemental or subsequent petition filed, concerning the child for whom the CASA has been appointed, the moving party must provide the CASA with timely notice.
2. A CASA will have the right to be present and be heard at all court hearings and must not be subject to exclusion by virtue of the fact that he or she may be called to testify at some point in the proceedings. A CASA is not a party to the dependency proceedings. However, the court, at its discretion, will have the authority to grant the CASA *amicus curiae* status, which includes the right to appear with counsel.

d. Calendar Priority: In light of the fact that CASAs are rendering a volunteer service to children and the court, matters on which they appear should be granted priority on the court's calendar whenever possible.

- e. **CASA Reports:** CASA reports will be filed with the court at least three (3) court days prior to the hearing. The CASA program must provide a copy of the report to all counsel of record at least three (3) court days before the hearing.

(Effective 7/1/13; renumbered 1/1/18; renumbered 1/1/19; renumbered 1/1/22)

5.22 Request for Transcript of Confidential Proceeding

Any person who requests a transcript of a confidential juvenile court proceeding for any purpose other than appeal, must submit a completed [Request for Special Transcript and Order \(MJV-300\)](#) to the presiding judge of the juvenile court.

If the applicant requests that the transcript be provided at court expense, a current fee waiver request or other proof of current financial circumstances must be submitted with Form #MJV-300 or have been filed with the court within the preceding three (3) months.

If the applicant requests that the transcript be provided in an expedited manner (within 10 days of the request) justification therefore must be clearly stated in the request.

(Effective 1/1/17; renumbered 1/1/18; renumbered 1/1/19; renumbered 1/1/22)

5.23 Transportation of Prisoners to Juvenile Law Hearings

- a. Except as provided for by law, when the parental rights of any inmate of the Mendocino County Jail are subject to adjudication, the inmate may request to be transported to court by submitting a [Request to be Transported Pursuant to Penal Code 2625 \(MMC-122\)](#).
- b. Persons incarcerated in State Prison, CRC, or the Division of Juvenile Justice, whose parental rights are subject to adjudication, may request to be transported to court by submitting a Judicial Council of California form [Order for Prisoner's Appearance at Hearing Affecting Prisoner's Parental Rights \(JV-450\)](#).

(Effective 7/1/09; amended 1/1/10; amended 1/1/17; renumbered & amended 1/1/19; renumbered 1/1/22)

Chapter 6: Probate Court Rules

6.1 Submission of Matter Without Appearance by Counsel or Witnesses

A matter that by law may be determined by declaration, affidavit or verified pleading and without testimony may ordinarily be submitted for appropriate action by the court without appearance by counsel or witnesses provided that all necessary papers, including declarations and proposed orders must be delivered to the clerk within the time limit prescribed. The proposed orders must bear the date on which the hearing is originally noticed.

- a. All filings of probate matters setting a hearing must be filed no later than 1:30 p.m. four court days before hearing. All filings for a hearing that are presented to the clerk after 1:30 p.m. will be set for the next probate calendar allowing for four (4) court days before the hearing. The clerk will not accept any moving papers setting a hearing date less than four (4) days from the filing date unless a signed court order shortening time is presented along with the moving papers.
- b. Failure of the moving party to appear at a required hearing may result in the matter being dropped from the calendar.
- c. Counsel for the moving party must promptly notify the court when a matter is to be dropped from the calendar.

(Effective 1/1/99; renumbered 1/1/19; renumbered & amended 1/1/22)

6.2 Ex Parte/Emergency Probate Guardianship Orders

- a. Please review local rule 1.10 for general procedures on filing Probate Guardianship *ex parte*/Emergency Order applications.
- b. **Ex Parte/Emergency Orders Disfavored Except Upon Strong Showing of Potential Harm.** It is the policy of this court not to grant *ex parte*/emergency orders in probate guardianship cases without a strong factual showing of grave danger, emergency, or severe detriment to a party or a child prior to the time the issues can be properly set for a noticed hearing with the parties present and afforded an opportunity to be heard. Petitions for temporary legal guardianship of a child must be served upon the proposed ward, if age 12 or older, the parent or parents of the proposed ward, and any person having a valid visitation order with the proposed ward at least five (5) court days prior to the hearing
- c. **Declarations in Support of Ex Parte/Emergency Orders**
 1. All declarations in support of *ex parte*/emergency orders must be based upon personal knowledge of the declarant. The court may decide not to consider the merits of an unsubstantiated declaration based on hearsay and not subject to any recognized hearsay exception in deciding the request for *ex parte*/emergency relief.

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2. All declarations in support of *ex parte*/emergency relief must specifically describe the dates of incidents, provide a detailed factual description of what happened, and identify the specific harm which has been threatened or actually caused. Conclusions, feelings, wishes, or fears will not support a request for *ex parte*/emergency relief.
3. The court must have accurate, complete information before deciding a request for *ex parte*/emergency orders. Parties and attorneys must fully disclose relevant facts in preparing declarations in support of *ex parte*/emergency orders. **YOU MUST DISCLOSE WHETHER THE REQUESTED EX PARTE/EMERGENCY ORDER WILL RESULT IN A CHANGE OF THE STATUS QUO.**

(Effective 7/1/21; renumbered & amended 1/1/22)

Compromise of Claims of Minors and Incompetent Persons

6.3 Compromise of Claims

All petitions and orders for the compromise of claims of minors or incompetent persons pursuant to Probate Code § 3500 and Code of Civil Procedure § 372, must comply with the California Rules of Court and the following:

- a. The petition must contain a full disclosure of all information which has any bearing upon the reasonableness of the compromise and settlement, such as the sums, if any, to be paid to the other claimants in the same case.
- b. In any case in which the court orders the sum received by the minor to be deposited in a financial institution, the order must contain the additional wording, “a certified or endorsed copy of this order shall be delivered to the manager of said financial institution to be deposited, and that there shall be a receipt of said financial institution filed with the clerk of the department in which the compromise was approved, acknowledging receipt of both the sum deposited and said order.”
- c. The receipt of the financial institution must include the name of the account, account number, account type, the initial deposit amount, the amount on deposit as of the date of the receipt, and the date the account was opened. The receipt should acknowledge that, “No withdrawals of principal or interest be made from said account (s) without the written order under this case name and number therefore signed by a judge and bearing the seal of said court. The monies are not the subject of escheat.”
- d. It is the duty of petitioner or their counsel to file the receipt described above with the court no later than 15 days after the order requiring the sum to be deposited in a financial institution.
- e. In any case where the court order was made prior to March 4, 1972, any use of or reference to the words “age of majority,” “adult,” “age of minority,” “minor” or words of similar intent must make reference to persons older or younger than 21

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years of age, consistent with the law then in effect, provided, however, that such orders made prior to March 4, 1972, will be subject to amendment to reflect the new age of majority where such amendment is deemed proper in the discretion of the court. In orders made for compromise on or after March 4, 1972, the age of majority will be 18 years of age.

- f. If no action is pending, or if an action is pending and settlement is reached before trial has commenced, a petition for compromise of the claims of minors or incompetent persons must be filed and heard in the department regularly hearing probate matters. If a petition is presented after trial has commenced, approval of the settlement will be made in the trial department.

(Effective 1/1/99; amended 1/1/00; amended 7/1/08; amended 1/1/09; amended 1/1/10; renumbered 1/1/19; renumbered & amended 1/1/22)

6.4 Attorney's Fees for Compromise

The attorney's fees set forth on an application for approval of compromise of a claim will be considered reasonable under normal circumstances. In computing fees on the basis of the amount of the judgment, special damages allotted to the parents and costs paid or incurred by any attorney must be first deducted.

- a. Settlement without commencement of a court trial, under either Code of Civil Procedure § 372 or Probate Code § 3500: 25 %.
- b. Recovery of judgment or obtaining settlement after court trial has commenced: 33-1/3 %.
- c. Settlement after filing appellant's opening brief on appeal: 40 %.

The foregoing fees will be subject to variation by the court in cases involving unusual circumstances or conditions to meet such circumstances or conditions.

In actions governed by the Medical Injury Compensation Reform Act (MICRA), the fees authorized by this rule may not exceed the amount of fees permitted by 6146(a) of the Business and Professions Code. To the extent the fees permitted by 6146(a) exceed the fees allowed under this rule, the provisions of this rule will prevail.

(Effective 1/1/99; renumbered 1/1/19; renumbered & amended 1/1/22)

6.5 Withdrawal of Funds

- a. It is the duty and the policy of the court to protect the funds of minors and not to allow withdrawals except in very urgent and unusual situations. It is the duty of parents of minors to provide for their support and education. Funds belonging to minors should not ordinarily be used for such purposes. The court will never allow withdrawals for the benefit of parents or any person other than the minor.
- b. Requests for withdrawal of funds deposited for minors and incompetent persons will be allowed upon filing a verified petition or ex parte application which must

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include a showing of the amounts previously withdrawn, the balance on deposit at the time of filing the petition, a justification for the withdrawal (including the reasons why the parents or parent are unable to provide the needed funds) and the attorney's fees, if any, that are requested.

- c. The order will fix such fees and no other fees will be charged. In the absence of unusual circumstances where the attorney for the petitioner was allowed fees at the time of settlement, the court will consider this an incidental service for which payment has been included in the original allowance.
- d. Any order authorizing the withdrawal of funds for the purpose of transferring funds from one financial institution to another must include the language contained in local rule 6.3(b) and provide that the draft of the institution from which the funds are withdrawn must be payable to the financial institution to which the funds are to be transferred for deposit in such a blocked account. A receipt from the financial institution to which the funds are transferred containing the information and language contained in local rule 6.3(c) must be filed with the court.
- e. Applications for withdrawal of sums will be filed and heard in the probate department.

(Effective 1/1/99; renumbered & amended 1/1/19; renumbered & amended 1/1/22)

Chapter 7: Traffic Court Rules

7.1 Traffic Filings

The traffic division of the clerk's office is responsible for all traffic and non-traffic infractions.

(Effective 1/1/99; renumbered 1/1/19)

7.2 Adjudication of Miscellaneous Infraction Matters

- a. Staff in the clerk's office have the authority to take the following actions, at the request of defendants charged with infraction violations, whether or not cases have been transferred to court collections:
 1. Advise defendants of their right to plead not guilty and appear for trial without posting bail and grant bail waivers to defendants who plead not guilty and schedule appearances in contested traffic court.
 2. Accept the posting and forfeiting of bail on infraction violations.
 3. Allow defendants to convert previously ordered community service to fine/bail one time only.
 4. Allow defendants to convert fines to community service and make arrangements to perform community service through Mendo-Lake Alternative Services (MLAS).
 5. In limited circumstances and if the defendant lives within California but outside of Mendocino County, upon payment of an administrative fee to MLAS, authorize a defendant to perform community service that is overseen by a community service agency in the county in which the work is to be performed.
 6. Grant request for a 90-day extension of time from the original due date on the citation to pay or to provide proof of completion of community service, traffic violator school or correction of correctable offense(s).
 7. Accept requests to stay execution of court orders pending the outcome of infraction appeals.
 8. For defendants who previously signed up for traffic violator school and upon payment of \$25 court costs, accept late completion of traffic violator school within 60 days of the date a conviction abstract was sent to the Department of Motor Vehicles (DMV).
 9. For defendants who did not previously sign up for traffic violator school and upon payment of traffic violator school fee and \$25 court costs, accept late completion of traffic violator school within 60 days of the date a conviction abstract was sent to the DMV.

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10. Refer defendants for arraignment, upon request of defendants or their counsel.
 11. Allow defendants to withdraw not guilty plea, enter a plea of guilty and vacate court trial.
 12. Allow defendants to file declarations to request fine reductions, based on a defendant's ability to pay the bail, fines, fees, penalties, or other assessments, even after cases have been referred to County Collections.
 13. For offenses designated as potentially eligible for correction or those offenses specified in Vehicle Code § 40303.5, grant an automatic reduction of the violation amount to \$25 and dismiss the charge if proof of correction is provided in a form authorized by the law.
 14. For violations of Vehicle Code § 12500 or 12951, grant an automatic reduction of the charge amount to \$25 and dismiss the charge if proof of valid driver's license is provided.
 15. For violations of Vehicle Code § 4000(a), grant an automatic reduction of the charge amount to \$25 and dismiss the charge if proof of current registration is provided.
 16. For violations of Vehicle Code § 16028, grant an automatic reduction of the charge amount to \$25 and dismiss the charge if proof of current auto insurance or insurance at the time of the offense is provided.
 17. For violations of Vehicle Code § 40610, grant an automatic reduction of the violation amount to \$25 and dismiss the charge if proof of correction of mechanical violations is provided.
- b. The court will not authorize clerks to grant any of the following requests:
1. Reset contested court trial within 10 calendar days of the scheduled court hearing date.
 2. Reset second or subsequent date for court trial.
 3. Dismissal of charges following a period of "no further violations".
 4. Remand to county jail in lieu of payment of bail or fines and fees.
 5. Accept proof of correction and give refund following bail forfeiture or payment in full of fines and fees.
 6. Grant subsequent extension, following an initial 90-day extension of time to pay or to provide proof of completion of community service or traffic violator school, or proof of correction of correctable offense(s).

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7. Grant subsequent extension, following an extension granted by a judicial officer, of time to pay or to provide proof of completion of community service or traffic violator school or to provide proof of correction of correctable offense(s).
8. Submit an amended abstract to the DMV upon submission of a late traffic violator school certificate if submission is 61 days or greater from the date a conviction abstract was sent to the DMV.
9. Grant traffic violator school or community service following a defendant's failure to appear for a contested traffic trial, where case has been sentenced in abstentia.
10. Grant out of state community service

(Effective 1/1/2020; amended 1/1/21)

7.3 Traffic Violator School

The court may accept a Certificate of Completion of Traffic Violator School to satisfy the requirements to submit a confidential conviction to the DMV to mask the reportable violation(s) from a traffic defendant's public driving record.

In addition to the eligibility criteria established pursuant to California Rules of Court rule 4.104, traffic violator school may be authorized by the clerk without further referral to a judicial officer if the defendant has not attended traffic violator school for a violation that occurred fewer than 18 months prior to the current violation.

An administrative fee must be paid to the court prior to a defendant participating in traffic violator school.

(Effective 1/1/99; renumbered & amended 1/1/07; renumbered 1/1/10; amended 1/1/12; renumbered 1/1/19; amended 1/1/20)

7.4 Trial by Written Declaration

The court adopts the trial by written declaration process defined in Vehicle Code § 40902. Defendants may plead not guilty and submit a completed Judicial Counsel of California form [Request for Trial by Written Declaration \(TR-205\)](#) and any witness statements or other evidence with the full amount of the bail as shown on the defendant's courtesy notice at the time of filing. The court will subpoena the citing officer to submit an officer's statement. The court will rule on the evidence provided and will notify the defendant of the ruling by mail. If the charges are dismissed or if the defendant is found not guilty, the full amount of the bail will be promptly refunded by the court.

(Effective 7/1/12; renumbered 1/1/19; amended 1/1/20)

Chapter 8: Appellate Court Rules

8.1 Assignments

The presiding judge of the court will recommend to the Presiding Judge of the California Supreme Court the assignment of a judge to act as the presiding judge of the appellate division. The presiding judge of the appellate division will recommend judges to serve as members of the appellate division each year.

(Effective 7/1/04; amended 7/1/08; renumbered 1/1/19)

8.2 Regular & Special Sessions

Regular sessions of the appellate division of the court will be held on the third Friday of each calendar month. Motions will be heard at regular sessions, unless otherwise designated by the presiding judge of the appellate division. Special sessions will be set at the discretion of the presiding judge of the appellate division.

(Effective 7/1/04; amended 7/1/08; amended 1/1/18; renumbered 1/1/19)

8.3 Oral Argument

Unless otherwise ordered, counsel for each party will be allowed no more than 15 minutes for oral argument. The appellant or the moving party will have the right to open and close.

(Effective 7/1/04; renumbered 1/1/19)

8.4 Briefs

Each party must file with the clerk of the court an original brief with three (3) copies.

(Effective 1/1/04; renumbered & amended 1/1/07; amended 7/1/08; amended 1/1/10 renumbered 1/1/19)

8.5 Clerk's Transcript on Appeal – Limited Jurisdiction

a. Limited Civil Cases

1. Pursuant to California Rules of Court rule 8.833, the original trial court file may be used instead of a clerk's transcript.
2. This rule does not relieve appellant of his/her duty to comply with California Rules of Court rule 8.831, nor does it eliminate Respondent's right to seek to augment the record, pursuant to California Rules of Court rule 8.832(b)(1).
3. Within 10 calendar days of the filing of Appellant's notice(s) designating the record on appeal, the clerk must mail the appellant a notice that the appellate division elects to use the original trial court file instead of a

Superior Court of California, County of Mendocino

clerk's transcript and an estimate of the cost to prepare the file, including the cost of preparing and sending the index for the use of all parties, pursuant to California Rules of Court rule 8.833(b).

4. Within 10 calendar days after the appellant deposits the cost or the court files an order waiving that cost, the clerk must arrange the entire original limited civil case file in chronological order, number the pages, and attach a chronological index and a list of attorneys of record indicating the parties they represent. The clerk will send copies of the index to counsel of record for each party and to each unrepresented party for use in paginating their files in accordance with the chronological index. If no notice to prepare a reporter's transcript has been filed pursuant to California Rules of Court rule 8.831(b)(5), the clerk will forthwith notify the parties of the briefing schedule. If a notice to prepare a reporter's transcript has been filed, the clerk will wait until that transcript has been filed before notifying the parties and setting the case for settlement of the record and briefing. Upon receipt of briefs, or the expiration of time to file respondent's and/or closing briefs, the clerk will set the appeal for hearing and notify all parties of the hearing date and location.
5. This order will not preclude the parties' rights to proceed pursuant to California Rules of Court rule 8.836 or 8.837.

b. Misdemeanor Cases

1. Pursuant to California Rules of Court rule 8.863, the original trial court file may be used instead of a clerk's transcript.
2. Within 20 calendar days of the filing of the notice of appeal, the clerk will arrange the entire original criminal case file in chronological order, number the pages, and attach a chronological index and a list of attorneys of record indicating the parties they represent. The clerk must send copies of the index to counsel of record for each party and to each unrepresented party for use in paginating their files in accordance with the chronological index.
3. Pursuant to California Rules of Court rule 8.864, the appellant must notify the trial court whether he or she elects to proceed with or without a record of the oral proceedings appellant elects to use. If appellant elects to proceed with a statement on appeal, appellant must follow the rules set forth in California Rules of Court rule 8.869 for obtaining a settled statement.
4. Once the record is settled and filed, the clerk will notify the parties of the briefing schedule. Upon receipt of the briefs, or the expiration of time to file respondent's and/or closing briefs, the clerk will set the appeal for hearing and notify all parties of the hearing date and location.

c. **Infraction Cases**

1. Pursuant to California Rules of Court rule 8.914, the original file may be used instead of a clerk's transcript.
2. Within 20 calendar days of the filing of the notice of appeal, the court file will be arranged in chronological order with the pages numbered. A chronological index and a list of attorneys of record indicating the parties they represent will be prepared and included in the file.
3. Traffic and infraction cases generally do not have a court reporter present, nor is electronic recording employed. Pursuant to California Rules of Court rule 8.915(d), the clerk will notify the Appellant if any portion of the oral proceedings were not reported or recorded or cannot be transcribed. Within 15 days after this notice is mailed by the clerk, Appellant must serve and file a notice stating whether Appellant elects to use a statement on appeal (California Rules of Court rule 8.916) as the record for the portion of the proceedings that was not recorded or cannot be transcribed. (California Rules of Court rule 8.915(d)).
4. Within 10 calendar days after certification of the statement on appeal, a complete copy of the file, including the chronological index and attorney listing will be sent to all parties to the case. The clerk will notify the parties of the briefing schedule. Upon receipt of briefs, or the expiration time to file respondents and/or closing briefs, the clerk will set the appeal for hearing and notify all parties of the hearing date and location.

(Effective 7/1/12; renumbered 1/1/18; renumbered 1/1/19; amended 1/1/20)

8.6 Clerk's Transcript on Appeal – General Jurisdiction

The clerk will transmit the clerk's transcript on appeal to the First District Court of Appeal or the California Supreme Court through an electronic interface with those courts. The clerk will prepare copies of the clerk's transcript for parties to the appeal on USB drive(s) and send such drives via first class mail to the parties.

(Effective 1/1/20)

List of Local Forms (by Name)

Form Name	Form Number	Mandatory/Optional	Eff/Rev Date
Plea in Absentia	MCR-102	Mandatory	7/1/08
Request for Remote Appearance in a Criminal Proceeding	MCR-115	Mandatory	1/1/22
Declaration to Request Postponement of Jail Surrender Date	MCR-220	Mandatory	7/1/19
Decision on Request for Postponement of Jail Surrender Date	MCR-221	Mandatory	7/1/19
Notice of Case Management Conference	MCV-101	Mandatory	1/1/22
Ex Parte Request to Dismiss Restraining Order(s)	MCV-120	Mandatory	1/1/15
Order Granting Ex Parte Request to Dismiss Restraining Order	MCV-121	Mandatory	1/1/15
Exhibit Cover Sheet	MEX-170	Mandatory	1/1/22
Exhibit Cover Sheet – Electronic Media	MEX-175	Mandatory	1/1/22
Exhibit Cover Sheet – Juvenile	MEX-180	Mandatory	1/1/22
Exhibit Cover Sheet – Electronic Media – Juvenile	MEX-185	Mandatory	1/1/22
Request for Trial – Family Law	MFL-143	Mandatory	7/1/09
Order Regarding Application for Continuance of Hearing or Trial – Family Law	MFL-145	Mandatory	1/1/17
Request for Telephone Appearance for Evidentiary Hearing – Family Law	MFL-146	Mandatory	7/1/19
Order re: Request for Telephone Appearance for Court Hearing – Family Law	MFL-147	Mandatory	1/1/17
Request for Telephone Appearance for Family Law Mediation	MFL-148	Mandatory	1/1/17
Order re: Request for Telephonic Appearance for Family Law Mediation	MFL-149	Mandatory	1/1/17
Mandatory Settlement Conference Statement	MFL-153	Optional	1/1/21
Family Mediation Intake	MFL-230	Optional	7/1/09
Notice of Family Law Case Management Conference	MFL-250	Mandatory	1/1/22
Family Law Case Status Report	MFL-251	Mandatory	1/1/17
Family Court Services Client Complaint Form	MFL-270	Optional	1/1/22
Mediation Report	MFL-280	Mandatory	1/5/17
Mediation Report (Guardianship)	MFL-281	Mandatory	1/5/17
Certification of Attorney Competency	MJV-100	Optional	3/1/20
Complaint About Performance of Court Appointed Attorney	MJV-101	Mandatory	1/1/05
Declaration of Informal Exchange of Juvenile Records	MJV-102	Mandatory	1/1/19
Request for Remote Appearance in a Juvenile Proceeding	MJV-115	Mandatory	1/1/22
Request for Telephone Appearance – Juvenile Dependency	MJV-150	Mandatory	3/1/20
Order re: Request for Telephone Appearance – Juvenile Dependency	MJV-151	Mandatory	8/1/20
Request to Calendar – Juvenile	MJV-190	Optional	3/1/20
Request for Special Transcript and Order	MJV-300	Mandatory	1/1/17
Declaration re: Notice Upon Ex Parte Application for Orders	MMC-121	Mandatory	8/1/20
Request to be Transported Pursuant to Penal Code 2625	MMC-122	Mandatory	1/1/17
Order re: Prisoner Transport Pursuant to Penal Code 2625	MMC-123	Mandatory	1/1/17
FL TECO Ex Parte Hearing Notice Information	MMC-130	Optional	3/1/20
Claim Form	MMC-131	Mandatory	1/1/12
Claim Form – Instructions	MMC-131	Optional	1/1/12
Sample Billing	MMC-136	Optional	1/1/09
Request for a Court Reporter	MMC-140	Optional	7/1/21
Interpreter Request Form	MMC-301	Mandatory	8/1/20
Request for Remote Appearance in a Criminal Proceeding	MMC-320	Mandatory	7/1/21
Order for Payment of Guardianship Investigation Fees	MPB-152	Mandatory	3/1/20
Guardianship or Conservatorship Ex Parte Hearing Notice Information	MPB-170	Optional	3/1/20
Traffic Violator School Checklist	MTR-170	Mandatory	3/1/20
Request for Infraction Resolution Alternatives	MTR-200	Mandatory	3/1/20
Request for Infraction Resolution Alternatives	MTR-202	Mandatory	3/1/20
Request for Sentence Modification	MTR-210	Mandatory	3/1/20

List of Local Forms (by Number)

Form Number	Form Name	Mandatory/Optional	Eff/Rev Date
MCR-102	Plea in Absentia	Mandatory	7/1/08
MCR-115	Request for Remote Appearance in a Criminal Proceeding	Mandatory	1/1/22
MCR-220	Declaration to Request Postponement of Jail Surrender Date	Mandatory	7/1/19
MCR-221	Decision on Request for Postponement of Jail Surrender Date	Mandatory	7/1/19
MCV-101	Notice of Case Management Conference	Mandatory	1/1/22
MCV-120	Ex Parte Request to Dismiss Restraining Order(s)	Mandatory	1/1/15
MCV-121	Order Granting Ex Parte Request to Dismiss Restraining Order	Mandatory	1/1/15
MEX-170	Exhibit Cover Sheet	Mandatory	1/1/22
MEX-175	Exhibit Cover Sheet – Electronic Media	Mandatory	1/1/22
MEX-180	Exhibit Cover Sheet – Juvenile	Mandatory	1/1/22
MEX-185	Exhibit Cover Sheet – Electronic Media – Juvenile	Mandatory	1/1/22
MFL-143	Request for Trial – Family Law	Mandatory	7/1/09
MFL-145	Order Regarding Application for Continuance of Hearing or Trial – Family Law	Mandatory	1/1/17
MFL-146	Request for Telephone Appearance for Evidentiary Hearing – Family Law	Mandatory	7/1/19
MFL-147	Order re: Request for Telephone Appearance for Court Hearing – Family Law	Mandatory	1/1/17
MFL-148	Request for Telephone Appearance for Family Law Mediation	Mandatory	1/1/17
MFL-149	Order re: Request for Telephonic Appearance for Family Law Mediation	Mandatory	1/1/17
MFL-153	Mandatory Settlement Conference Statement	Optional	1/1/21
MFL-230	Family Mediation Intake	Optional	7/1/09
MFL-250	Notice of Family Law Case Management Conference	Mandatory	1/1/22
MFL-251	Family Law Case Status Report	Mandatory	1/1/17
MFL-270	Family Court Services Client Complaint Form	Optional	1/1/22
MFL-280	Mediation Report	Mandatory	1/5/17
MFL-281	Mediation Report (Guardianship)	Mandatory	1/5/17
MJV-100	Certification of Attorney Competency	Optional	3/1/20
MJV-101	Complaint About Performance of Court Appointed Attorney	Mandatory	1/1/05
MJV-102	Declaration of Informal Exchange of Juvenile Records	Mandatory	1/1/19
MJV-115	Request for Remote Appearance in a Juvenile Proceeding	Mandatory	1/1/22
MJV-150	Request for Telephone Appearance – Juvenile Dependency	Mandatory	3/1/20
MJV-151	Order re: Request for Telephone Appearance – Juvenile Dependency	Mandatory	8/1/20
MJV-190	Request to Calendar – Juvenile	Optional	3/1/20
MJV-300	Request for Special Transcript and Order	Mandatory	1/1/17
MMC-121	Declaration re: Notice Upon Ex Parte Application for Orders	Mandatory	8/1/20
MMC-122	Request to be Transported Pursuant to Penal Code 2625	Mandatory	1/1/17
MMC-123	Order re: Prisoner Transport Pursuant to Penal Code 2625	Mandatory	1/1/17
MMC-130	FL TECO Ex Parte Hearing Notice Information	Optional	3/1/20
MMC-131	Claim Form	Mandatory	1/1/12
MMC-131	Claim Form – Instructions	Optional	1/1/12
MMC-136	Sample Billing	Optional	1/1/09
MMC-140	Request for a Court Reporter	Optional	7/1/21
MMC-301	Interpreter Request Form	Mandatory	8/1/20
MMC-320	Request for Remote Appearance in a Criminal Proceeding	Mandatory	7/1/21
MPB-152	Order for Payment of Guardianship Investigation Fees	Mandatory	3/1/20
MPB-170	Guardianship or Conservatorship Ex Parte Hearing Notice Information	Optional	3/1/20
MTR-170	Traffic Violator School Checklist	Mandatory	3/1/20
MTR-200	Request for Infraction Resolution Alternatives	Mandatory	3/1/20
MTR-202	Request for Infraction Resolution Alternatives	Mandatory	3/1/20
MTR-210	Request for Sentence Modification	Mandatory	3/1/20

AMENDED FORMS

Superior Court of California, County of Mendocino

ATTORNEY OR PARTY WITHOUT ATTORNEY <i>(Name, State Bar Number and Address)</i> TELEPHONE NO.: _____ FAX NO. <i>(Optional)</i> : _____ E-MAIL ADDRESS <i>(Optional)</i> : _____ ATTORNEY FOR <i>(Name)</i> : _____	<i>For Court Use Only</i>
SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF MENDOCINO	
<input type="checkbox"/> UKIAH Courthouse 100 North State Street Ukiah, CA 95482	<input type="checkbox"/> TEN MILE Branch Court 700 South Franklin Street Fort Bragg, CA 95437
PLAINTIFF: PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA	
DEFENDANT: _____	
<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> <div style="text-align: center;"> REQUEST FOR REMOTE APPEARANCE IN A CRIMINAL PROCEEDING <i>(Notice must be filed with the court by noon two (2) court days before the appearance)</i> </div> <div style="text-align: right;"> CASE NUMBER: _____ </div> </div>	

1. I am the defendant in the above referenced matter. My case is scheduled on _____.

2. I request to appear remotely for the above referenced hearing for the following reason: _____

3. My email address and phone number are:
 Email: _____
 Phone: _____

4. By signing below, I agree to the following:
 - I understand and agree that when appearing remotely, I may not receive assistance from anyone other than counsel, an interpreter or an individual appointed by or approved by the Court.
 - I understand and agree that a remote appearance is the same as an in-person appearance and any actions that occur in the hearing carry the same authority as if all individuals were physically in the courtroom.
 - I understand if I am not connected at the time the Court calls my case, the Court may consider my absence as a failure to appear, may drop the case from calendar, and issue a warrant for my arrest.
 - I understand that the Court may decide to terminate the remote appearing if there is a delay due to disruption, noise, misconduct, a communication problem, a technical problem, other issue or in the interest of justice.
 - I understand that the Court may decide at any time to require a personal appearance and continue the hearing.
 - I understand that, except as provided in California Rules of Court, rule 1.150, court proceedings will not be photographed, recorded or broadcast. Violators can be cited for contempt of court or monetary sanctions can be imposed.

Superior Court of California, County of Mendocino

I declare, under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.

Date: _____

(TYPE OR PRINT NAME)

(SIGNATURE)

FOR COURT USE ONLY

By Judicial Officer: The request for remote appearance is ☐ Approved ☐ Denied:

Date: _____

Judge of the Superior Court

Superior Court of California, County of Mendocino

SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF MENDOCINO <input type="checkbox"/> Ukiah Branch, 100 North State Street, Room 107, Ukiah, CA 95482 <input type="checkbox"/> Ten Mile Branch, 700 South Franklin Street, Room 144, Fort Bragg, CA 95437	FOR COURT USE ONLY
Plaintiff(s) vs. Defendant(s)	CASE NUMBER
NOTICE OF CASE MANAGEMENT CONFERENCE	

TO ALL PARTIES AND THEIR ATTORNEYS OF RECORD:

Notice is given that a Case Management Conference has been scheduled as follows:

Date:	Time:	Department:
--------------	--------------	--------------------

The court will make every effort to ensure that this matter is brought to trial or otherwise disposed timely with just resolution. **All parties must comply with the California Rules of Court.** The court will strictly monitor compliance and can **impose monetary penalties** and/or dismiss a complaint or cross-complaint for repeated failures to comply.

1. You must:
 - a. **Serve** all named defendants and file proofs of service on those defendants with the court within 60 days of the filing of the complaint (CRC § 3.110(b));
 - b. **Give notice** of this conference to any party not included in this notice and file proof of service;
 - c. **Meet and confer**, in person or remotely pursuant to local rule 1.9, to consider each of the issues identified in California Rules of Court § 3.724 no later than **30** calendar days before the date set for the Case Management Conference;
 - d. **File and serve** a completed *Case Management Conference Statement* (use of Judicial Council Form CM-110 is **mandatory**) at least **15** days before the Case Management Conference (CRC § 3.725).
2. You are further ordered to appear in person or remotely pursuant to local rule 1.9 at the Case Management Conference noticed above. You must be thoroughly familiar with the case and fully authorized to proceed.
3. Each party must file a statement before the trial date indicating whether the party requests the presence of an official court reporter. Proceedings of less than one hour in duration will be reported without cost to any party.

☐ Copy given to Cross-complainant

Date:

KIM TURNER, Clerk of the Court

, Deputy Clerk

Superior Court of California, County of Mendocino

<p>SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF MENDOCINO</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Ukiah Branch, 100 North State Street, Room 107, Ukiah, CA 95482</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Ten Mile Branch, 700 South Franklin Street, Room 144, Fort Bragg, CA 95437</p>	<p>FOR COURT USE ONLY</p>
<p style="text-align: center;">Plaintiff,</p> <p>vs.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Defendant.</p>	<p>CASE NUMBER</p>
<p>EXHIBIT COVER SHEET</p>	

I am:

- | | | |
|--|--|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> County Counsel | <input type="checkbox"/> District Attorney | <input type="checkbox"/> Probation |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Attorney for Minor(s) | <input type="checkbox"/> Attorney for Mother | <input type="checkbox"/> Attorney for Father |
| <input type="checkbox"/> ICWA Representative | <input type="checkbox"/> CASA | <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ |

I am submitting the attached documents and/or photographs as exhibits for the hearing on _____ (date) at _____ (time) in Department _____. The exhibits are labeled as stated below and, pursuant to local rule 5.8(c)(5), have been served on all parties a minimum of five (5) business days prior to the stated hearing.

No.	Description of Exhibit

☐ I also submitted directly to the clerk's office on _____ (date) an electronic media exhibit in the form of a ☐ flash drive ☐ CD or DVD ☐ Other: _____ which has been appropriately labeled and transcribed pursuant to local rule 5.8(c)(5).

Date: _____

Print Name	Signature
------------	-----------

Superior Court of California, County of Mendocino

SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF MENDOCINO <input type="checkbox"/> Ukiah Branch, 100 North State Street, Room 107, Ukiah, CA 95482 <input type="checkbox"/> Ten Mile Branch, 700 South Franklin Street, Room 144, Fort Bragg, CA 95437	FOR COURT USE ONLY
<div style="text-align: center; margin-top: 40px;">Plaintiff,</div> <div style="text-align: left; margin-top: 20px;">vs.</div> <div style="text-align: center; margin-top: 20px;">Defendant.</div>	
EXHIBIT COVER SHEET – ELECTRONIC MEDIA	CASE NUMBER:

I am:

- | | | |
|--|--|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> County Counsel | <input type="checkbox"/> District Attorney | <input type="checkbox"/> Probation |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Attorney for Minor(s) | <input type="checkbox"/> Attorney for Mother | <input type="checkbox"/> Attorney for Father |
| <input type="checkbox"/> ICWA Representative | <input type="checkbox"/> CASA | <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ |

I am submitting the attached electronic media in the form of a:

- | | |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> flash drive | <input type="checkbox"/> with transcript |
| <input type="checkbox"/> CD or DVD | <input type="checkbox"/> with transcript |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ | <input type="checkbox"/> with transcript |

as an exhibit for the hearing on _____ (date) at _____ (time) in Department _____.

Pursuant to local rule 5.8(c)(5), the exhibit has been appropriately labeled and transcribed and has been served on all parties a minimum of five (5) business days prior to the stated hearing.

Date: _____

Print Name

Signature

Superior Court of California, County of Mendocino

SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF MENDOCINO <input type="checkbox"/> Ukiah Branch, 100 North State Street, Room 107, Ukiah, CA 95482 <input type="checkbox"/> Ten Mile Branch, 700 South Franklin Street, Room 144, Fort Bragg, CA 95437	FOR COURT USE ONLY
In the matter of: <div style="text-align: center;"> DOB: _____ Minor(s) </div>	
EXHIBIT COVER SHEET (Juvenile)	
	CASE NUMBER _____

I am:

- | | | |
|--|--|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> County Counsel | <input type="checkbox"/> District Attorney | <input type="checkbox"/> Probation |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Attorney for Minor(s) | <input type="checkbox"/> Attorney for Mother | <input type="checkbox"/> Attorney for Father |
| <input type="checkbox"/> ICWA Representative | <input type="checkbox"/> CASA | <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ |

I am submitting the attached documents and/or photographs as exhibits for the hearing on _____ (date) at _____ (time) in Department _____. The exhibits are labeled as stated below and, pursuant to local rules 1.7(a)(5) and 5.8(c)(5), have been served on all parties a minimum of five (5) business days prior to the stated hearing.

No.	Description of Exhibit

☐ I also submitted directly to the clerk's office on _____ (date) an electronic media exhibit in the form of a ☐ flash drive ☐ CD or DVD ☐ Other: _____ which has been appropriately labeled and transcribed pursuant to local rule 5.8(c)(5).

Date: _____

Print Name	Signature
------------	-----------

SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF MENDOCINO <input type="checkbox"/> Ukiah Branch, 100 North State Street, Room 107, Ukiah, CA 95482 <input type="checkbox"/> Ten Mile Branch, 700 South Franklin Street, Room 144, Fort Bragg, CA 95437	FOR COURT USE ONLY
In the matter of: DOB: Minor(s)	
EXHIBIT COVER SHEET – ELECTRONIC MEDIA (Juvenile)	CASE NUMBER:

I am:

- | | | |
|--|--|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> County Counsel | <input type="checkbox"/> District Attorney | <input type="checkbox"/> Probation |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Attorney for Minor(s) | <input type="checkbox"/> Attorney for Mother | <input type="checkbox"/> Attorney for Father |
| <input type="checkbox"/> ICWA Representative | <input type="checkbox"/> CASA | <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ |

I am submitting the attached electronic media in the form of a:

- | | |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> flash drive | <input type="checkbox"/> with transcript |
| <input type="checkbox"/> CD or DVD | <input type="checkbox"/> with transcript |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ | <input type="checkbox"/> with transcript |

as an exhibit for the hearing on _____ (date) at _____ (time) in Department _____.

Pursuant to local rules 1.7(a)(5) and 5.8(c)(5), the exhibit has been appropriately labeled and transcribed and has been served on all parties a minimum of five (5) business days prior to the stated hearing.

Date: _____

Print Name

Signature

SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF MENDOCINO <input type="checkbox"/> Ukiah Branch, 100 North State Street, Room 107, Ukiah, CA 95482 <input type="checkbox"/> Ten Mile Branch, 700 South Franklin Street, Room 144, Fort Bragg, CA 95437	FOR COURT USE ONLY
<div style="border-bottom: 1px solid black; margin-bottom: 10px; text-align: center;"> _____ Petitioner </div> <div style="margin-bottom: 10px;"> VS. </div> <div style="border-bottom: 1px solid black; margin-bottom: 10px; text-align: center;"> _____ Respondent </div>	<div style="border-top: 1px solid black; border-bottom: 1px solid black; height: 20px; margin-bottom: 5px;"></div> CASE NUMBER

NOTICE OF FAMILY LAW CASE MANAGEMENT CONFERENCE

TO ALL PARTIES AND TO THEIR ATTORNEYS OF RECORD:

Notice is given that a Family Law Case Management Conference has been scheduled as follows:

Date:	Time:	Department:
--------------	--------------	--------------------

>> THIS IS NOT YOUR TRIAL DATE <<

Pursuant to California Rule of Court § 5.83, the court will make every effort to ensure that this matter is adjudicated timely with just resolution. **All parties must comply with the California Rules of Court.** The court will strictly monitor compliance and **can impose monetary sanctions and/or dismiss this matter** if the parties do not appear, if the parties do not timely file their Family Law Case Status Report, or if the parties fail to follow the rules set forth.

<p style="text-align: center;"><u>Instructions for the PETITIONER:</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. You must serve the <i>Petition</i> and <i>Summons</i> and a copy of this <i>Notice of Family Law Case Management Conference</i> on the responding party and <i>Proof of Service</i> must be filed promptly with the court. b. If the Respondent <u>does not</u> file a responsive pleading within thirty (30) calendar days after service of the <i>Petition</i>, you must file the necessary documents to obtain the default judgment and finalize your case. The Family Law Case Management Conference hearing stated above will be vacated (canceled) when the default judgment is filed, and you will not have to appear. c. If the Respondent files a responsive pleading within thirty (30) calendar days after service of the petition, you must file and mail to the responding party a completed <i>Family Law Case Status Report</i> (local form MFL-251) at least fifteen (15) days before the Family Law Case Management Conference hearing stated above. You are required to appear at the Family Law Case Management Conference, either in-person or remotely via Zoom (see the court's website for the remote appearance information). 	<p style="text-align: center;"><u>Instructions for the RESPONDENT:</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. You must file your response with the court within thirty (30) days after you are served with the <i>Petition</i> and <i>Summons</i> and serve the Petitioner with a copy of your response. You must file the <i>Proof of Service</i> with the court promptly. If you do not file a response within 30 days, a default may be taken against you. b. You must file and mail to the Petitioner a completed <i>Family Law Case Status Report</i> (local form MFL-251) at least fifteen (15) days before the Family Law Case Management Conference hearing stated above. You are required to appear at the Family Law Case Management Conference, either in-person or remotely via Zoom (see the court's website for the remote appearance information).
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If you need help, you may contact the Self-Help Center at 707-468-2020. Forms can be obtained from the court's website at www.mendocino.courts.ca.gov, the Self-Help Center, or the Superior Court Clerk's Office.

Dated: _____

KIM TURNER, Clerk of the Court

Deputy Clerk

FAMILY COURT SERVICES
CLIENT COMPLAINT FORM
*(Family Mediation, Guardianship Investigation,
Conservatorship Investigation,
Family Law Facilitator)*

Family Court Services staff are committed to helping you make the best decisions regarding your children, family members, and adults in your care. We hope you are satisfied with the services you receive. In the event you are not, you may use the enclosed form to inform us of your complaints. Be sure to notify us of your complaint as early as possible. Your complaint will be responded to promptly.

1. Use of the attached form is the proper way to express your complaint about the way in which Family Court Services handled your Family or Probate Court matters.
2. Upon receipt of your complaint, the Court Executive Officer will:
 - Review your complaint.
 - Talk with the staff who have been involved with your case.
 - Determine whether your complaint is a matter that Family and Probate Court Services can address or a legal matter only the Courts can address.
 - Contact you within ten (10) working days confirming receipt of your complaint, investigate the matter, and contact you in writing within thirty (30) days with the results of the investigation.

You are encouraged to first speak directly with the individuals involved in your complaint in order to try and work things out. Many complaints about mediation, investigation, and facilitation services are a result of misunderstanding or miscommunication. Many of these misunderstandings can be worked out through direct, honest discussion.

To file a complaint please answer the questions on the attached form. Complete the form and return it to: Court Executive Officer, 100 N. State Street, Ukiah, California, 95482. Your complaint will be reviewed thoroughly, and someone will get back to you within ten working days to confirm receipt of the complaint and to describe the next steps.

This image shows a single sheet of white paper with horizontal blue ruling lines. The lines are evenly spaced and run across the width of the page. There are approximately 20 lines visible. The paper has a slight shadow on the right side, suggesting it's resting on a surface.

What would you like to have done as a result of this complaint?

Is your mediation or investigation in progress at this time?

☐ Yes ☐ No

What other information do you think is important for us to know?

Signature

Date

(Unsigned or anonymous complaints cannot be accepted.)

Superior Court of California, County of Mendocino

ATTORNEY OR PARTY WITHOUT ATTORNEY <i>(Name, State Bar Number and Address)</i> TELEPHONE NO.: _____ FAX NO. <i>(Optional)</i> : _____ E-MAIL ADDRESS <i>(Optional)</i> : _____ ATTORNEY FOR <i>(Name)</i> : _____		<i>For Court Use Only</i>
SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF MENDOCINO		
<input type="checkbox"/> UKIAH Courthouse 100 North State Street Ukiah, CA 95482	<input type="checkbox"/> TEN MILE Branch Court 700 South Franklin Street Fort Bragg, CA 95437	
In the Matter of: <div style="text-align: center;">Child(ren).</div>		
REQUEST FOR REMOTE APPEARANCE IN A JUVENILE PROCEEDING <i>(Notice must be filed with the court at least five (5) court days before the appearance)</i>		CASE NUMBER: _____

5. I, _____ *(name)*, am the
☐ parent ☐ other (specify): _____
☐ attorney for (name): _____ in this case.

6. The case is scheduled on _____.

7. I request to appear remotely for the above referenced hearing for the following reason: _____

8. My email address and phone number are:
 Email: _____
 Phone: _____

9. By signing below, I agree to the following:
 - I understand and agree that when appearing remotely, I may not receive assistance from anyone other than counsel, an interpreter or an individual appointed or approved by the Court.
 - I understand and agree that a remote appearance is the same as an in-person appearance and any actions that occur in the hearing carry the same authority as if all individuals were physically in the courtroom.
 - I understand if I am not connected at the time the Court calls my case, the Court may consider it as a failure to appear and the case may be dropped from the calendar and may issue a warrant for my arrest.
 - I understand that the Court may decide to terminate the remote appearance in the interest of justice if there is a delay due to disruption, noise, misconduct, a communication problem, a technical problem, or other issue.
 - I understand that the Court may decide at any time to require a personal appearance and continue the hearing.

Superior Court of California, County of Mendocino

- I understand that, except as provided in California Rules of Court, rule 1.150, court proceedings will not be photographed, recorded or broadcast. Violators can be cited for contempt of court or the Court may order monetary sanctions for any such violations.

I declare, under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.

Date: _____

(TYPE OR PRINT NAME)

(SIGNATURE)

FOR COURT USE ONLY

By Judicial Officer: The request for remote appearance is ☐ Approved ☐ Denied:

Date: _____

Judge of the Superior Court

History Table

Chapter 1: General Court Rules

(Renamed 1/1/19)

GENERAL RULES

1.1 Citation

(Effective 1/1/99; amended 7/1/08; renumbered 1/1/10-~~previously 1.3~~; renumbered 7/1/19-~~previously 1.2~~)

1.1 Adoption of Rules

(Effective 1/1/99; amended 7/1/08; ~~repealed 7/1/19~~)

1.2 Failure to Comply with Local Rules or Orders of the Court

(Effective 1/1/99; amended 1/1/03; renumbered & amended 7/1/08-~~previously 4.13~~; renumbered 1/1/10-~~previously 1.4~~; renumbered 7/1/19-~~previously 1.3~~)

1.2 Repeal of Prior Rules

(Effective 1/1/99; ~~repealed 1/1/10~~)

1.3 Administration of the Courts

(Effective 7/1/19; amended 7/1/21)

1.4 Courtroom Conduct

(Effective 7/1/19)

1.4 Construction and Application

(Effective 1/1/99; ~~repealed 7/1/08~~)

1.4 Compliance Statement

(Effective 1/1/99; renumbered & amended 7/1/08-~~previously 4.10~~; renumbered 1/1/10-~~previously 1.5~~; amended 1/1/19; ~~repealed 7/1/19~~)

1.5 Communication to Court or Jury

(Effective 1/1/99; renumbered 7/1/08; renumbered 1/1/19-~~previously 2.6~~; renumbered & amended 7/1/19-~~previously 1.10~~)

1.5 Definition of Terms

(Effective 1/1/99; ~~repealed 7/1/08~~)

1.5 Amendment and Repeal

(Effective 1/1/99; renumbered & amended 7/1/08-~~previously 1.7~~; ~~repealed 1/1/10~~)

1.5 Location

(Effective 1/1/99; amended 7/1/04; amended 7/1/08; amended 1/1/10; amended 1/1/17; renumbered 1/1/19-~~previously 2.1~~; ~~repealed 7/1/19~~)

1.6 Case Initiation and Assignment

(Effective 1/1/18; renumbered 1/1/19-~~previously 3.1~~; renumbered & amended 7/1/19-~~previously 1.13~~; amended 7/1/21)

1.6 Clerks

(Effective 1/1/99; ~~repealed 7/1/08~~)

1.6 Sessions of the Court

(Effective 1/1/99; amended 7/1/08; renumbered 1/1/19-~~previously 2.2~~; ~~repealed 7/1/19~~)

1.7 Filing of Documents

(Effective 7/1/21; amended 1/1/22)

Superior Court of California, County of Mendocino

- 1.7 Complaints re: Bias of Sexual Harassment
*(Effective 1/1/99; amended 7/1/04; renumbered & amended 7/1/08; renumbered 1/1/19-**previously 2.3; repealed 7/1/19**)*
- 1.7 Filing of Documents
*(Effective 7/1/19; amended 1/1/21; **repealed 7/1/21**)*
- 1.8 Application for Waiver of Court Fees**
(Effective 1/1/20)
- 1.8 Behavior in the Courtrooms
*(Effective 1/1/99; renumbered, renamed & amended 7/1/08; renumbered 1/1/19-**previously 2.4; repealed 7/1/19**)*
- 1.9 Remote Proceedings**
(Effective 7/1/21; amended 1/1/22; amended pursuant to CO-21-05 1/5/22)
- 1.9 Attire
*(Effective 1/1/99; renumbered & amended 7/1/08; renumbered 1/1/19-**previously 2.5; repealed 7/1/19**)*
- 1.9 Court Appearance via Telephone and Video
*(Effective 7/1/19; renumbered 1/1/20-**previously 1.8; amended 1/1/21; repealed 7/1/21**)*
- 1.10 Remote Proceedings in Criminal Matters**
(Effective pursuant to CO-21-05 1/5/22)
- 1.11 Remote Proceedings in Civil Matters**
(Effective pursuant to CO-21-05 1/5/22)
- 1.11 Telephone, Cellular Phones, and Beepers
*(Effective 1/1/99; renumbered 7/1/08; renumbered 1/1/19-**previously 2.7; repealed 7/1/19**)*
- 1.12 Remote Proceedings in Juvenile Dependency Matters**
(Effective pursuant to CO-21-05 1/5/22)
- 1.12 Addressing the Court
*(Effective 1/1/99; renumbered 7/1/08; renumbered 1/1/19-**previously 2.8; repealed 7/1/19**)*
- 1.13 Ex Parte/Emergency Order Applications**
*(Effective 7/1/21; amended 1/1/22; renumbered 1/5/22-**previously 1.10**)*
- 1.14 Obtaining Certified Copies of Exhibits**
*(Effective 7/1/11; renumbered 1/1/18-**previously 3.10; renumbered 1/1/19-
previously 3.5; renumbered & amended 7/1/19-
previously 1.17; renumbered 1/1/20-
previously 1.10; renumbered 7/1/21-
previously 1.10; renumbered 1/5/22-
previously 1.11**)*
- 1.14 Conforming Copies
*(Effective 7/1/11; amended 1/1/13; renumbered 1/1/18-**previously 3.7; renumbered 1/1/19-
previously 3.2; repealed 7/1/19**)*
- 1.15 Return of Exhibits: Civil, Family Law, and Probate**
*(Effective 7/1/11; renumbered 1/1/18-**previously 3.9; renumbered 1/1/19-
previously 3.4; renumbered & amended 7/1/19-
previously 1.16; renumbered 7/1/21-
previously 1.11; renumbered 1/5/22-
previously 1.12**)*
- 1.15 Pre-Paid, Self-Addressed Envelopes Required
*(Effective 7/1/11; renumbered 1/1/18-**previously 3.8; renumbered 1/1/19-
previously 3.3; repealed 7/1/19**)*

1.16 Payment in Coin

*(Effective 7/1/05; amended 7/1/08; renumbered 7/1/11-~~previously 27.2~~;
renumbered 1/1/18-~~previously 27.1~~; renumbered 1/1/19-~~previously 3.7~~;
renumbered 7/1/19-~~previously 1.19~~; renumbered 1/1/20-~~previously 1.11~~;
renumbered 7/1/21-~~previously 1.13~~; renumbered 1/5/22-~~previously 1.13~~)*

JURY RULES

1.17 Prior Jury Service

*(Effective 1/1/99; renumbered 1/1/19-~~previously 21.6~~; renumbered & amended
7/1/19-~~previously 1.31~~; renumbered 1/1/20-~~previously 1.12~~; renumbered 7/1/21-
~~previously 1.13~~; renumbered 1/5/22-~~previously 1.14~~)*

1.18 Failure to Appear for Jury Duty when Summoned

*(Effective 1/1/99; renumbered 1/1/19-~~previously 21.7~~; renumbered & amended
7/1/19-~~previously 1.32~~; renumbered 1/1/20-~~previously 1.13~~; renumbered 7/1/21-
~~previously 1.14~~; renumbered 1/5/22-~~previously 1.15~~)*

1.18 Provision of “Court Copies” for Specified Court Hearings

(Effective 1/1/18; renumbered 1/1/19-~~previously 3.6~~; ~~repealed 7/1/19~~)

COURT REPORTER RULES

1.19 Provision of Court Reporters

*(Effective 1/1/99; amended 7/1/09; amended 1/1/12; amended 7/1/12; amended
1/1/13; renumbered 1/1/19-~~previously 20.1~~; renumbered & amended 7/1/19-
~~previously 1.36~~; renumbered 1/1/20-~~previously 1.14~~; renumbered 7/1/21-
~~previously 1.15~~; renumbered 1/5/22-~~previously 1.16~~)*

1.20 Request for Court Reporter

*(Effective 1/1/99; renumbered 1/1/07; amended 1/1/07; amended 7/1/08;
amended 1/1/07; amended 1/1/09; amended 1/1/12; amended 7/1/12; renumbered
& amended 1/1/19-~~previously 20.2~~; renumbered & amended 7/1/19-~~previously~~
~~1.37~~; renumbered 1/1/20-~~previously 1.15~~; renumbered & amended 7/1/21-
~~previously 1.16~~; renumbered 1/5/22-~~previously 1.17~~)*

1.20 Drop Box – Ukiah

(Effective 1/1/18; renumbered 1/1/19-~~previously 3.8~~; ~~repealed 7/1/19~~)

1.21 Use of Electronic Recording

*(Effective 1/1/13; renumbered 1/1/19-~~previously 20.9~~; renumbered & amended
7/1/19-~~previously 1.38~~; renumbered 1/1/20-~~previously 1.16~~; renumbered 7/1/21-
~~previously 1.17~~; renumbered 1/5/22-~~previously 1.18~~)*

1.21 Facsimile Filing

*(Effective 1/1/99; amended 7/1/04; amended 7/1/08; amended 1/1/10; amended
1/1/12; amended 7/1/16; amended 1/1/17; renumbered 1/1/19-~~previously 11.2~~;
~~repealed 7/1/19~~)*

1.21 Court Interpreters: Criminal and Juvenile Matters

*(Effective 1/1/99; renumbered 1/1/19-~~previously 20.8~~; renumbered & amended
7/1/19-~~previously 1.44~~; renumbered & amended 1/1/20-~~previously 1.20~~; ~~repealed~~
~~1/1/21~~)*

1.22 Electronic Filing of Court Ordered Transcripts

*(Effective 1/1/18; renumbered 1/1/19-~~previously 20.10~~; renumbered & amended
7/1/19-~~previously 1.39~~; renumbered 1/1/20-~~previously 1.17~~; renumbered 7/1/21-
~~previously 1.18~~; renumbered 1/5/22-~~previously 1.19~~)*

- 1.22 Telephonic Appearance
(Effective 1/1/99; amended 1/1/03; amended 7/1/08; amended 7/1/09; amended 1/1/10; amended 1/1/11; amended 1/1/17; renumbered 1/1/19-**previously 11.1; repealed 7/1/19**)

INTERPRETER RULES

1.23 List of Approved Interpreters

(Effective 1/1/99; renumbered 1/1/19-**previously 20.4**; renumbered & amended 7/1/19-**previously 1.40**; renumbered 1/1/20-**previously 1.18**; renumbered 7/1/21-**previously 1.19**; renumbered 1/5/22-**previously 1.20**)

1.23 Emergencies and Evacuations

(Effective 7/1/04; amended 7/1/08; renumbered 1/1/19-**previously Chapter 25; repealed 7/1/19**)

1.24 Request for Interpreters: Civil, Probate, and Family Matters

(Effective 7/1/19; renumbered & amended 1/1/20-**previously 1.19**; amended 1/1/21; renumbered & amended 7/1/21-**previously 1.20**; renumbered 1/5/22-**previously 1.21**)

1.24 Verdict Forms and Interrogatories

(Effective 1/1/99; renumbered 7/1/08-**previously 12.2**; renumbered 1/1/19-**previously 12.1; repealed 7/1/19**)

ATTORNEYS FEES

1.25 Court Appointed Attorneys: Standards of Experience, Allowable Fees, and Expenses

(Effective 1/1/99; amended 7/1/99; amended 1/1/09; amended 1/1/10; renumbered & amended 1/1/19-**previously 19.8**; renumbered & amended 7/1/19-**previously 1.46**; renumbered & amended 1/1/20-**previously 1.21**; renumbered 1/1/21-**previously 1.21**; renumbered 1/5/22-**previously 1.22**)

1.25 Request for Jury Instructions

(Effective 1/1/99; amended 7/1/04; renumbered & amended 1/1/10-**previously 12.3**; renumbered 1/1/19-**previously 12.2; repealed 7/1/19**)

1.26 Attorney's Fees and Representative's Fees for Extraordinary Services in Probate Proceedings or in any Matter Defined in the Probate Code for Which a Statutory Fee is not Established

(Effective 1/1/99; renumbered 1/1/19-**previously 19.4**; renumbered & amended 7/1/19-**previously 1.50**; renumbered 1/1/20-**previously 1.22**; renumbered 1/1/21-**previously 1.23**; renumbered 7/1/21-**previously 1.22**; renumbered 1/5/22-**previously 1.23**)

1.26 Jury Commissioner Duties

(Effective 1/1/99; renumbered 1/1/19-**previously 21.1; repealed 7/1/19**)

GUARDIAN AND CONSERVATOR FEES

1.27 Fees and Commission Fixed by Court Prior to Payment

(Effective 1/1/99; renumbered 1/1/19-**previously 19.7**; renumbered & amended 7/1/19-**previously 1.51**; renumbered 1/1/20-**previously 1.23** renumbered 1/1/21-**previously 1.24**; renumbered 7/1/21-**previously 1.23**; renumbered 1/5/22-**previously 1.24**)

1.27 Jury Services

(Effective 1/1/99; renumbered 1/1/19-**previously 21.2; repealed 7/1/19**)

1.28 Guardians and Conservators Fees

(Effective 1/1/99; renumbered 1/1/19-~~previously 19.5~~; renumbered & amended 7/1/19-~~previously 1.52~~; renumbered 1/1/20-~~previously 1.24~~; renumbered 1/1/21-~~previously 1.25~~; renumbered 7/1/21-~~previously 1.24~~; renumbered 1/5/22-~~previously 1.25~~)

1.28 Court Policy

(Effective 1/1/99; renumbered 1/1/19-~~previously 21.3~~; repealed 7/1/19))

INVESTIGATION AND EXPERT FEES

1.29 Investigation Fees and Expenses

(Effective 7/1/19; renumbered 1/1/20-~~previously 1.25~~; renumbered 1/1/21-~~previously 1.26~~; renumbered 7/1/21-~~previously 1.25~~; renumbered 1/5/22-~~previously 1.26~~)

1.29 Requests to be Excused

(Effective 1/1/99; renumbered 1/1/19-~~previously 21.4~~; repealed 7/1/19)

1.30 Fees in Guardianship or Conservatorship Investigations

(Effective 7/1/16; renumbered 1/1/19-~~previously 19.5.1~~; renumbered & amended 7/1/19-~~previously 1.54~~; renumbered 1/1/20-~~previously 1.26~~; renumbered 1/1/21-~~previously 1.27~~; renumbered 7/1/21-~~previously 1.26~~; renumbered 1/5/22-~~previously 1.27~~)

1.30 Grounds Constituting Undue Hardship

(Effective 1/1/99; renumbered 1/1/19-~~previously 21.5~~; repealed 7/1/19)

1.31 Non-Psychiatric Expert Fees and Expenses

(Effective 1/1/99; renumbered 1/1/19-~~previously 19.10~~; renumbered & amended 7/1/19-~~previously 1.55~~; renumbered 1/1/20-~~previously 1.27~~; renumbered 1/1/21-~~previously 1.28~~; renumbered 7/1/21-~~previously 1.27~~; renumbered 1/5/22-~~previously 1.28~~)

CLAIM FOR PAYMENT

1.32 Claim for Payment

(Effective 7/1/19; renumbered & amended 1/1/20-~~previously 1.28~~; amended 1/1/21-~~previously 1.29~~; renumbered 7/1/21-~~previously 1.28~~; renumbered 1/5/22-~~previously 1.29~~)

MEDIA

1.33 Media Coverage

(Effective 1/1/19; renumbered & amended 7/1/19-~~previously 1.57~~; renumbered 1/1/20-~~previously 1.29~~; renumbered 1/1/21-~~previously 1.30~~; renumbered 7/1/21-~~previously 1.29~~; renumbered 1/5/22-~~previously 1.30~~)

1.33 Releasing Names and Addresses of Jurors

(Effective 1/1/99; renumbered 1/1/19-~~previously 21.8~~; repealed 7/1/19)

1.34 Requests for Photography, Videotaping or Audio Recording

(Effective 1/1/19; renumbered & amended 7/1/19-~~previously 1.58~~; renumbered 1/1/20-~~previously 1.30~~; renumbered 1/1/21-~~previously 1.31~~; renumbered & amended 7/1/21-~~previously 1.30~~; renumbered 1/5/22-~~previously 1.31~~)

1.34 Records Compiled and Maintained

(Effective 1/1/99; renumbered 1/1/19-~~previously 21.9~~; repealed 7/1/19; renumbered 7/1/21-~~previously 1.34~~)

- 1.35 Use of Handheld Electronic Devices; Photography, Videotaping, and Audio Recording Devices**
*(Effective 1/1/19; renumbered & amended 7/1/19-**previously 1.59**; renumbered 1/1/20-**previously 1.31**; renumbered 1/1/21-**previously 1.32**; renumbered & amended 7/1/21-**previously 1.31**; renumbered 1/5/22-**previously 1.32**)*
- 1.35 Jury Panel Composition
*(Effective 7/1/09; amended 1/1/10; amended 1/1/12; renumbered 1/1/19-**previously 21.10**; repealed 7/1/19)*
- 1.36 Prohibited Coverage**
*(Effective 1/1/19; renumbered & amended 7/1/19-**previously 1.60**; renumbered 1/1/20-**previously 1.32**; renumbered 1/1/21-**previously 1.33**; renumbered 7/1/21-**previously 1.32**; renumbered 1/5/22-**previously 1.33**)*
- 1.37 Areas in Court Facilities Where Media Activities are Authorized**
*(Effective 1/1/19; renumbered & amended 7/1/19-**previously 1.61**; renumbered 1/1/20-**previously 1.33**; renumbered 1/1/21-**previously 1.34**; renumbered 7/1/21-**previously 1.33**; renumbered 1/5/22-**previously 1.34**)*
- 1.38 Ceremonial Events**
*(Effective 1/1/19; renumbered & amended 7/1/19-**previously 1.62**; renumbered 1/1/20-**previously 1.34**; renumbered 1/1/21-**previously 1.35**; renumbered 1/5/22-**previously 1.35**)*
- 1.39 Body Worn Cameras**
*(Effective 1/1/19; renumbered & amended 7/1/19-**previously 1.63**; renumbered 1/1/20-**previously 1.35**; renumbered 1/1/21-**previously 1.36**; renumbered 7/1/21-**previously 1.35**; renumbered 1/5/22-**previously 1.36**)*

COURT SECURITY

- 1.40 Court Security**
*(Effective 1/1/20; renumbered 1/1/21- **previously 1.37**; renumbered 7/1/21-**previously 1.36**; renumbered 1/5/22-**previously 1.37**)*
- 1.41 Requests for Interpreters; Deposit of Fees
*(Effective 1/1/99; renumbered 1/1/19-**previously 20.5**; repealed 7/1/19)*
- 1.42 Fee of Interpreter
*(Effective 1/1/99; renumbered 1/1/19-**previously 20.6**; repealed 7/1/19)*
- 1.43 Forfeiture of Deposit Fee
*(Effective 1/1/99; renumbered 1/1/19-**previously 20.7**; repealed 7/1/19)*
- 1.45 Fees
*(Effective 1/1/99; renumbered 1/1/19-**previously 19.6**; repealed 7/1/19)*
- 1.47 Attorney's Fees in Cases Involving Claims of Minors, Insane or Incompetent Persons
*(Effective 1/1/99; amended 1/1/09; renumbered 1/1/19-**previously 19.1**; repealed 7/1/19)*
- 1.48 Attorney's Fees in Actions on Promissory Notes, Contracts Providing for Payment of Attorney's Fees and Foreclosures; Attorney's Fees Schedule
*(Effective 1/1/99; amended 7/1/08; amended 1/1/09; renumbered 1/1/19-**previously 19.2**; repealed 7/1/19)*
- 1.49 Attorney's Fees in Guardianship and Conservatorship Proceedings
*(Effective 1/1/99; amended 1/1/09; renumbered 1/1/19-**previously 19.3**; repealed 7/1/19)*

- 1.56 Claim for Payment
(Effective 1/1/99; amended 7/1/07; amended 1/1/09; renumbered 1/1/19-
previously 19.11; repealed 7/1/19)

Chapter 2: Civil Court Rules

(Renamed 1/1/19)

- 2.1 Case Management Conferences**
(Effective 1/1/13; renumbered 1/1/19-*previously 5.1*; amended 1/1/21; amended 1/1/22)
- 2.2 Continuances**
(Effective 1/1/99; amended 1/1/03; amended 7/1/08; renumbered & amended 1/1/13-*previously 8.1*; renumbered 1/1/19-*previously 5.2*; amended 1/1/21)
- 2.3 The Pretrial Conference**
(Effective 1/1/13; renumbered 1/1/19-*previously 5.3*; amended 1/1/21)
- 2.3 Holidays
(Effective 1/1/99; *repealed 7/1/08*)
- 2.4 Motions**
(Effective 1/1/21)
- 2.4 Presiding Judge and Assistant Presiding Judge
(Effective 1/1/99; amended 1/1/03; *repealed 7/1/08*)
- 2.4 Motions in Limine
(Effective 1/1/13; renumbered 1/1/19-*previously 5.4*; amended 1/1/20; *repealed 1/1/21*)
- 2.5 Exhibits**
(Effective 1/1/13; renumbered 1/1/19-*previously 7.2*; renumbered 1/1/20-*previously 2.19*; renumbered & amended 1/1/21-*previously 2.18*)
- 2.5 Duty to Prevent Bias
(Effective 1/1/99; amended 7/1/04; *repealed 7/1/08*)
- 2.5 Additional Requirements for Pretrial Conference Prior to Civil Jury Trial
(Effective 1/1/13; renumbered 1/1/19-*previously 5.6*; amended 7/1/19; *repealed 1/1/21*)
- 2.6 Tentative Rulings**
(Effective 7/1/12; renumbered & amended 1/1/13-*previously 8.6*; renumbered 1/1/19-*previously 4.3*; renumbered & amended 1/1/21-*previously 2.8*; renumbered & amended 7/1/21-*previously 2.7*)
- 2.6 Gender Neutral Language
(Effective 1/1/99; *repealed 7/1/08*)
- 2.6 Parties Must Meet and Confer Prior to Filing Motion
(Effective 1/1/99; amended 7/1/08; renumbered & amended 1/1/13-*previously 8.2*; amended 7/1/17; renumbered 1/1/19-*previously 4.1*; *repealed 1/1/21*)
- 2.6 *Ex Parte* Applications and Orders: Civil Harassment, Work Place Violence, Elder Abuse, School Violence or Gun Violence Restraining Orders
(Reinstated & amended 1/1/11; amended 1/1/12; renumbered 1/1/13-*previously 8.5*; renumbered & amended 1/1/19-*previously 4.2*; renumbered and amended 1/1/21-*previously 2.7*; *repealed 7/1/21*)

2.7 Mandatory Settlement Conference

*(Effective 1/1/99; renumbered & amended 1/1/07-**previously 222**; renumbered & amended 1/1/08-**previously 3.1380**; amended 1/1/09; amended 1/1/10; renumbered 1/1/19-**previously 6.1**; renumbered & amended 1/1/21-**previously 2.13**; renumbered & amended 7/1/21-**previously 2.8**)*

2.8 Attorney as Witness in Jury Trial

*(Effective 1/1/13; renumbered 1/1/19-**previously 7.3**; renumbered 1/1/20-**previously 2.20**; renumbered 1/1/21-**previously 2.18**; renumbered 7/1/21-**previously 2.9**)*

2.9 Reporting of Law and Motion Matters

*(Effective 1/1/99; renumbered 1/1/13-**previously 8.7**; renumbered & amended 1/1/19-**previously 4.5**; amended 1/1/20; **repealed 1/1/21**)*

2.10 Reliance Upon Authorities Outside of California Official Reports

*(Effective 1/1/99; amended 1/1/07; amended 7/1/13; renumbered 7/1/13-**previously 8.2**; renumbered 1/1/19-**previously 4.5**; **repealed 1/1/21**)*

2.10 CEQA Actions (Public Resources Code § 251000, et seq.)

*(Effective 1/1/21; **repealed 7/1/21**)*

2.11 Motions to Compel Entry of Judgment

*(Effective 1/1/99; renumbered & amended 7/1/08; renumbered 7/1/13-**previously 8.4**; renumbered 1/1/19-**previously 4.6**; **repealed 1/1/21**)*

2.12 Unlawful Detainer – Dismissal

*(Effective 7/1/17; renumbered 1/1/19-**previously 4.7**; **repealed 1/1/21**)*

2.13 Traversing the Well

*(Effective 1/1/99; amended 1/1/03; **repealed 7/1/08**)*

2.14 Duties of Party at Conference

*(Effective 1/1/99; renumbered 7/1/08-**previously 6.4**; renumbered 1/1/19-**previously 6.2**; **repealed 1/1/21**)*

2.15 Examination from Counsel Table

*(Effective 1/1/99; **repealed 7/1/08**)*

2.15 Waiver of Rules

*(Effective 1/1/99; renumbered & amended 7/1/08-**previously 6.6**; renumbered 1/1/19-**previously 6.3**; **repealed 1/1/20**)*

2.15 Telephone Appearance at Mandatory Settlement Conference

*(Effective 1/1/10; renumbered 1/1/19-**previously 6.4**; renumbered 1/1/20-**previously 2.16**; **repealed 1/1/21**)*

2.16 Approaching a Witness

*(Effective 1/1/99; **repealed 7/1/08**)*

2.16 Trial Briefs

*(Effective 1/1/10; renumbered 1/1/19-**previously 6.4**; renumbered 1/1/20-**previously 2.17**; **repealed 1/1/21**)*

2.17 Stand to Object and Argue

*(Effective 1/1/99; **repealed 7/1/08**)*

2.17 Trial Briefs, Motions and Jury Instructions Must be Exchanged at or Prior to Pretrial Conference

*(Effective 1/1/13; renumbered & amended 1/1/19-**previously 7.1**; amended 7/1/19; renumbered 1/1/20-**previously 2.18**; **repealed 1/1/21**)*

2.18 Objections

*(Effective 1/1/99; **repealed 7/1/08**)*

- 2.19 Smoking
(Effective 1/1/99; **repealed 7/1/08**)
- 2.20 Where Filed
(Effective 7/1/00; renumbered 1/1/19-**previously 23.1**; renumbered 1/1/20-**previously 2.21**; **repealed 1/1/21**)
- 2.21 Ordering the Administrative Record
(Effective 7/1/00; renumbered 1/1/19-**previously 23.2**; renumbered 1/1/20-**previously 2.22**; **repealed 1/1/21**)
- 2.22 Mediation
(Effective 7/1/00; renumbered 1/1/19-**previously 23.3**; renumbered 1/1/20-**previously 2.23**; **repealed 1/1/21**)
- 2.23 Preparing the Administrative Record
(Effective 7/1/00; renumbered 1/1/19-**previously 23.4**; renumbered 1/1/20-**previously 2.24**; **repealed 1/1/21**)
- 2.24 Format of the Administrative Record
(Effective 7/1/00; amended 1/1/03; renumbered 1/1/19-**previously 23.5**; renumbered 1/1/20-**previously 2.25**; **repealed 1/1/21**)
- 2.25 Certifying and Lodging the Record
(Effective 7/1/00; amended 1/1/09; renumbered 1/1/19-**previously 23.6**; renumbered 1/1/20-**previously 2.26**; **repealed 1/1/21**)
- 2.26 Disputes
(Effective 7/1/00; renumbered 1/1/19-**previously 23.7**; renumbered 1/1/20-**previously 2.27**; **repealed 1/1/21**)
- 2.27 Notice of Hearing
(Effective 7/1/00; renumbered 1/1/19-**previously 23.8**; renumbered 1/1/20-**previously 2.28**; **repealed 1/1/21**)
- 2.28 Briefing Schedule and Length of Memoranda
(Effective 7/1/00; renumbered & amended 1/1/07-**previously 313(d)**; renumbered 1/1/19-**previously 23.9**; renumbered 1/1/20-**previously 2.29**; **repealed 1/1/21**)
- 2.29 Settlement Meeting
(Effective 7/1/00; renumbered 1/1/19-**previously 23.10**; renumbered 1/1/20-**previously 2.30**; **repealed 1/1/21**)
- 2.30 Trial Notebook
(Effective 7/1/00; renumbered 1/1/19-**previously 23.11**; renumbered 1/1/20-**previously 2.31**; **repealed 1/1/21**)

Chapter 3: Criminal Court Rules

(Renamed 1/1/19)

3.1 Request to Calendar

(Effective 1/1/10; renumbered 1/1/19-**previously 10.8**; renumbered 7/1/19-**previously 3.8**; renumbered & amended 1/1/20-**previously 3.7**)

3.1 Authority of Court Executive Regarding Settings

(Effective 1/1/99; **repealed 7/1/08**)

3.1 Document Filing

(Effective 7/1/09; amended 1/1/10; **repealed 1/1/18**)

3.1 Arraignment

Effective 1/1/99; renumbered 7/1/08-**previously 10.3**; renumbered 1/1/19-**previously 10.1**; **repealed 1/1/20**)

3.2 Motions

(Effective 1/1/20)

3.2 No At Issue Memorandum Civil Cases (ACT)

*(Effective 1/1/99; **repealed 7/1/08**)*

3.2 Case Assignment

*(Effective 7/1/09; amended 1/1/10; amended 1/1/11; amended 1/1/12; **repealed 1/1/18**)*

3.2 Entry of Plea of Guilty or No Contest in Absentia

*(Effective 7/1/08; amended 1/1/17; renumbered 1/1/19-**previously 10.2; repealed 7/1/19**)*

3.2 Motions to Suppress Evidence

*(Effective 1/1/99; amended 1/1/03; renumbered & amended 7/1/08-**previously 10.4; renumbered 1/1/19-previously 10.3; renumbered 7/1/19-previously 3.3; repealed 1/1/20**)*

3.3 Conferences

(Effective 1/1/20)

3.3 Setting Cases for Trial

*(Effective 1/1/99; amended 1/1/03; **repealed 7/1/08**)*

3.3 Discovery

*(Effective 1/1/99; renumbered & amended 7/1/08-**previously 10.5; renumbered 1/1/19-previously 10.4; renumbered & amended 7/1/19-previously 3.4; repealed 1/1/20**)*

3.4 Preliminary Hearing as VOP Hearing

*(Effective 1/1/99; renumbered 7/1/08-**previously 10.8; amended 1/1/10; renumbered 1/1/19-previously 10.6; renumbered 7/1/19-previously 3.6; renumbered 1/1/20-previously 3.5**)*

3.4 Requests for Changes in Trial Dates

*(Effective 1/1/99; **repealed 7/1/08**)*

3.4 Pre-Preliminary Hearing Conference

*(Effective 1/1/99; renumbered & renamed 7/1/08-**previously 10.7; renumbered 1/1/19-previously 10.5; renumbered 7/1/19-previously 3.5; repealed 1/1/20**)*

3.5 Verdict Forms, Special Interrogatories, and Jury Instructions

*(Effective 7/1/19; renumbered 1/1/20-**previously 3.10**)*

3.5 Stipulations Regarding Calendared Matters

*(Effective 1/1/99; **repealed 7/1/08**)*

3.6 Sentencing

*(Effective 1/1/99; renumbered 7/1/08-**previously 10.10; renumbered 1/1/19-previously 10.11; renumbered & amended 1/1/20-previously 3.11**)*

3.6 Ex Parte Applications

*(Effective 1/1/11; **repealed 1/1/12**)*

3.6 Pretrial Motions

*(Effective 1/1/99; amended 7/1/04; amended 1/1/10; renumbered 1/1/19-**previously 10.7; renumbered 7/1/19-previously 3.7; repealed 1/1/20**)*

3.7 Postponement of Surrender Date

*(Effective 7/1/19; renumbered 1/1/20-**previously 3.12**)*

3.8 Fee for Petition to Dismiss or Reduce Charges

*(Effective 1/1/18; renumbered 1/1/19-**previously 10.12; renumbered 7/1/19-previously 3.12; renumbered & amended 1/1/20-previously 3.13; renamed & amended 1/1/21**)*

- 3.8 Pretrial Conference
(Effective 1/1/99; renumbered 7/1/08-**previously 10.10**; renumbered 1/1/19-**previously 10.9**; renumbered 7/1/19-**previously 3.9**; **repealed 1/1/20**)
- 3.9 Community Service/Conversion of Fees and Fines**
(Effective 1/1/19; renumbered & amended 7/1/19-**previously 3.13**; renumbered 1/1/20-**previously 3.14**)
- 3.9 Motions in Limine
(Effective 7/1/08; renumbered 1/1/19-**previously 10.10**; renumbered & amended 7/1/19-**previously 3.10**; **repealed 1/1/20**)
- 3.10 Termination of Criminal Protective Orders Issued**
(Effective 7/1/19; renumbered 1/1/20-**previously 3.15**)
- 3.11 Search Warrant**
(Effective 1/1/20)

Chapter 4: Family Court Rules

(Renamed 1/1/19)

- 4.1 Scope**
(Effective 1/1/17; renumbered 1/1/19-**previously 15.1**)
 - 4.1 Objectives
(Effective 1/1/99; **repealed 7/1/08**)
 - 4.1 Designation Statement
(Effective 1/1/99; **repealed 1/1/13**)
- 4.2 Assistance for Self-Represented Litigants**
(Effective 1/1/17; renumbered 1/1/19-**previously 15.2**; amended 1/1/22)
 - 4.2 ACT Civil Case Management Rules
(Effective 1/1/99; **repealed 7/1/08**)
 - 4.2 Arbitration and Alternative Dispute Resolution
(Effective 1/1/99; **repealed 1/1/13**)
- 4.3 Family Law Facilitator Complaint Procedure**
(Effective 7/1/19; amended 7/1/21; amended 1/1/22)
 - 4.3 Disposition
(Effective 1/1/99; **repealed 7/1/08**)
- 4.4 Family Law Facilitator Disqualification Procedure**
(Effective 7/1/19; amended 1/1/22)
 - 4.4 Service of Process/Filing of Responsive Pleadings
(Effective 1/1/99; **repealed 7/1/08**)
- 4.5 Family Law Case Management**
(Effective 1/1/17; renumbered 1/1/19-**previously 15.3**; renumbered & amended 7/1/19-**previously 4.3**; amended 7/1/21; amended 1/1/22)
 - 4.5 Case Management
(Effective 1/1/99; **repealed 7/1/08**)
- 4.6 Requests for Orders**
(Effective 1/1/17; amended 7/1/18; renumbered & amended-**previously 15.4**; renumbered & amended 7/1/19-**previously 4.4**; amended 1/1/20; amended 7/1/21)
 - 4.6 Designation Statement
(Effective 1/1/99; **repealed 7/1/08**)
- 4.7 Ex Parte/Emergency Family Law Orders**
(Effective 7/1/21)

- 4.7 Short Cause Civil Cases
(Effective 1/1/99; **repealed 7/1/08**)
- 4.7 Ex Parte/Emergency Family Law Orders
(Effective 7/1/18; renumbered & amended 1/1/19-**previously 15.5**; renumbered 7/1/19-**previously 4.5**; amended 1/1/21; **repealed 7/1/21**)
- 4.8 Supervised Visitation**
(Effective 7/1/21)
- 4.8 Arbitration and Alternative Dispute Resolution
(Effective 1/1/99; **repealed 1/1/13**)
- 4.8 Party Requesting Domestic Violence Restraining Order Must Appear at Domestic Violence Restraining Order Hearing
(Effective 7/1/17; renumbered 7/1/18 **previously 15.10**; renumbered 1/1/19-**previously 15.5.5**; renumbered 7/1/19-**previously 4.6**; **repealed 7/1/21**)
- 4.9 Child Custody and Visitation**
(Effective 1/1/17; renumbered & amended 1/1/19-**previously 15.6**; renumbered & amended 7/1/19-**previously 4.7**; amended 1/1/20; amended 7/1/21; amended 1/1/22)
- 4.9 Settlement Conference
(Effective 1/1/99; **repealed 7/1/08**)
- 4.10 Default or Uncontested Judgments**
(Effective 1/1/17; renumbered 1/1/19-**previously 15.7**; renumbered 7/1/19-**previously 4.8**)
- 4.10 Attorney's Compliance Statement
(Effective 1/1/99; **repealed 1/1/13**)
- 4.11 Family Law Trials**
(Effective 1/1/17; renumbered & amended 1/1/19-**previously 15.8**; renumbered & amended 7/1/19-**previously 4.9**; amended 1/1/20; amended 7/1/21)
- 4.11 Notice of Settlement or Stay
(Effective 1/1/99; **repealed 7/1/08**)
- 4.12 Mandatory Settlement Conference**
(Effective 1/1/17; renumbered & amended 1/1/19-**previously 15.9**; renumbered & amended 7/1/19-**previously 4.10**)
- 4.12 Trial Setting, Settlement Conference and Pretrial Conferences
(Effective 1/1/99; **repealed 7/1/08**)
- 4.13 Transportation of Prisoners to Family Law Hearings**
(Effective 7/1/09; amended 1/1/10; amended 1/1/17; renumbered & amended 1/1/19-**previously 11.2**; renumbered 7/1/19-**previously 4.11**)
- 4.13 Failure to Comply with Local Rules or Order of the Court
(Effective 1/1/99; **repealed 7/1/08**)

Chapter 5: Juvenile Court Rules

(Renamed 1/1/19; introduction amended 1/1/22)

- 5.1 Judicial Administration**
(Effective 1/1/99; renumbered 1/1/19-**previously 16.1**)
- 5.1 The Pretrial Conference
(Effective 1/1/99; **repealed 1/1/13**)
- 5.2 Noticed Motions and Requests to Place Matter on Calendar**
(Effective 1/1/99; amended 7/1/04; renumbered 1/1/19-**previously 16.2**)

- 5.2 Pretrial Statements
(Effective 1/1/99; *repealed 1/1/13*)
- 5.3 **Pre-hearing Discovery**
(Effective 1/1/99; amended 7/1/04; renumbered 1/1/07-*previously 1620*; amended 1/1/07; renumbered 1/1/10-*previously 3.850*; amended 1/1/17; renumbered & amended 1/1/19-*previously 16.3*)
- 5.3 Form and Contents of Pretrial Statement
(Effective 1/1/99; *repealed 1/1/13*)
- 5.4 **Ex Parte Orders**
(Effective 1/1/99; amended 7/1/07; renumbered 1/1/19-*previously 16.4*)
- 5.4 Pretrial Order
(Effective – 1/1/99; *repealed 1/1/13*)
- 5.5 **Attendance at Hearings (California Rules of Court rule 1610)**
(Effective 1/1/99; amended 7/1/05; renumbered 1/1/19-*previously 16.5*)
- 5.5 Objections to Proposed Testimony and Exhibits
(Effective 1/1/99; *repealed 1/1/13*)
- 5.6 **Pretrial Conference (No Statute) (No Court Rule)**
(Effective 1/1/199; amended 7/1/04; renumbered 1/1/19-*previously 16.6*)
- 5.7 **Access to Courtroom by Non-Parties (W&I 345, 346, 676)**
(Effective 1/1/99; amended 7/1/04; renumbered 1/1/19-*previously 16.7*)
- 5.8 **Remote Appearance Policy for Juvenile Dependency Proceedings**
(Effective 1/1/22)
- 5.9 **Informal Exchange of Juvenile Records**
(Effective 1/1/99; renamed & amended 7/1/05; amended eff. 1/1/07; renumbered 1/1/10-*previously 16.10*; amended 7/1/18; renumbered & amended 1/1/19-*previously 16.8*; renumbered 1/1/22-*previously 5.8*)
- 5.10 **Release of Juvenile Records by Family & Children’s Services/Mendocino County Health & Human Services Agency**
(Effective 7/1/18; renumbered 1/1/19-*previously 16.8.5*; renumbered 1/1/22-*previously 5.9*)
- 5.11 **Medical Issues**
(Effective 1/1/99; amended 7/1/05; renumbered 1/1/10-*previously 16.11*; amended 7/1/18; renumbered 1/1/19-*previously 16.9*; renumbered 1/1/22-*previously 5.10*)
- 5.12 **Inspection of Law Enforcement Holding Facilities**
(Effective 1/1/99; renamed & amended 7/1/04; renumbered 1/1/10-*previously 16.14*; renumbered 1/1/18-*previously 16.12*; renumbered 1/1/19-*previously 15.11*; renumbered 1/1/22-*previously 5.11*)
- 5.13 **Motion to Challenge Legal Sufficiency of Dependence Petition**
(Effective 1/1/99; renamed 7/1/04; renumbered 1/1/10-*previously 16.16*; renumbered 1/1/18-*previously 16.14*; renumbered 1/1/19-*previously 16.11*; renumbered 1/1/22-*previously 5.12*)
- 5.14 **Paternity Findings (California Rules of Court rule 3.822)**
(Effective 1/1/99; renumbered & amended 1/1/07; amended 1/1/09; renumbered 1/1/10-*previously 16.18*; renumbered 1/1/18-*previously 16.16*; renumbered 1/1/19-*previously 16.12*; renumbered 1/1/22-*previously 5.13*)

- 5.15 Representation of Parties (W&I 317-318, California Rules of Court rules 5.660 and 5.663)**
(Effective 1/1/99; renamed 7/1/04; amended 1/1/07; amended 1/1/09; renumbered 1/1/10-~~previously 16.19~~; renumbered 1/1/18-~~previously 16.17~~; renumbered 1/1/19-~~previously 16.13~~; renumbered 1/1/22-~~previously 5.14~~)
- 5.16 Modifications of Orders (W&I 386-388, 775-779)**
(Effective 1/1/99; subdivisions (a) & (b) repealed 7/1/04; renamed 7/1/04; amended 1/1/07; amended 1/1/09; renumbered 1/1/10 -~~previously 16.20~~; renumbered 1/1/18-~~previously 16.18~~; renumbered 1/1/19-~~previously 16.14~~; renumbered 1/1/22-~~previously 5.15~~)
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- 5.18 Guardians Ad Litem**
(Effective 1/1/99; subdivisions (a)(2) & (3) repealed 7/1/04; subdivisions (c)(2) & (3) combined & renumbered 7/1/04; amended 1/1/10; renumbered 1/1/10 -~~previously 16.22~~; renumbered 1/1/18-~~previously 16.20~~; renumbered 1/1/19-~~previously 16.16~~; renumbered 1/1/22-~~previously 5.17~~)
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